

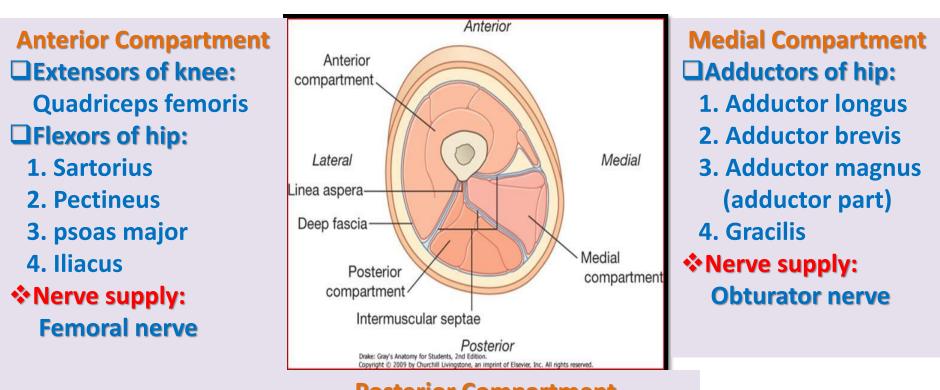
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OBJECTIVES

At the end of the lecture, students should:

- List the name of muscles of anterior compartment of thigh.
- Describe the anatomy of muscles of anterior compartment of thigh regarding: origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions.
- List the name of muscles of medial compartment of thigh.
- Describe the anatomy of muscles of medial compartment of thigh regarding: origin, insertion, nerve supply and actions.
- Describe the anatomy of femoral triangle & adductor canal regarding: site, boundaries and contents.

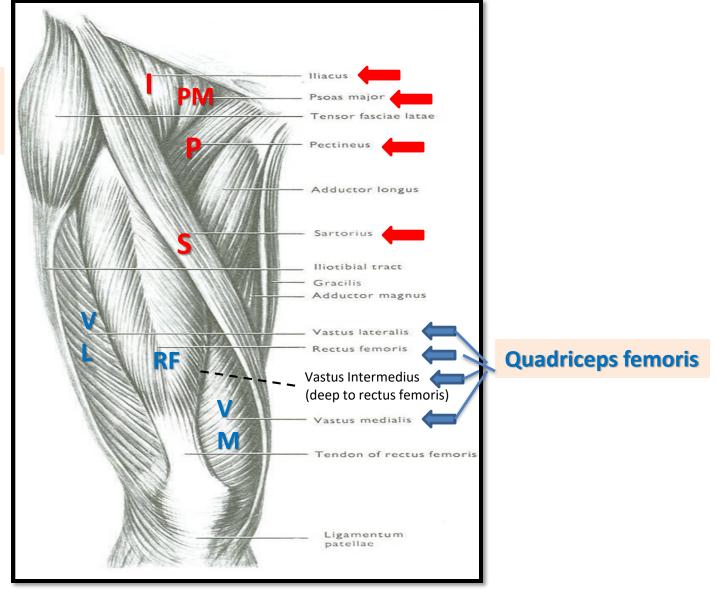
The thigh is divided into **3 compartments** by 3 intermuscular septa (extending from deep fascia into femur)



Posterior Compartment
Flexors of knee & extensors of hip: Hamstrings
Nerve supply:
Sciatic nerve

