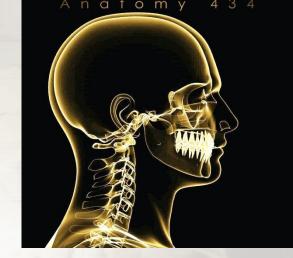
Anatomy teamwork

Lecture 5



The autonomic nervous system

Color coding

- Very important
- notes

هذا العمل لا يغني عن المصدر الأساسي للمذاكرة

OBJECTIVES

At the end of the lecture, students should be able to:

- Define the autonomic nervous system.
- Describe the structure of autonomic nervous system
- Trace the preganglionic & postganglionic neurons in both sympathetic & parasympathetic nervous system.
- Enumerate in brief the main effects of sympathetic & parasympathetic system

Autonomic Nervous System

Control involuntary structures

Function (along with endocrine system)

Location

Regulated by

- Visceral organs
- Smooth & cardiac muscles
- Glands
- Homeostasis of internal environment
- CNS
- PNS
- Hypothalamus

"ناقل Efferent Pathway "motor

Somatic Nervous System

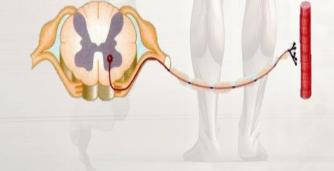
"1 neuron"

Autonomic Nervous System
"2 neurons"

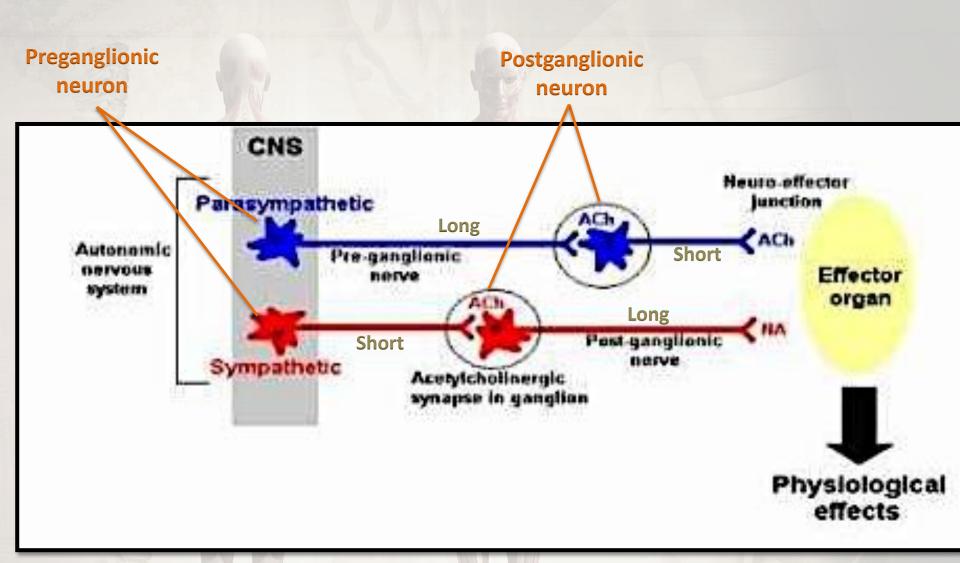


"cell bodies in brain and spinal cord"

POSTganglionic "cell bodies in the autonomic ganglia"

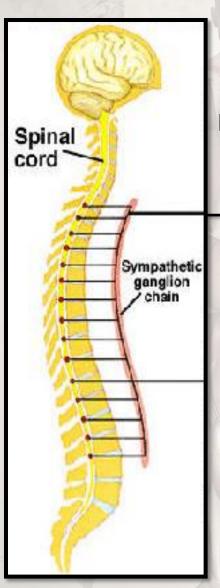






"both work together with <u>antagonistic</u> control over viscera to maintain stable internal environment"

Sympathetic Division and Ganglia

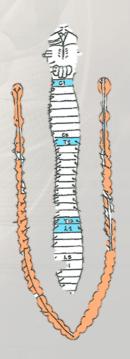


Preganglionic Neurons:

In lateral gray horn (T1-L2) segments of spinal cord. "Thoracolumbar Outflow"

