

MEDIASINUM

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OBJECTIVES

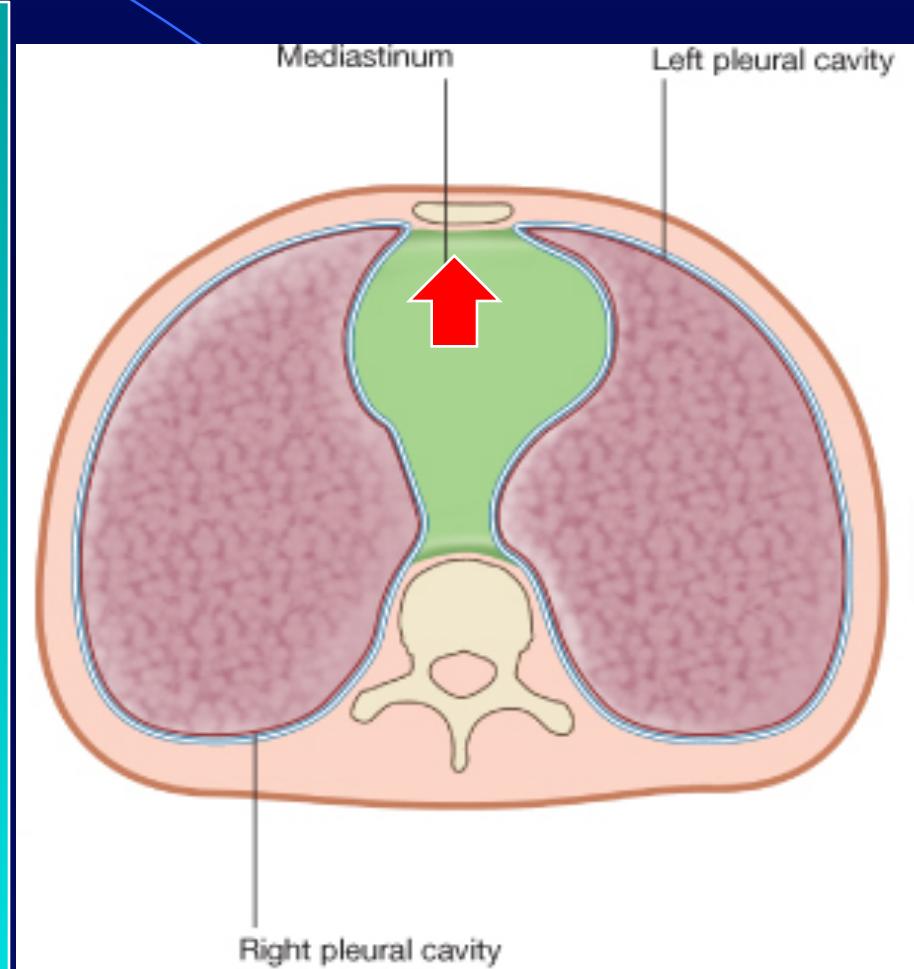
At the end of the lecture, students should be able to:

- Define the “**Mediastinum**”.
- Differentiate between the divisions of the mediastinum.
- List the boundaries and contents of each division.
- Describe the relations between the important structures in each division.

Mediastinum

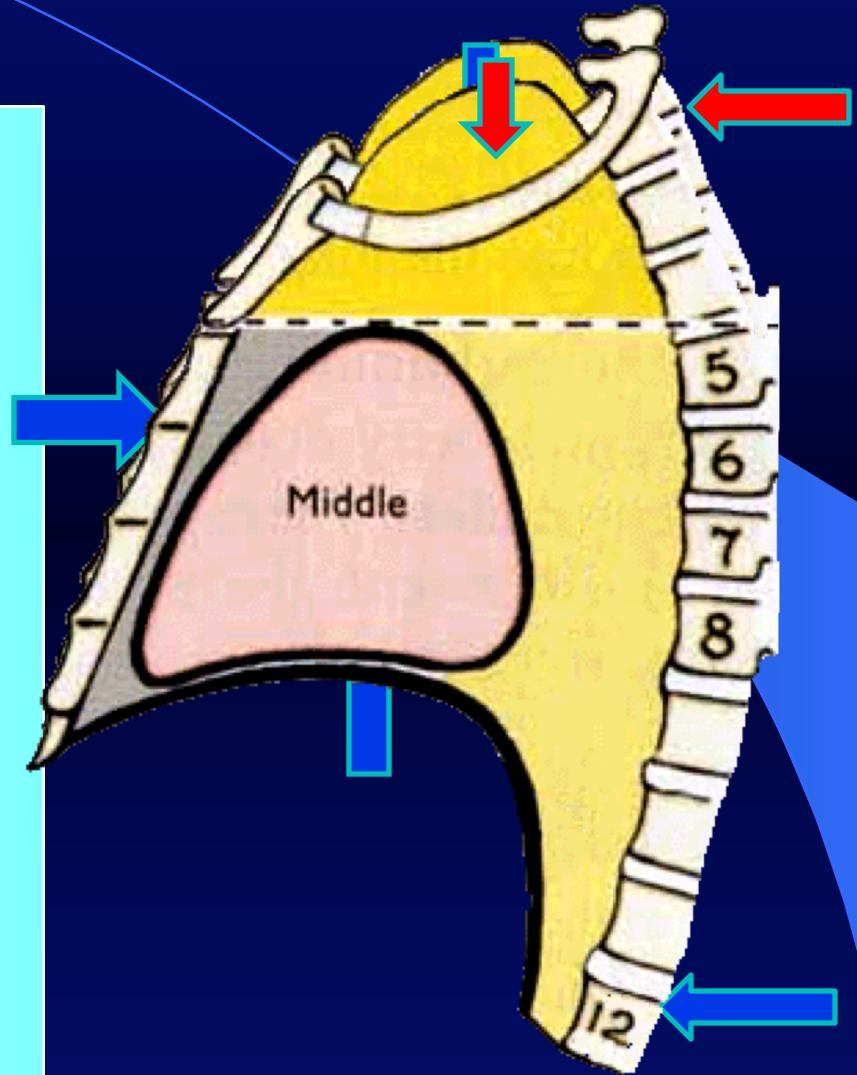
It is a thick movable partition between the two pleural sacs & lungs.