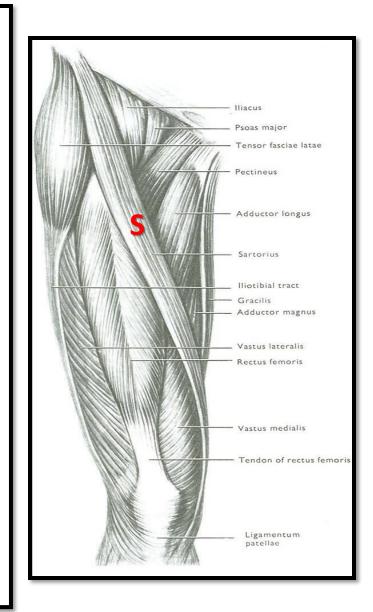
ANTERIOR COMPARTMENT OF THIGH

NERVE SUPPLY: Femoral nerve

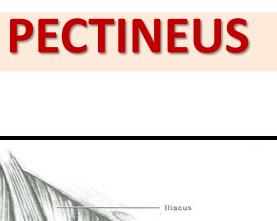


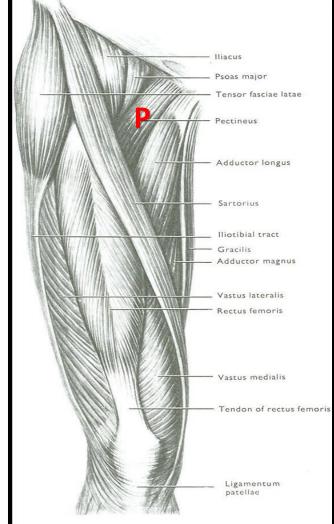
SARTORIUS

ORIGIN Anterior superior iliac spine **INSERTION Upper part of medial** surface of tibia **ACTION** (TAILOR'S POSITION) **Generation** Flexion, abduction & lateral rotation of hip joint **Given States Flexion of knee joint**

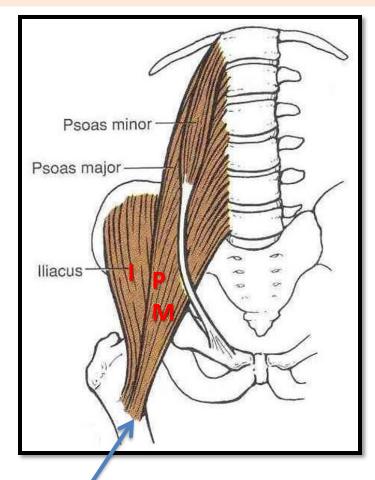


ORIGIN: Superior pubic ramus **INSERTION:** Back of femur ----(below lesser trochanter) **ACTION: □**Flexion & adduction of hip joint





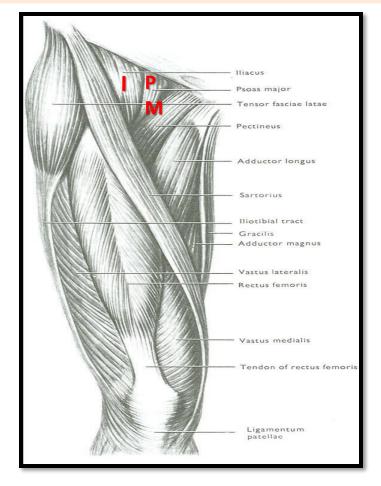
ILIOPSOAS: ILIACUS & PSOAS MAJOR



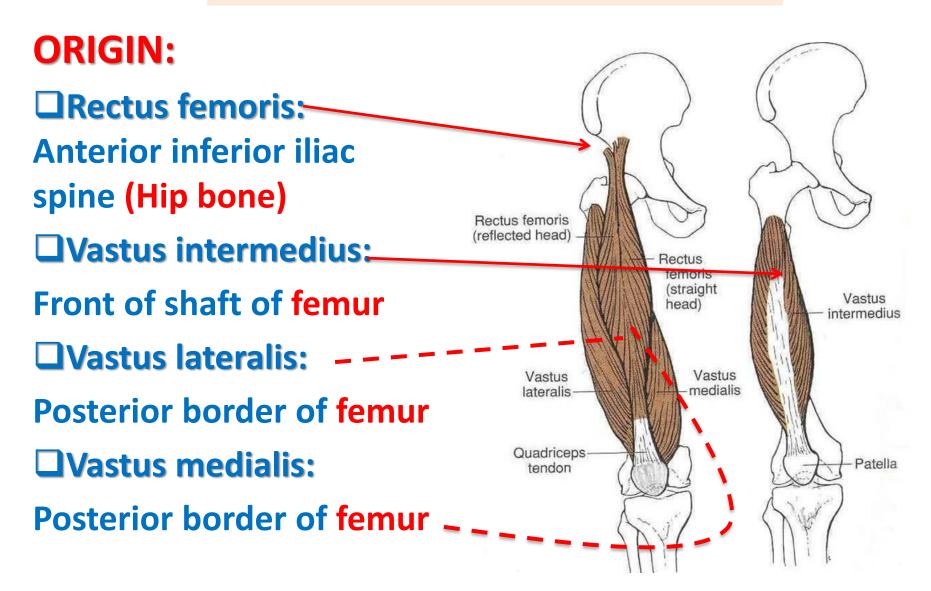
INSERTION:

Lesser trochanter of femur

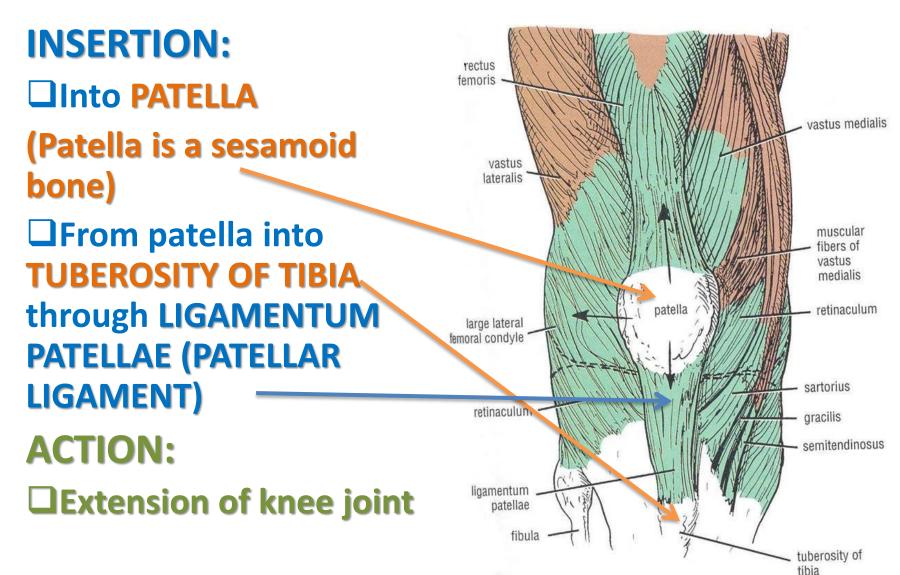
ACTION: Flexion of hip joint



QUADRICEPS FEMORIS



QUADRICEPS FEMORIS

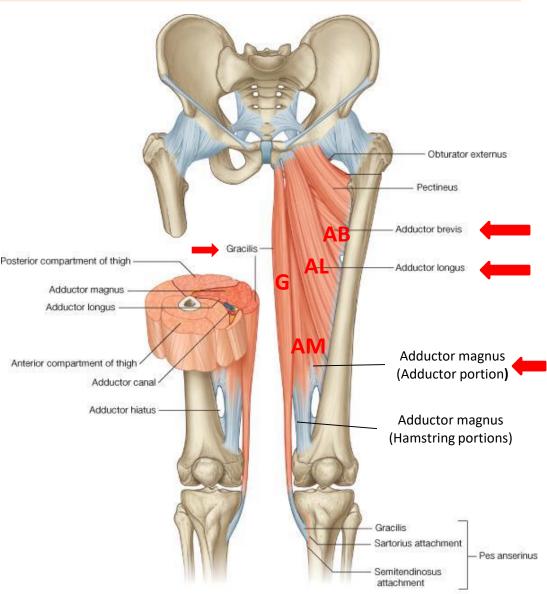


MEDIAL COMPARTMENT OF THIGH

MUSCLES:

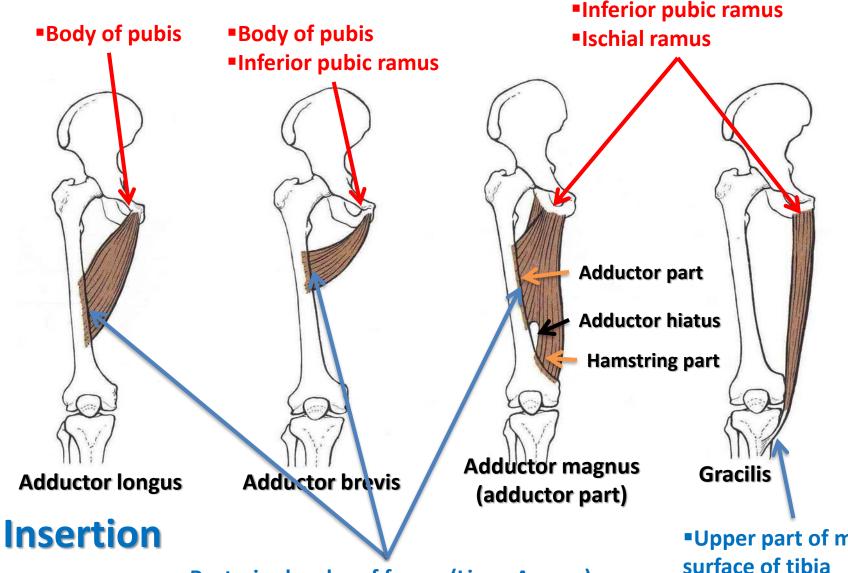
- 1. Adductor longus
- 2. Adductor brevis
- 3. Adductor magnus (Adductor part)
- 4. Gracilis
- **DACTION:**
- ADDUCTION OF HIP JOINT
- N.B.: Gracilis also flexes knee joint

DIVERVE SUPPLY: OBTURATOR NERVE



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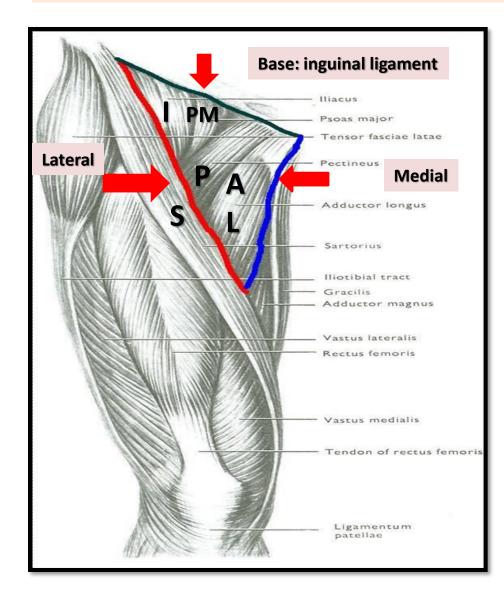
Posterior border of femur (Linea Aspera)

 Upper part of medial surface of tibia (behind sartorius)

SITE:

- **Upper third of front of thigh BOUNDARIES:**
- **Base: inguinal ligament**
- Lateral: medial border of sartorius
- Medial: medial border of
 adductor longus
- **ROOF:**
- □ Fasciae: superficial & deep
- **FLOOR:** From medial to lateral
- **Adductor longus**
- **Pectineus**
- **Psoas major**

