

# BIO TEAM 429

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

**MUSCULOSKELETAL BLOCK**

**CREATINE METABOLISM**

إعداد الطالبات

بدور آل قدره - ساره بن حسين - رهام المناكي

ساره محاسن - ألاء الأحمري

## ❖ Creatine Biosynthesis:

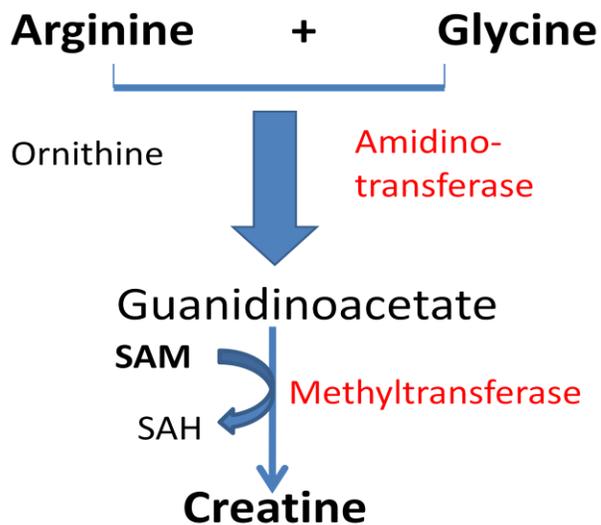
➤ **Three amino acids are required :**

- 1) **Glycine**
- 2) **Arginine**
- 3) **Methionine**  
(as S-adenosylmethionine)

➤ **Organs involved :**

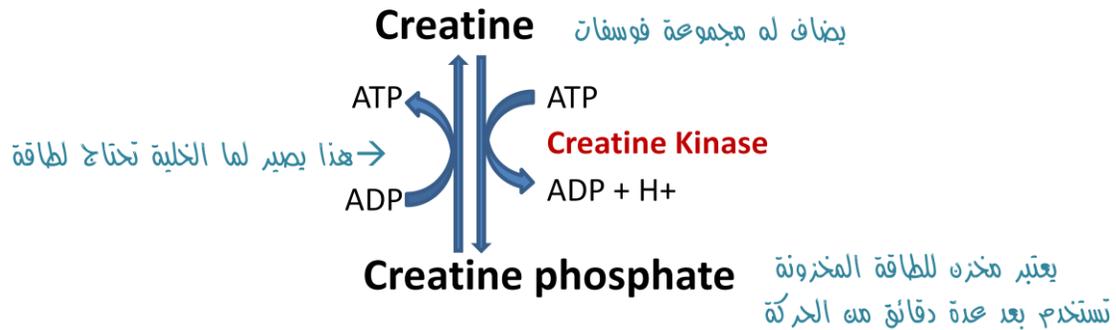
Step 1: **Kidneys**

Step 2: **Liver**



## ❖ Distribution of body creatine:

- ✓ 98% are present in **skeletal** and **heart muscles**
- ✓ In Muscle, gets **converted to** the high energy source creatine phosphate (phosphocreatine)



↑ muscle → ↑ creatine

### ❖ Creatine Phosphate:

- Is a **high-energy** phosphate compound
- Acts as a storage form of energy in the muscle
- Provides a **small but, ready source** of energy during **first few minutes** of intense muscular contraction

The amount of creatine phosphate in the body is proportional to the muscle mass

### ❖ ATP, the Currency of Free Energy:

- **Muscle contraction**
  - ATP stored in muscle can sustain activity for **< 1 sec**
  - Creatine phosphate also stored in muscle
  - Creatine phosphate then **transfers** a phosphoryl group to ADP, **catalyzed by** creatine kinase
  - Creatine phosphate + ADP ↔ ATP + creatine
  - Creatine phosphate **major source** of ATP regeneration for next several seconds

