Purine Degradation & Gout (Musculoskeletal Block)

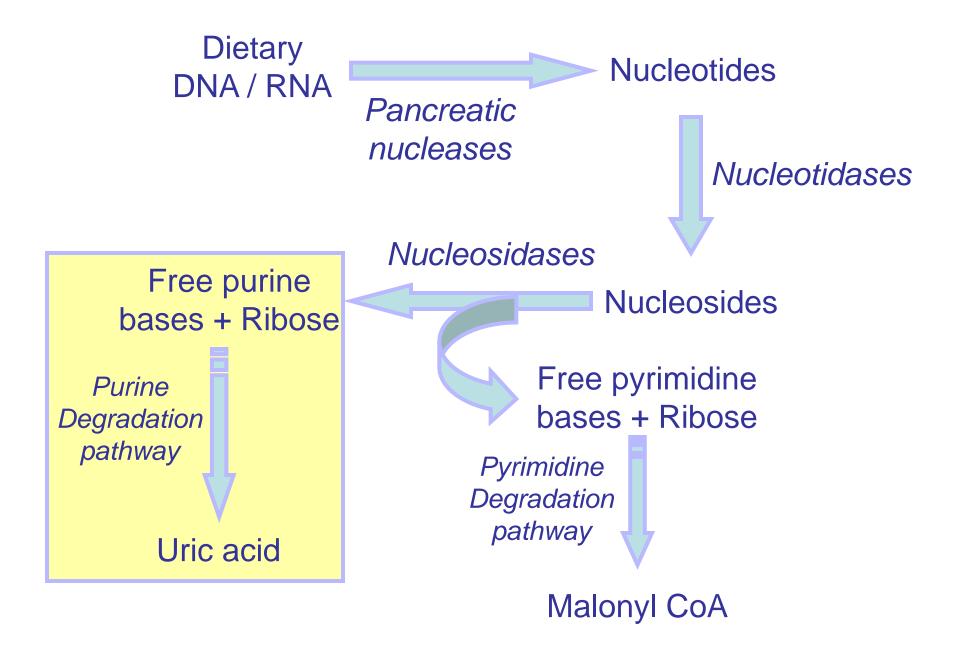
1 Lecture

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Purine degradation pathway
Fate of uric acid in humans
Gout and hyperuricemia:
Biochemistry
Types
Treatment