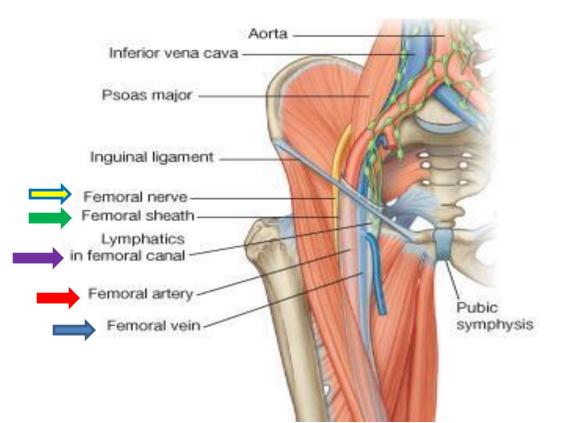
FEMORAL TRIANGLE

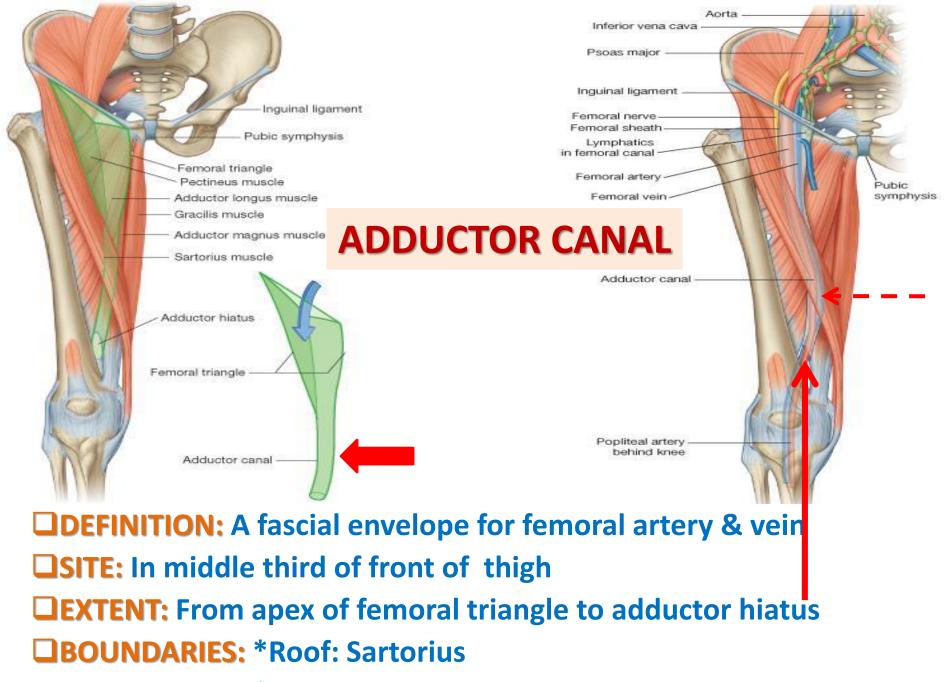


FEMORAL TRIANGLE

CONTENTS:

- **Gemoral vein**
- **Germoral artery**
- Both vein & artery are enclosed in a fascial envelope (Femoral sheath)
- **Germonal nerve**
- Deep inguinal lymph nodes





*Floor: Adductor longus & magnus

SUMMARY

MUSCLES OF ANTERIOR COMPARTMENT OF THIGH:

- Flexors of hip: Sartorius, pectineus, psoas major & iliacus (all are inserted into femur EXCEPT: Sartorius: inserted into tibia)
 - N.B.: Tailor's position performed by sartorius: flexion, abduction & lateral rotation of hip + flexion of knee.
- **Extensors of knee:** Quadriceps femoris
- 1. All parts originate from femur EXCEPT: Rectus femoris: from hip
- 2. All parts are inserted into patella
- NERVE SUPPLY: femoral nerve

SUMMARY

MUSCLES OF MEDIAL COMPARTMENT OF THIGH:

- 1. All muscles adduct hip joint.
- 2. Gracilis also flexes knee joint.
- **ATTACHMENTS:**
- 1. All muscles originates from pubic bone.
- 2. All muscles are inserted into posterior border of femur EXCEPT: gracilis: into tibia (as sartorius)
- NERVE SUPPLY: Obturator nerve

QUESTION 1

Which one of the following muscles is supplied by femoral nerve?

- 1. Sartorius
- 2. Gracilis
- 3. Adductor longus
- 4. Adductor brevis

QUESTION 2

Which one of the following muscles is inserted into the tibia?

- 1. Sartorius
- 2. Pectineus
- 3. Iliacus
- 4. Adductor longus