It contains all the structures which lie in the intermediate compartment of the thoracic cavity.



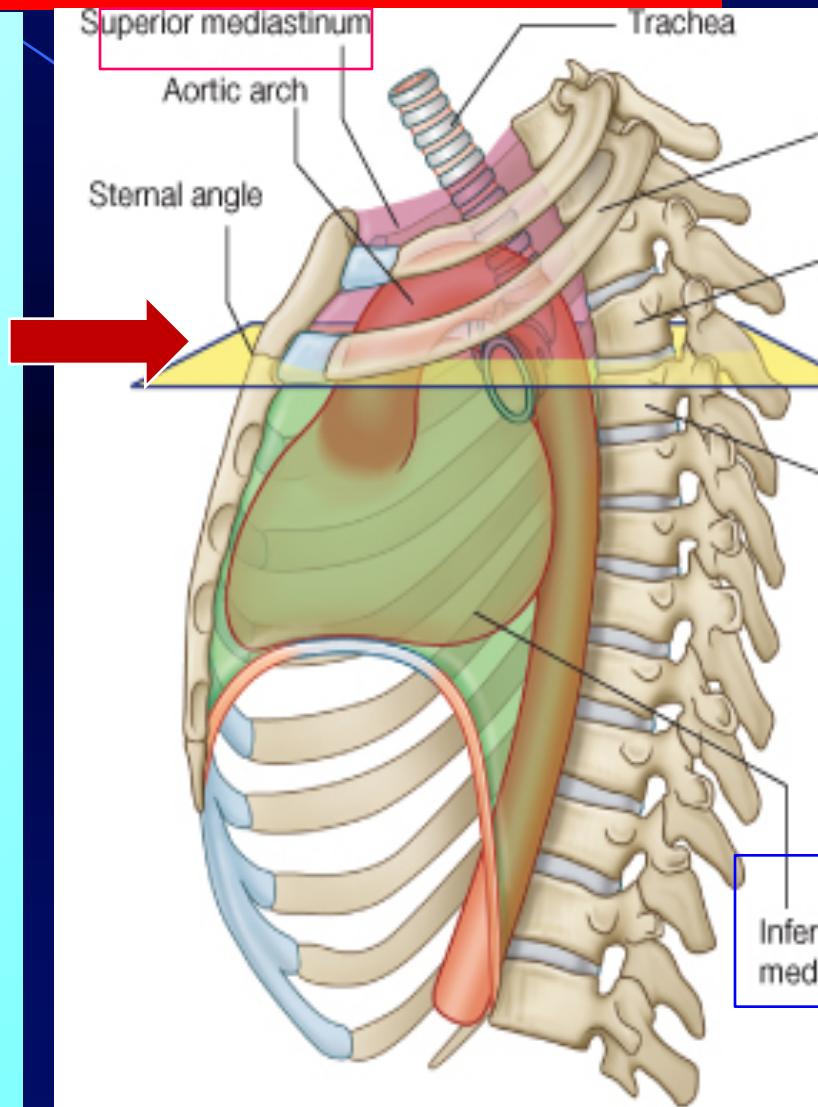
Boundaries

- Superior:
- **Thoracic outlet:**
(manubrium, 1st rib & 1st thoracic v)
- Inferior:
- Diaphragm.
- Anterior:
- Sternum.
- Posterior:
- The 12 thoracic vertebrae.



Subdivisions

- *The mediastinum is subdivided by a Horizontal plane (extending from the Sternal angle to the lower border of T (4)) into:*
- *Superior mediastinum (S): above the plane*
- *Inferior mediastinum: below the plane.*



Superior Mediastinum

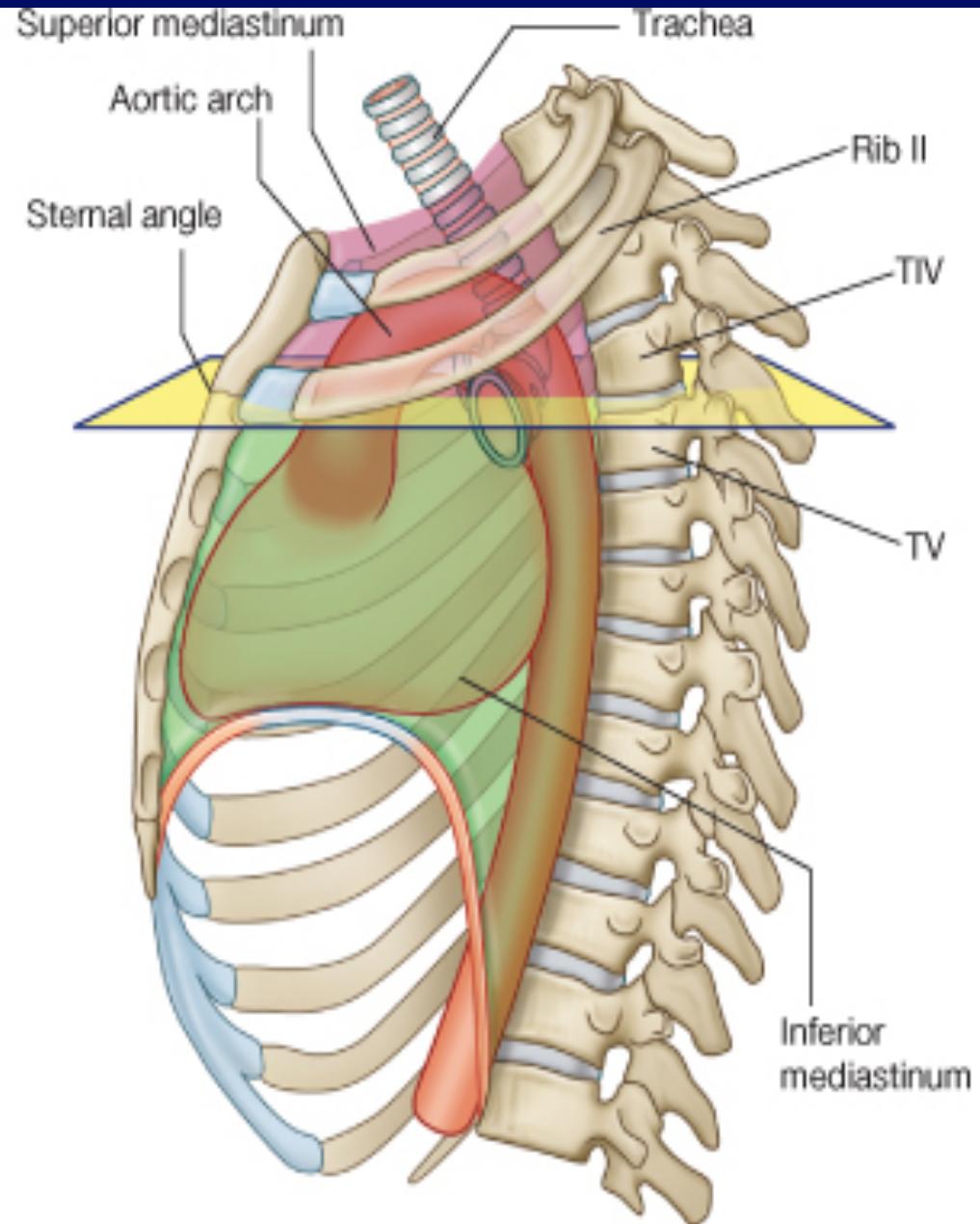
Boundaries:

Superior: Thoracic outlet.

Inferior: Horizontal plane.

*Anterior:
Manubrium.*

*Posterior: Upper
(4) thoracic
vertebrae.*

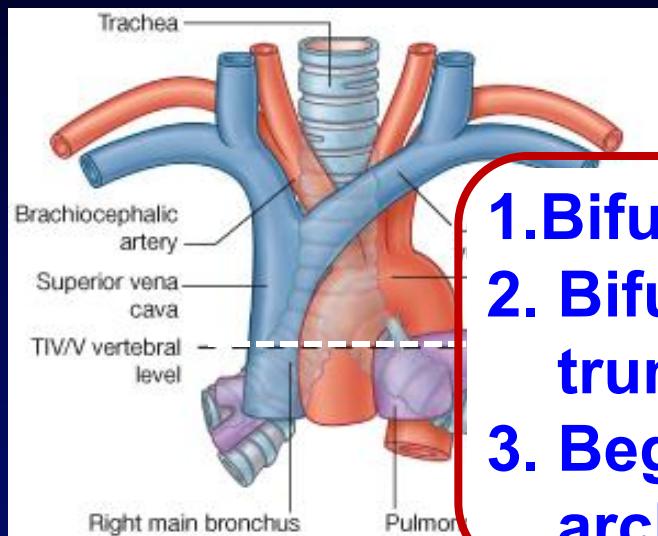
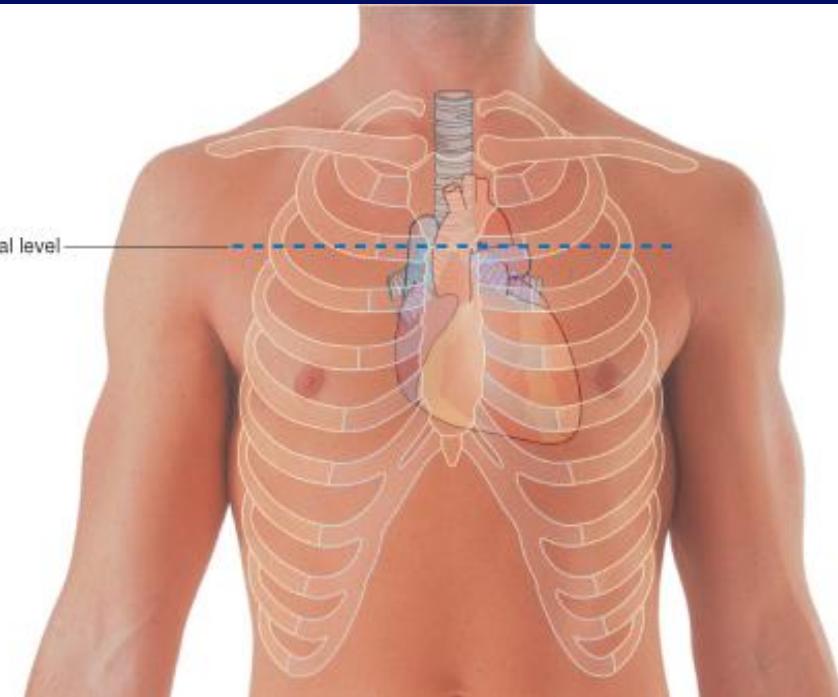


LEVEL OF T4

It is at the Level of:

Sternal angle

Second costal cartilage

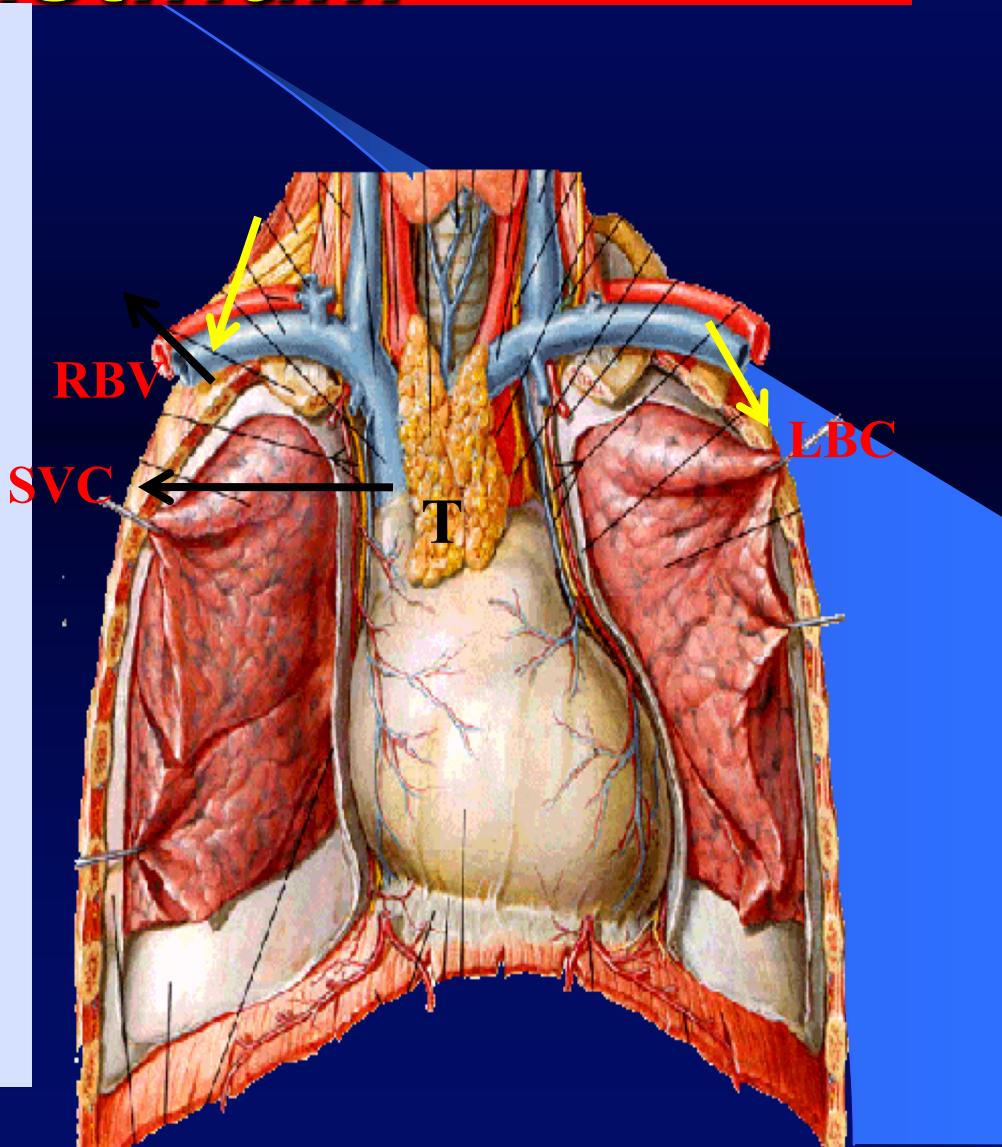


1. Bifurcation of trachea
2. Bifurcation of pulmonary trunk
3. Beginning & termination of arch of aorta

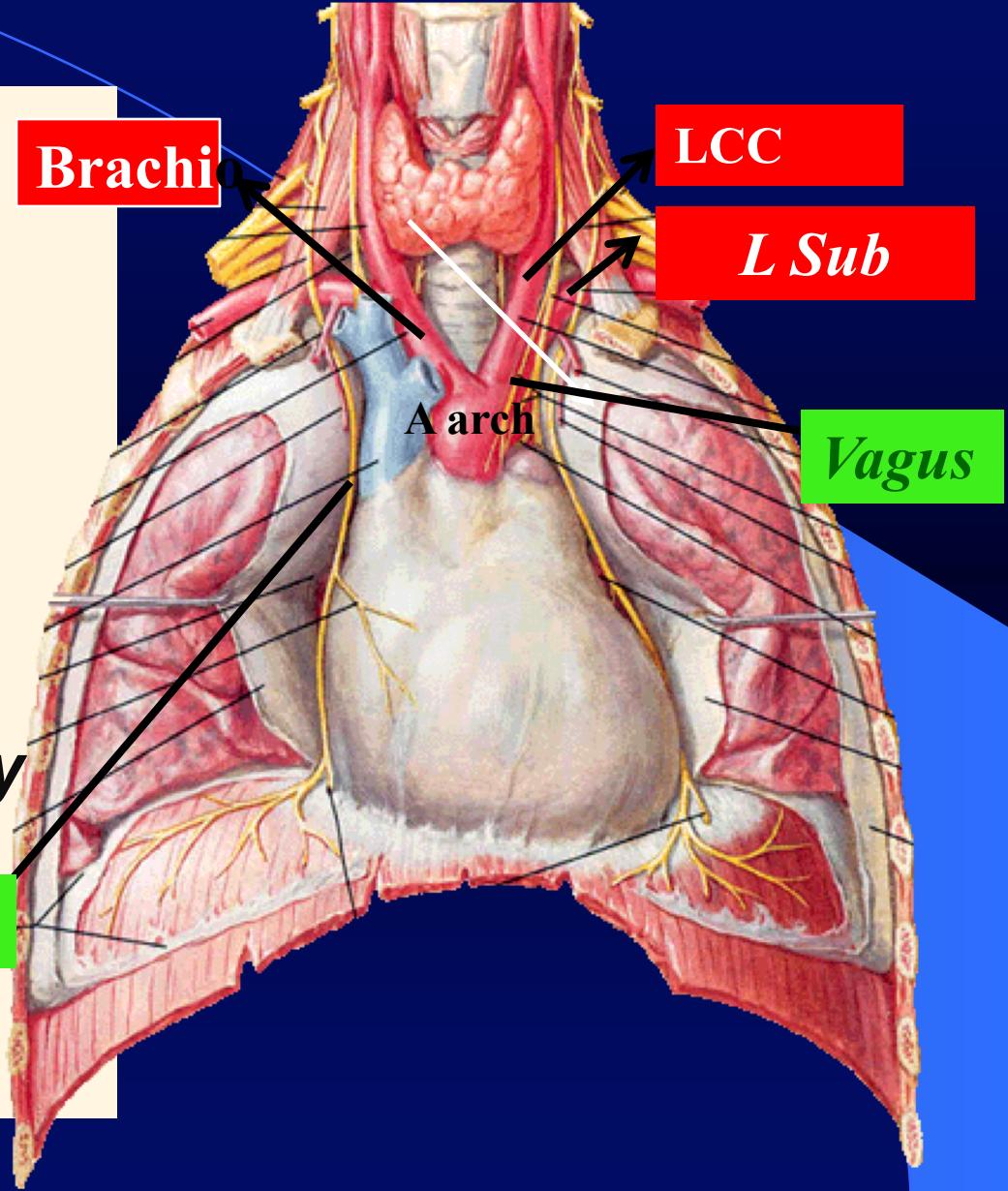
Contents of Superior Mediastinum

- **(A) Superficial:**

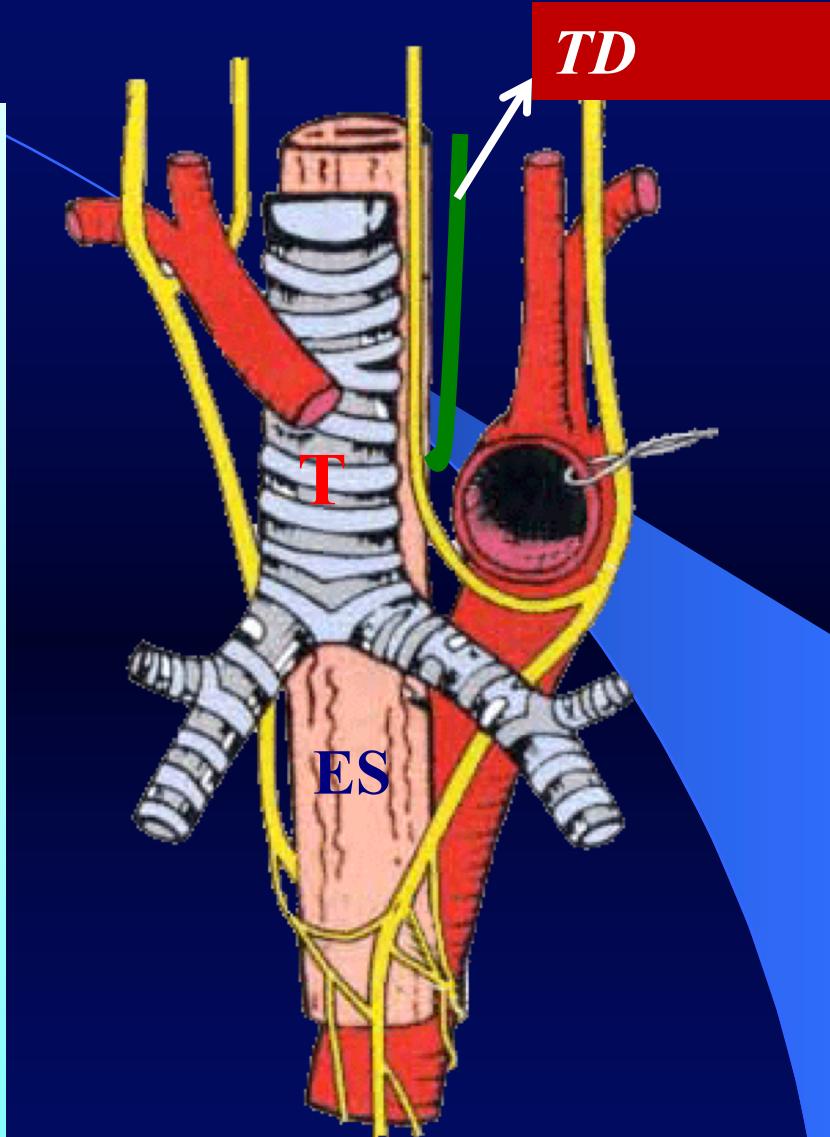
- *Thymus Gland.*
- *Three Veins:*
- *Left brachiocephalic v.*
- *Right brachiocephalic v.*
- *Superior vena cava*



- **(B) Intermediate:**
- ***Arch of aorta & its three branches:***
- ***Brachiocephalic artery.***
- ***L common carotid artery.***
- ***L Subclavian artery***
- **Nerves:**
 - ***Phrenic***
 - ***Vagus***



