# Biochemistry 1<sup>st</sup> Quiz 1429-1430H (First Semester)

#### **Q1.** Elastin is:

- a) The most abundant protein in human body.
- b) A globular protein.
- c) A rigid protein.
- d) Present in bones.
- e) Contains no hydroxylysine.
- **Q2.** Which of the following statements regarding proteins in <u>incorrect</u>:
  - a) Chaperones are important for protein folding.
  - b) Denaturaion of proteins does not result in hydrolysis of peptide bonds.
  - c) In aqueous solutions the surface of proteins is rich in non polar amino acids.
  - d) Cysteine is important for disulfide bond formation.
  - e) Domains are small compact structures present in globular proteins.

#### **Q3.** In Alzheimer disease:

- a) It is a heritable disease.
- b) It is due to accumulation of denatured proteins.
- c) The accumulated proteins are infectious.
- <u>d)</u> There is aggregates of fibrils of β-pleated sheets conformation.
- e) The abnormal proteins act as a template for converting the normal protein.

### **Q4.** As regards homotropic effectors:

- a) The effectors are different from the substrate.
- b) They bind by covalent bond to the enzyme.
- c) They cause feed back inhibition.
- d) Binding of the effectors exhibit cooperativity.
- e) They change the specificity of the enzyme to the substrate.
- **Q5.** Which one of the following amino acid is sulfur containing:
  - a) Glycine
  - b) Serine
  - c) Cystine
  - d) Aspartic acid
  - e) Arginine
- **Q6.** What is the pH range at which a weak acid with a pKa = 5, will act as a buffer:
  - a) 2-4.
  - b) 4-6.
  - c) 6-8.
  - d) 8-10.
  - e) 10-12.

## **Q7.** In competitive inhibition:

- a) Inhibitors bind to enzyme-substrate (ES) complex.
- b) Inhibitors are irreversibly bound to the active site of the enzyme.

<ul><li>c) Vmax is decreased.</li><li>d) Km is increased.</li><li>e) There is increased affinity to the substrate.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Q8. All of the following statements regarding a prosthetic group are true, <u>EXCEPT</u>: <ul> <li>a) They return to their original form, unchanged, at the end of the reaction.</li> <li>b) They are non protein part of the holoenzymes.</li> <li>c) They may be derived from vitamins.</li> <li>d) They are organic molecules.</li> <li>e) They are loosely bound to the enzyme.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Q9. C4 epimer of glucose is:  a) Fructose. b) Mannose. c) Erythrose. d) Galactose. e) Ribose.
<b>Q10.</b> The glycosidic linkage in glycogrn are:  a) $\alpha$ -1,4 and $\alpha$ -1,6. b) $\beta$ -1,4 and $\beta$ -1,6. c) $\beta$ -1,4 and $\alpha$ -1,6. d) $\alpha$ -1,4 and $\beta$ -1,2. e) $\beta$ -1,4 and $\alpha$ -1,2.
Q11-15. True or False:a. The peptide bond is a cis bond.[F]b. Alanine aminotransferase (ALT) is a specific marker for possible damge of the liver.[T]c. Extreme temperature causes denaturation of enzymes.[F]d. At pH less than 2, tryptophan will carry a net zero charge.[F]e. In humans, dietary cellulose is digested by β-endoglucosidase.[F]