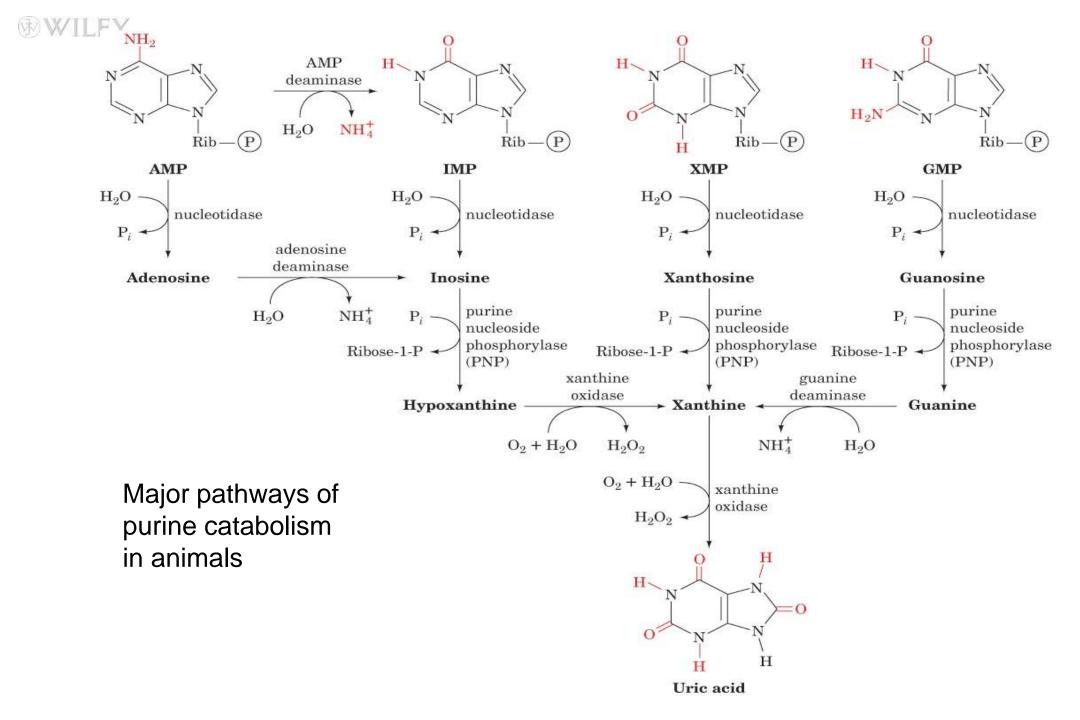
### **Purine degradation pathway**

- The major source of dietary nucleic acids (purines and pyrimidines) is meat
- Purine and pyrimidine bases are absorbed by the intestine
- The ingested bases are mostly degraded into different products by degradation pathways
   These products are then excreted by the body



### **Purine degradation pathway**

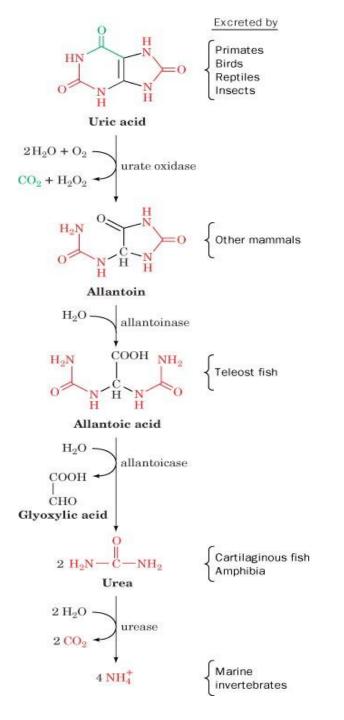
 Adenosine and guanosine (purines) are finally degraded to uric acid by:
 • Purine degradation pathway



### Fate of uric acid in humans

- In humans, primates, birds and reptiles the final product of purine degradation is uric acid
- Uric acid is excreted in the urine
- Some animals convert uric acid to other products:
  - ♦ Allantoin
  - Allantoic acid
  - ♦ Urea
  - Ammonia

# Degradation of uric acid to ammonia in some animals



#### Fate of uric acid in humans

- Uric acid is less soluble in water
- Reptiles, insects and birds excrete uric acid as a paste of crystals
- To save water
- Humans excrete uric acid in urine

### Fate of uric acid in humans

- Humans do not have enzymes to further degrade uric acid
- Excessive production of uric acid causes deposition of uric acid crystals in the joints leading to:
  - ♦ Gout
  - ♦ Hyperuricemia



The Gout, a cartoon by James Gilroy (1799)



 Gout is a disease due to high levels of uric acid in body fluids

7.0 mg/dL and above

Uric acid accumulates because of:
 Overproduction or
 Underexcretion

### Gout

 Painful arthritic joint inflammation due to deposits of insoluble sodium urate crystals (especially big toe)

Affects 3 per 1000 persons

 Sodium urate crystals accumulate in kidneys, ureter, joints leading to chronic gouty arthritis



Sodium urate crystals in urine



#### Gout

- Inaccurately associated with overeating and drinking
- Alcohol used to be contaminated with lead during manufacture and storage
- Lead decreases excretion of uric acid from kidneys causing hyperuricemia and gout
- Excessive meat comsumption increases uric acid production in some individuals



Two main causes

Overproduction of uric acid

Underexcretion of uric acid

## **Primary Gout**

- Due to overproduction of uric acid
- Genetic abnormality in the enzymes of purine degradation
- Excessive production and degradation of purine bases (adenine, guanine, hypoxanthine)

## Secondary hyperuricemia

- A variety of disorders and lifestyles cause secondary hyperuricemia
- Underexcretion of uric acid due to chronic renal disease
- Chemotherapy
- Excessive consumption of purine-rich foods such as meat
- Excessive alcohol intake

## Secondary hyperuricemia

Hyperuricemia does not always cause gout

### Treatment

- To reduce pain and inflammation (analgesics, anti-inflammatory drugs)
  To increase uric acid excretion (uricosuric agents)
  To reduce uric acid production
  - Xanthine oxidase inhibitors:
  - ♦ Allopurinol
  - ♦ Febuxostat