- **(c) Deep:**
- **Trachea**
- **Esophagus**
- **Thoracic Duct**



PHRENIC NERVES

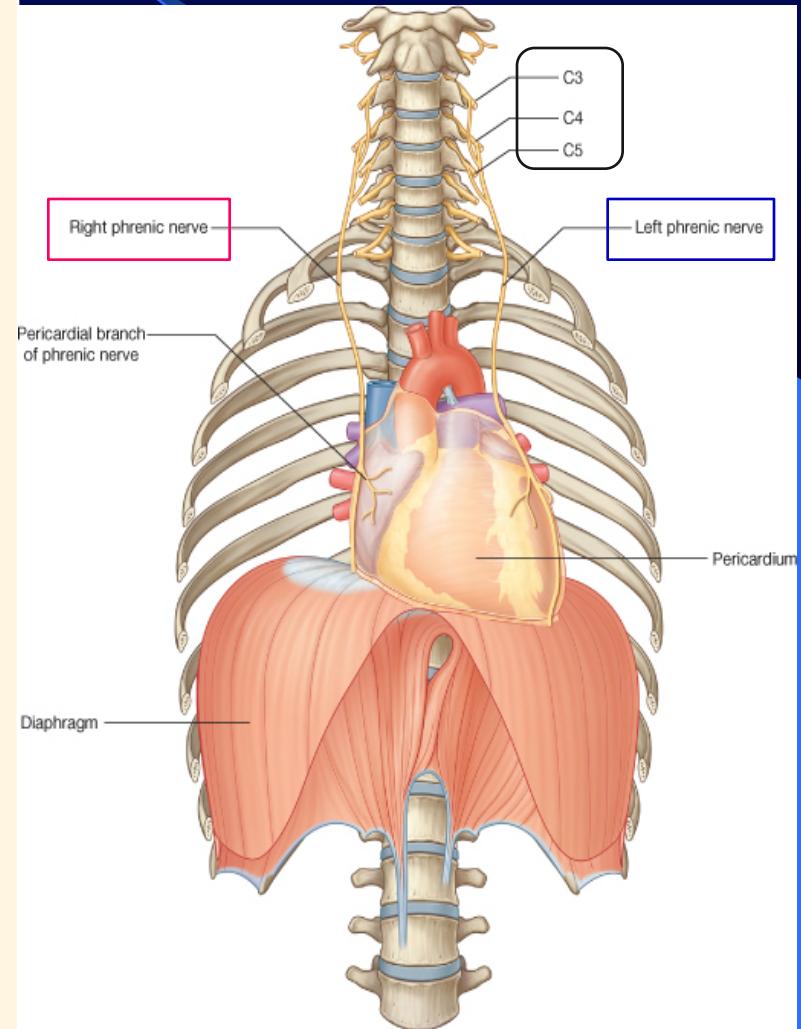
Root Value:

- C3,4,5

They pass through the Superior & Middle mediastina

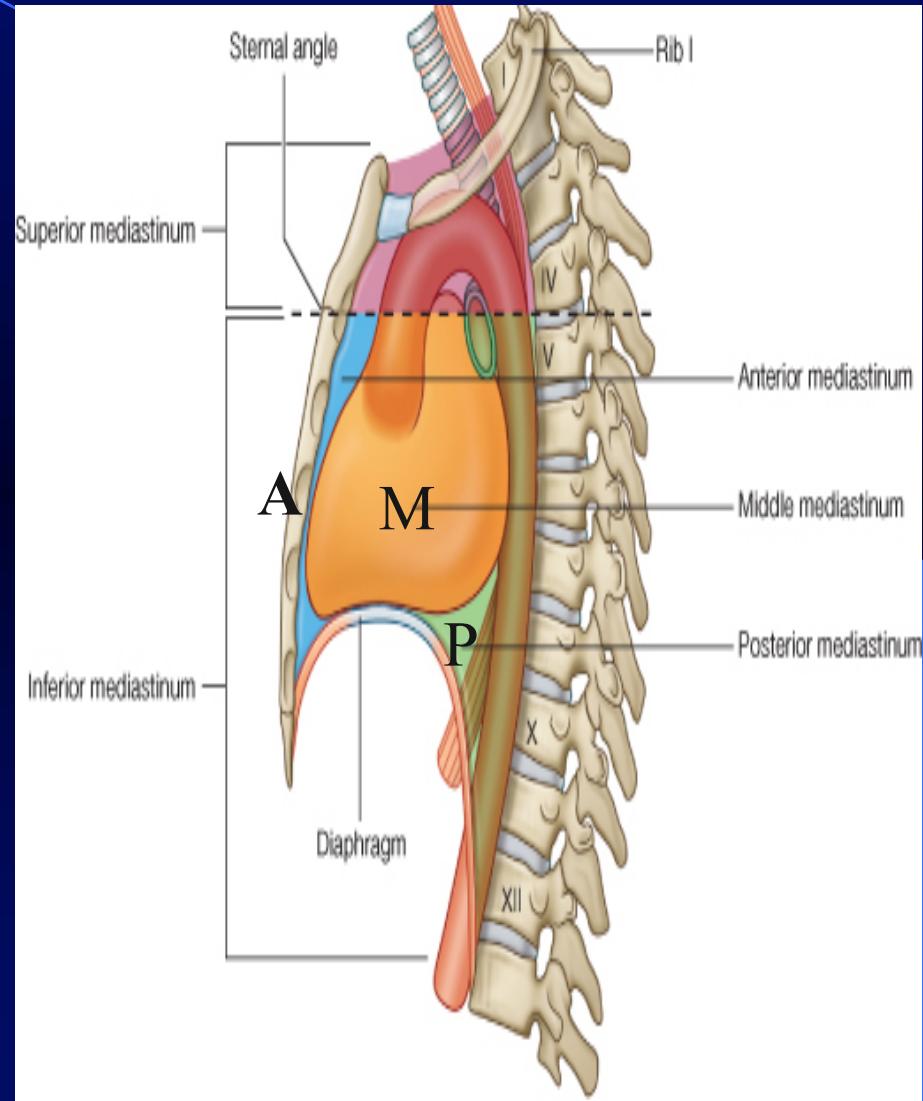
Course in Thorax

- The right phrenic descends on the right side of SVC & heart.
- The left phrenic descends on the left side of heart.
- Both nerves terminate in the diaphragm
- Branches :
 - 1) Motor & Sensory fibers to Diaphragm
 - 2) Sensory fibers to pleurae & pericardium



Inferior Mediastinum

- Subdivided into:
- Middle mediastinum
(M): contains Heart
- Anterior mediastinum
(A): in front of Heart
- Posterior mediastinum
(P): behind Heart