Sympathetic Ganglia "Near CNS":

1- Prevertebral (Celiac & Mesenteric)2- Paravertebral (Sympathetic Chain)



Paravertebral ganglia

3 cervical

11-12 thoracic

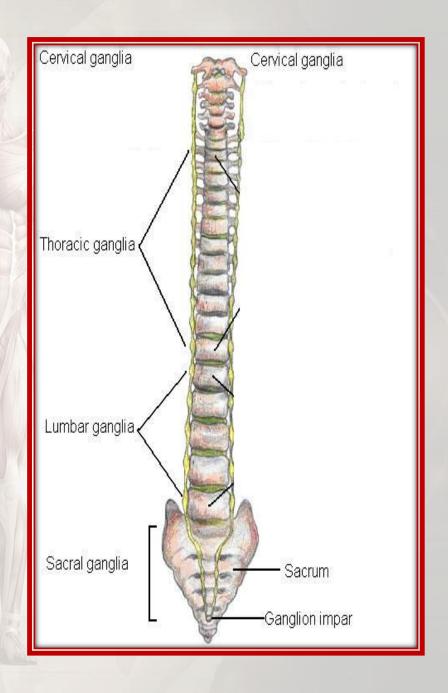
4 lumbar

4 sacral

1 in front of the coccyx

Where the chains end

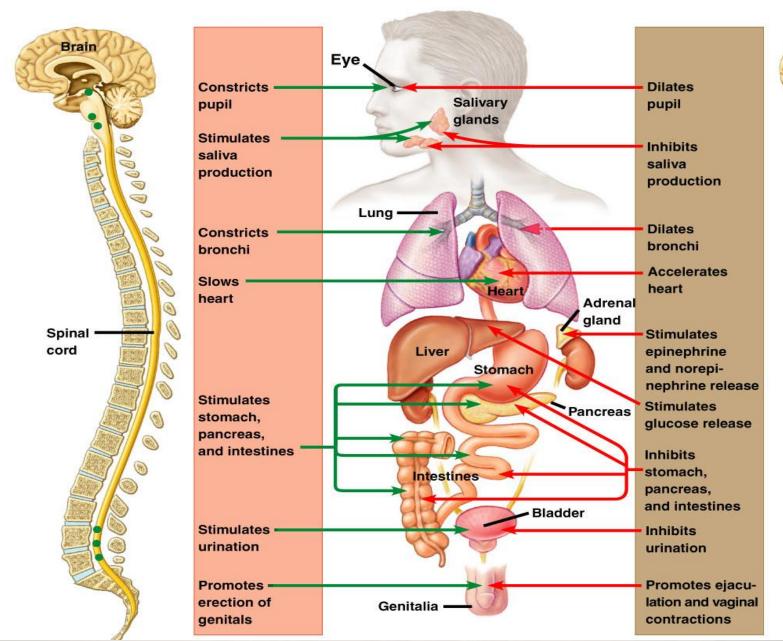
(ganglion impar)



Preganglionic fibers	Postganglionic fibers
Run in the ventral roots of the spinal nerve	From the sympathetic chain ganglia
Travel through the spinal nerve, and then join the sympathetic chain via the white rami communicants. (WRC)	enter again into the spinal nerve through grey rami communicants (GRC)
Ascend, descend or remain	supply structures in head & thorax + blood vessels & sweat glands
Leave the sympathetic chain (without synapse) to reach coeliac & mesenteric ganglia to synapse with their neurons (postganglionic).	From the cells of coeliac & mesenteric ganglia supply abdominal & pelvic viscera

Parasympathetic nervous system

Preganglionic neurons		Postganglionic fibers
Located in	Terminate in	innervate
Nuclei of the 3rd, 7th, 9th & 10th cranial nerves (Cranial outflow)	ciliary, pterygopalatine, submandibular, otic & peripheral ganglia	innervate organs of the head, neck, thorax, and abdomen
The lateral gray horn of S2-S4 segments of spinal cord (Sacral outflow)	carried by pelvic splanchnic nerves to peripheral ganglia in pelvis where they synapse.	innervate organs of the pelvis and lower abdomen





عمل الفريق

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