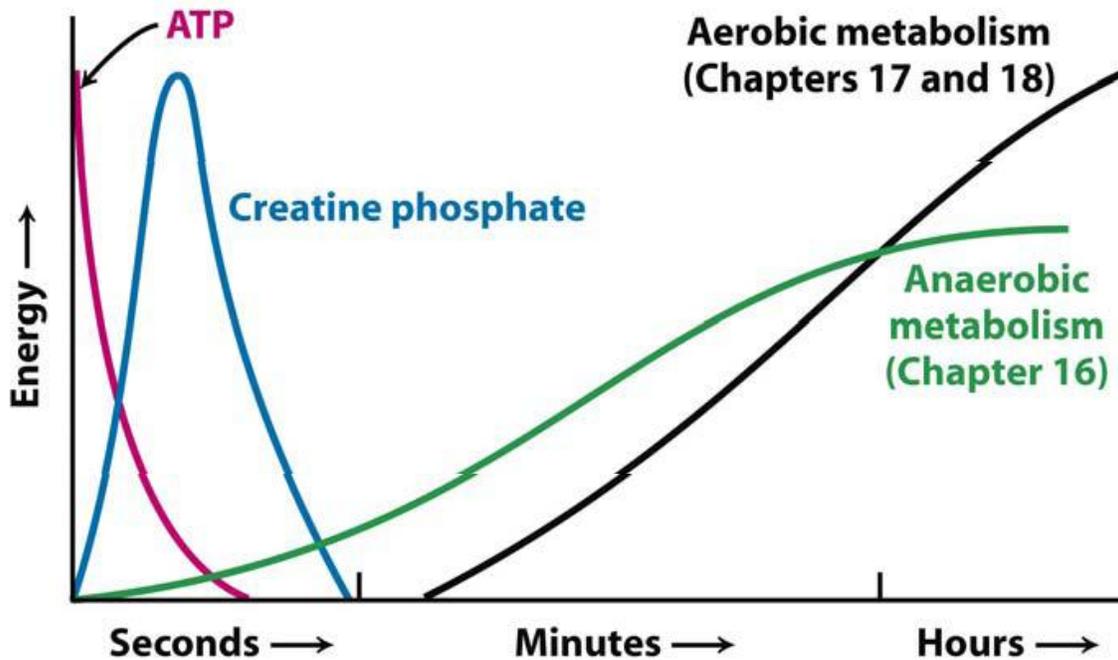
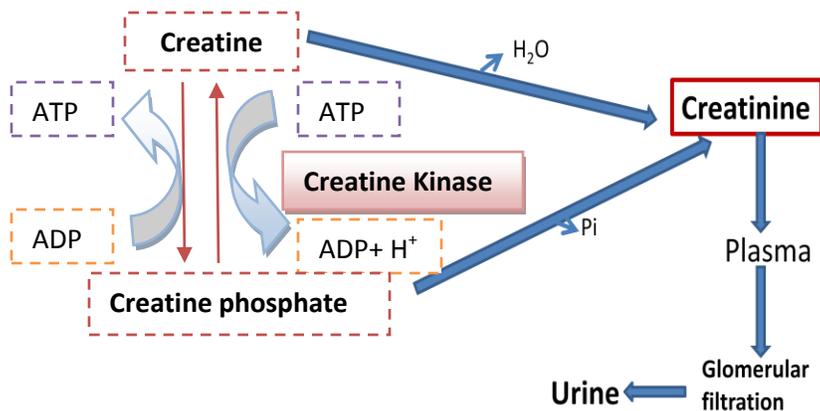


Figure 15-7  
 Biochemistry, Sixth Edition  
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❖ Creatine Degradation:

- 1) **Creatine** and **creatine phosphate** spontaneously form creatinine as an end product
- 2) **Creatinine** is excreted in the urine
- 3) **Serum creatinine** is a sensitive indicator of kidney disease (Kidney function test)
- 4) Serum creatinine **increases** with the impairment of kidney function



Ⓜ That's why we use creatinin to diagnose kidney disease  
 Ⓜ When the muscle mass ↓ → creatinin clearance ↓ " in case of muscle disease like muscular dystrophy

