

Being effective team player

Patient Safety Lecture no. 4







Understand the importance of teamwork in health care



Know how to be an effective team player



Identify teams types and nature



Differentiate between the stages of team development



Assess the successful teams



Utilize different tools to promote communication and performance of the team

This lecture was presented by Khalifa bin Khamis

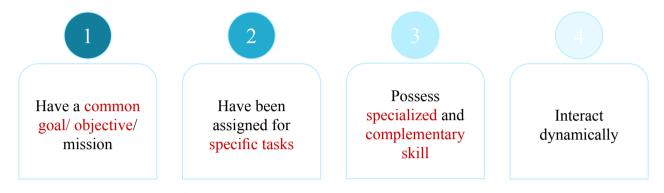
For the required reading from Blackboard click here





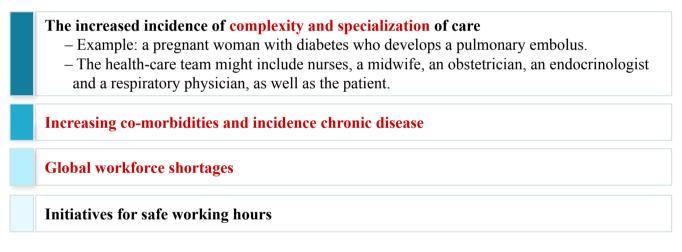
What is a team ?

O A team is a group of two or more individuals (have limited lifespan of membership) who:



Why teamwork is an essential element of patient safety ?

O The importance of effective teams in health care is increasing due to factors such as:

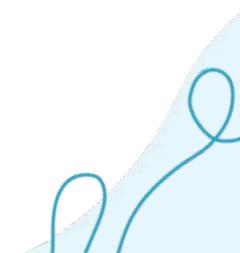


What are the benefits of working as a team ?

Organizational benefits	Team benefits	Patient benefits	Benefits to team Members
 Reduced hospitalization time and costs Reduced unanticipated Admissions Better accessibility for patients 	 Improved coordination of care Efficient use of healthcare services Enhanced communication & professional diversity 	 Enhanced satisfaction with care Acceptance of treatment Improved health outcomes & quality of care Reduced medical errors 	 Enhanced job satisfaction Greater role clarity Enhanced wellbeing

Teams Found in Healthcare

Core Teams	 Core teams consist of team leaders and members who are directly involved in caring for the patient. Include direct care providers such as nurses, pharmacists, doctors, dentists, assistants and, of course, the patient.
Coordinating Teams	 Is the group responsible for day-to-day operational management, coordination functions and resource management for core teams. Nurses often fill such coordinatingThis depends on the facility-
Contingency Teams	Contingency teams are formed for emergent or specific events (e.g. cardiac arrest teams, disaster response teams, rapid response e teams) "Code Blue"
Ancillary Services	 Ancillary service teams consist of individuals who provide direct, task-specific, time-limited care to patients or support services that facilitate patient care. Such as radiologist, pharmacist They are an important team and they work in the background
Support Services	 Support services teams consist of individuals who provide indirect, task-specific services in a health-care facility Such as Transportation team, security team, cleaners team.
Administration	Administration includes the executive leadership of a unit or facility and has 24-hour accountability for the overall function and management of the organization.





Stages of Team Development

Forming Stage:	 Initial stage when the team is formed and the members are coming together for the first time. A best candidate should be selected to form a dynamic team, but a flexibility should be adopted in selection process. The skills of the members should match the team task & goals. Voluntary team membership seems to work best when given as a choice In the forming stage, it's ideal to have 6 team members. But in healthcare you can choose the number of members and that depends on the resources.
Storming Stage:	 Each member tend to rely on his/her own experience. Resistance to work together openly. Hesitate to express new ideas and opinions. Interpersonal disagreement and conflicts. Personal goals rather than team goal The storming stage happens a lot, and it takes time to get to the norming stage
Norming Stage:	 Start to know each other. Start to accept each others ideas and opinions. Understand the strengths and weaknesses of the team. Members become friendly to each other. Work together to overcome personal disagreement. Share responsibilities and help each other.
	 Members are satisfied with the team progress. Members are capable to deal with any task based on their strength and weaknesses. Work together to achieve the team goals.



How to Move From Storming to Norming Stage?



O Characteristics Of Successful Teams

Measurable Goals	Teams set goals that are measurable and focused on the team's task.
Mutual Respect	Effective teams have members who respect each others talents and beliefs, in addition to their professional contributions.
Common Purpose	Team members generate a common and clearly defined purpose that includes: collective interests and demonstrates shared ownership.
Good Cohesion	Cohesive teams have a unique and identifiable team spirit and commitment and have greater longevity as team members want to continue working together.
Effective Leadership	 Teams require effective leadership that set and maintain structures, manage conflict, listen to members and trust and support members. Effective leadership is a key characteristic of an effective team.
Effective Communication	 The following strategies can assist team members in sharing information accurately: SBAR * Situation: What is going on with the patient? * Background: What is the clinical background or context? * Assessment: What do I think the problem is? * Recommendation: What would I do to correct it?

O Challenges to Effective Teamwork

Changing Roles	In many healthcare environments there is considerable change and overlap in the roles played by different healthcare professionals.
	The nature of healthcare is changing in many ways, including increased
Changing Settings	delivery of care for chronic conditions in community care settings and the transfer of many surgical procedures to outpatient centers.
Healthcare Hierarchies	Healthcare is strongly hierarchical in nature, which can be counterproductive to well functioning and effective teams where all members' views should be considered.
Individualistic Nature of Healthcare	Many healthcare professions, such as nursing, dentistry and medicine, are based on the autonomous one-to-one relationship between the provider and patient.



Conclusion

- O The effective teamwork in healthcare delivery can have an immediate and positive impact on patient safety.
- O The teamwork can have benefits for the individual practitioners in the team and the team as a whole, as well as the organization.
- O The effective teamwork is essential for minimizing adverse events caused by miscommunication, associated with improved and reduced medical errors.
- The characteristics of the effective team are: Common purpose, Measurable goals, Effective leadership (the key element), Effective communication.
- SBAR, Call-out, Check-back are strategies can assist team members in accurately sharing information.



Team Leaders

Aroub Almahmoud

Remaz Almahmoud

Lama Almutairi

Team Members

Farah Abukhalaf

Aljoharah Alkhalifah

Aleen Alkulyah

Aryam Almsari

Mohammed Alqutub

😤 Aishah Boureggah

Sultan Albaqami

Lama Alrushid

Haya Alzeer

Nazmi M Alqutub

Nazmi A Alqutub

Areej Alquraini

Moath Alhudaif

Rahaf Alshowihi

Sarah Alshahrani

Raghad Alqhatani

Lama Alotaibi

Sarah Alajaji

Faris Alzahrani



Patientsafety.team443@gmail.com