### ❖ Creatinine in urine and plasma:

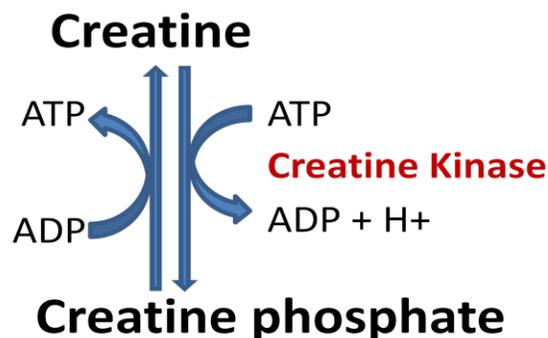
- ✓ The amount of creatinine excreted is **proportional** to the total creatine phosphate content of the body
  - **therefore can be used to estimate muscle mass**
- ✓ Serum creatinine is a sensitive indicator of kidney disease (Kidney function test)
  - **Because normally creatinine is rapidly removed from the blood and excreted**
- ✓ The amount of creatinine in urine is used as an indicator for the proper collection of 24 hours urine sample

### ❖ Creatinine levels:

- ✓ A typical **male** excretes about 15mmol of creatinine per day
- ✓ A decrease in muscle mass **due to muscular dystrophy** or **paralysis** leads to **decreased level** of creatinine in urine
- ✓ Any rise in blood creatinine level is a **sensitive indicator** of kidney malfunction

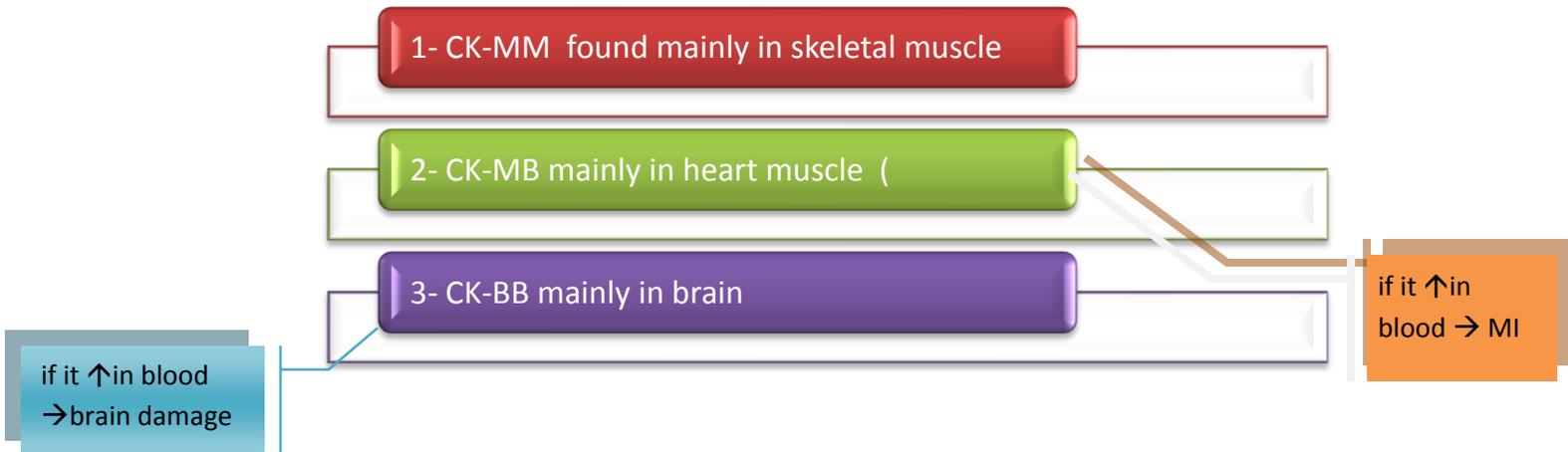
### ❖ Creatine Kinase:

- ✓ **Is responsible for** the generation of energy in contractile or transport system mainly in muscles
- ✓ CK levels are **changed in** disorders of **cardiac** and **skeletal muscle**



## ❖ Creatine Kinase (CK) contd.

✓ CK has 3 isoenzymes :



✓ Serum total CK is increased in :

- **Crush injuries** (Damage of skeletal muscles)
- **Myocardial infarction** (Damage of heart muscle)

- ❏ But it is not Accurate b\c troponin is more accurately
- ❏ if it's not available we can use CK-total and take the ratio between them.