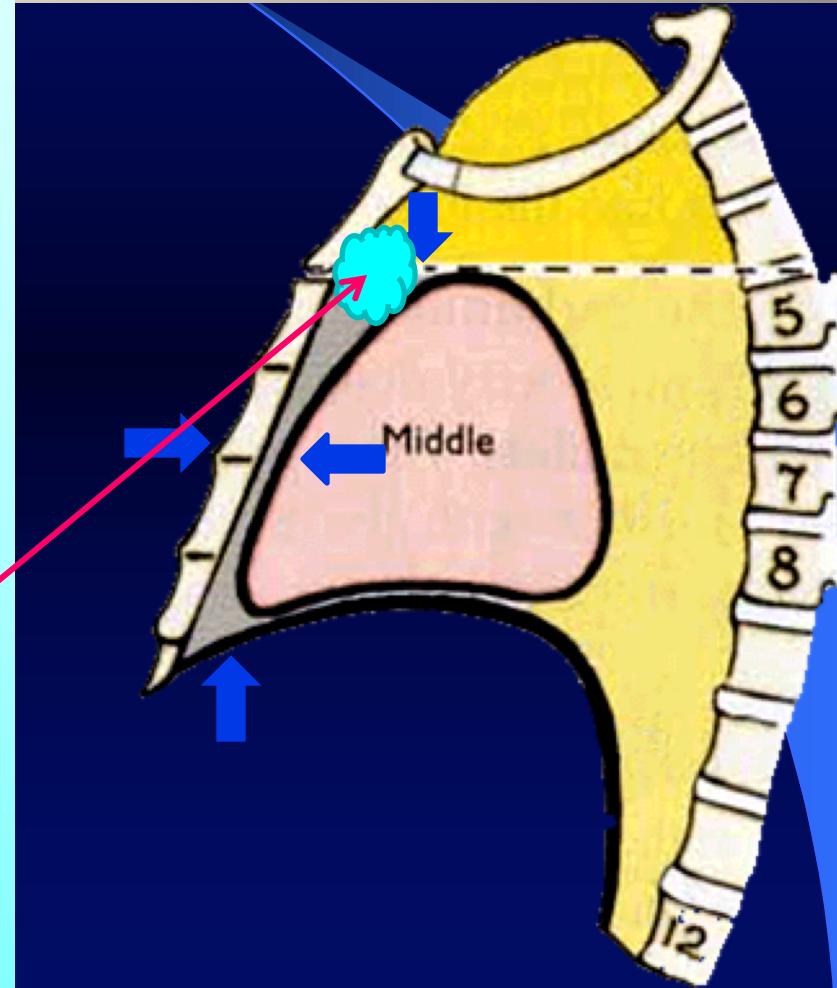
Anterior Mediastinum

Boundaries:

- Superior: Horizontal plane
- Inferior: Diaphragm
- Anterior: Body & xiphoid process of sternum
- Posterior: Heart
- Lateral: Lungs & pleurae

Contents:

- Thymus gland
- Lymph nodes



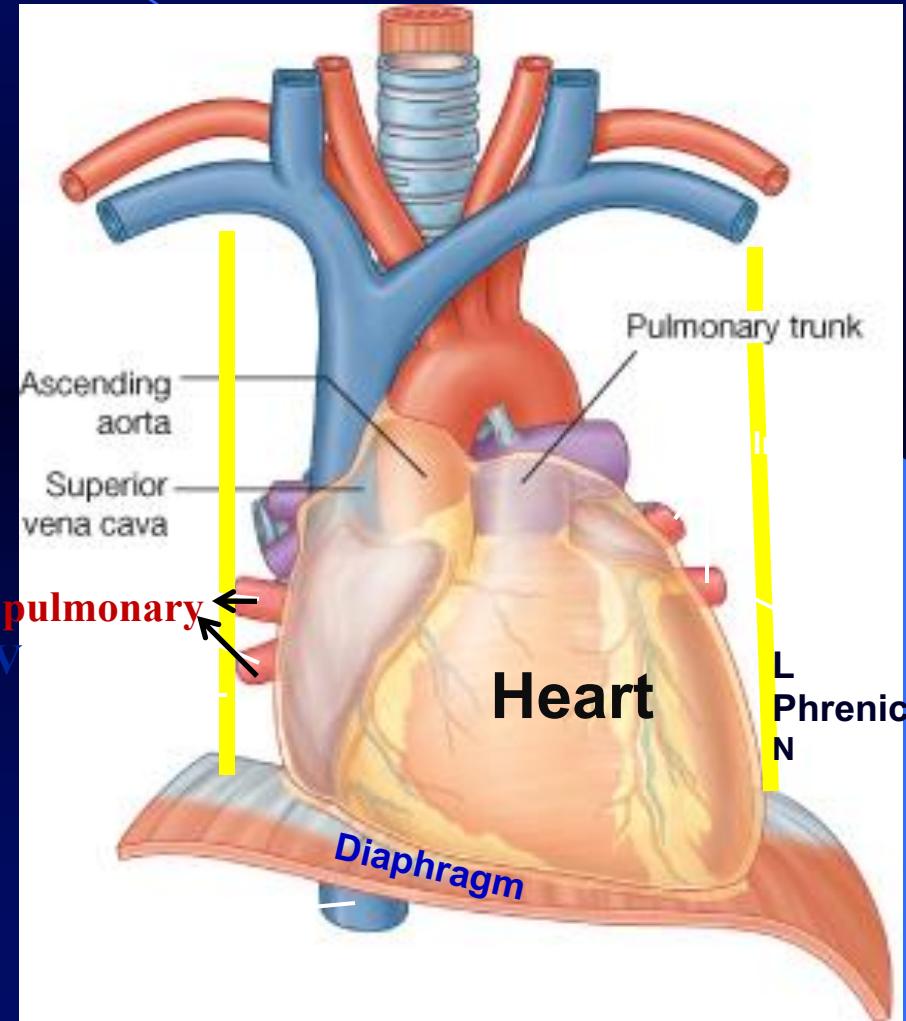
Middle Mediastinum

Site:

- Between anterior & posterior mediastina

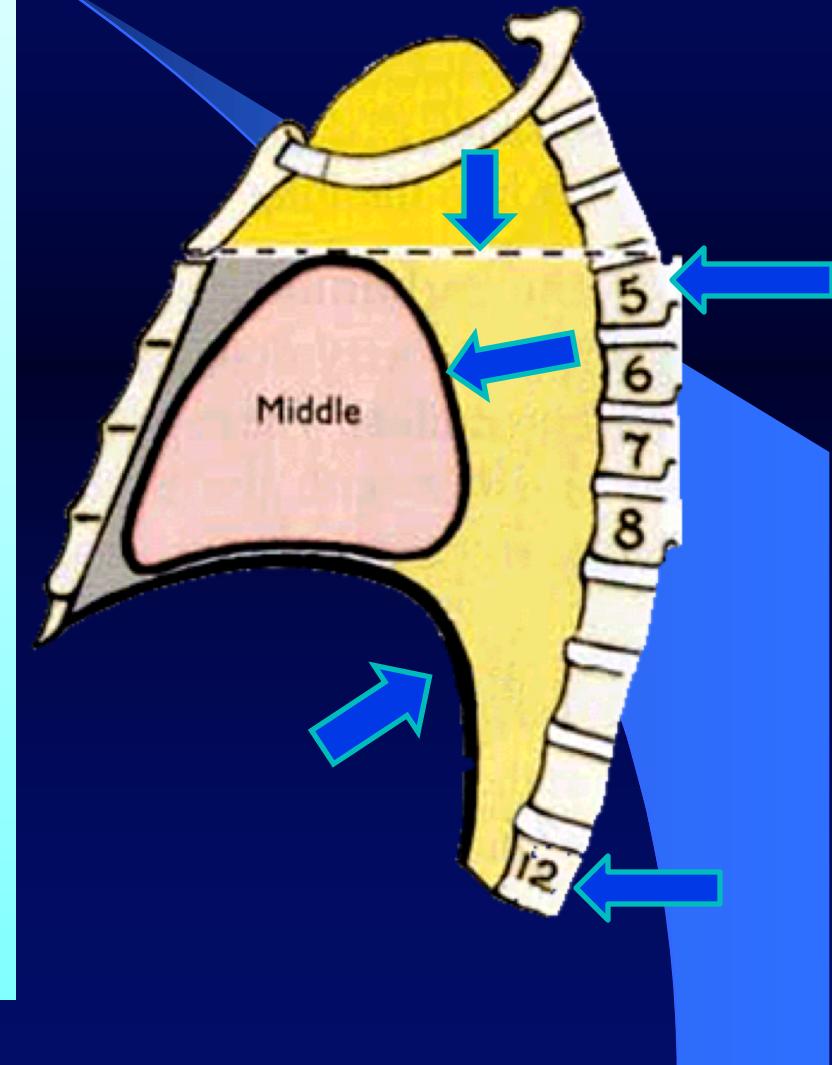
Contents:

- Heart & pericardium
- Ascending Aorta
- Pulmonary trunk
- Superior & Inferior vena cava
- Right & left pulmonary veins
- Right & left phrenic nerves
- Lymph nodes



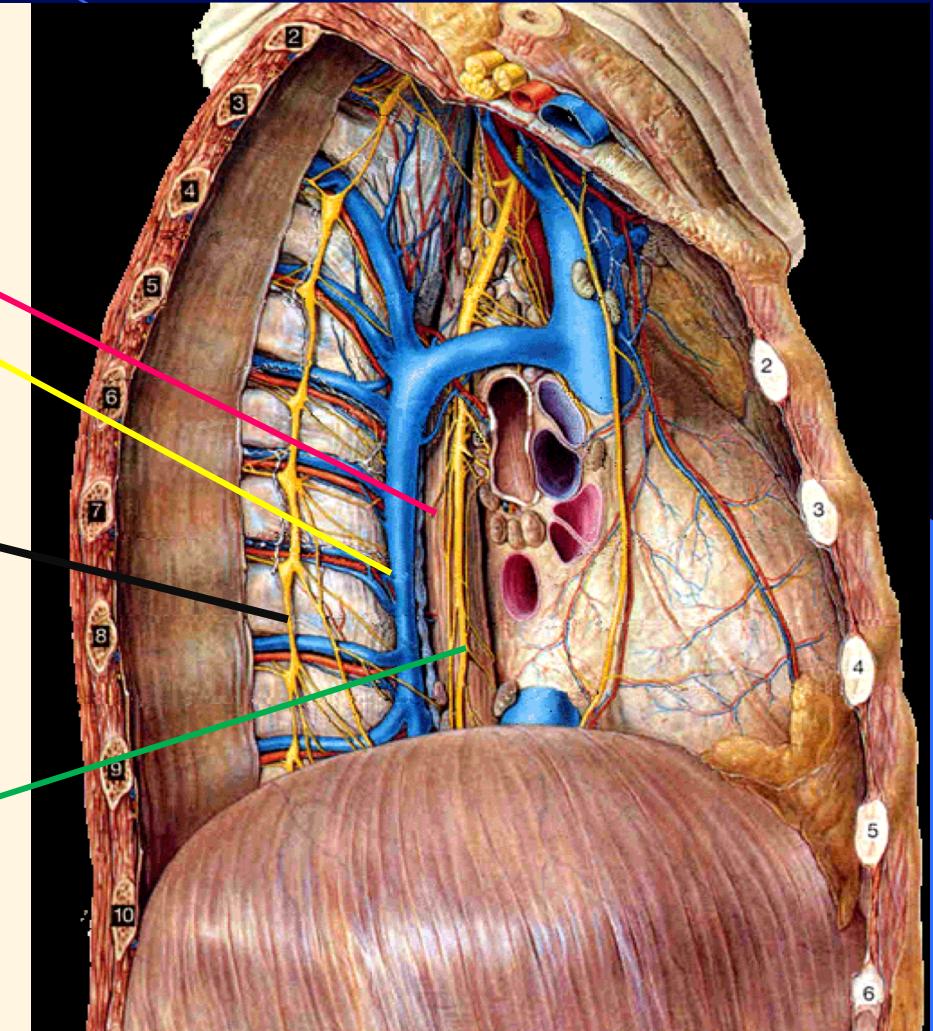
Posterior Mediastinum

- **Boundaries:**
- Superior: Horizontal plane
- Inferior: Diaphragm
- Anterior: Heart
- Posterior: Thoracic vertebrae from **T5 -T12**
- Lateral: Lungs & pleurae



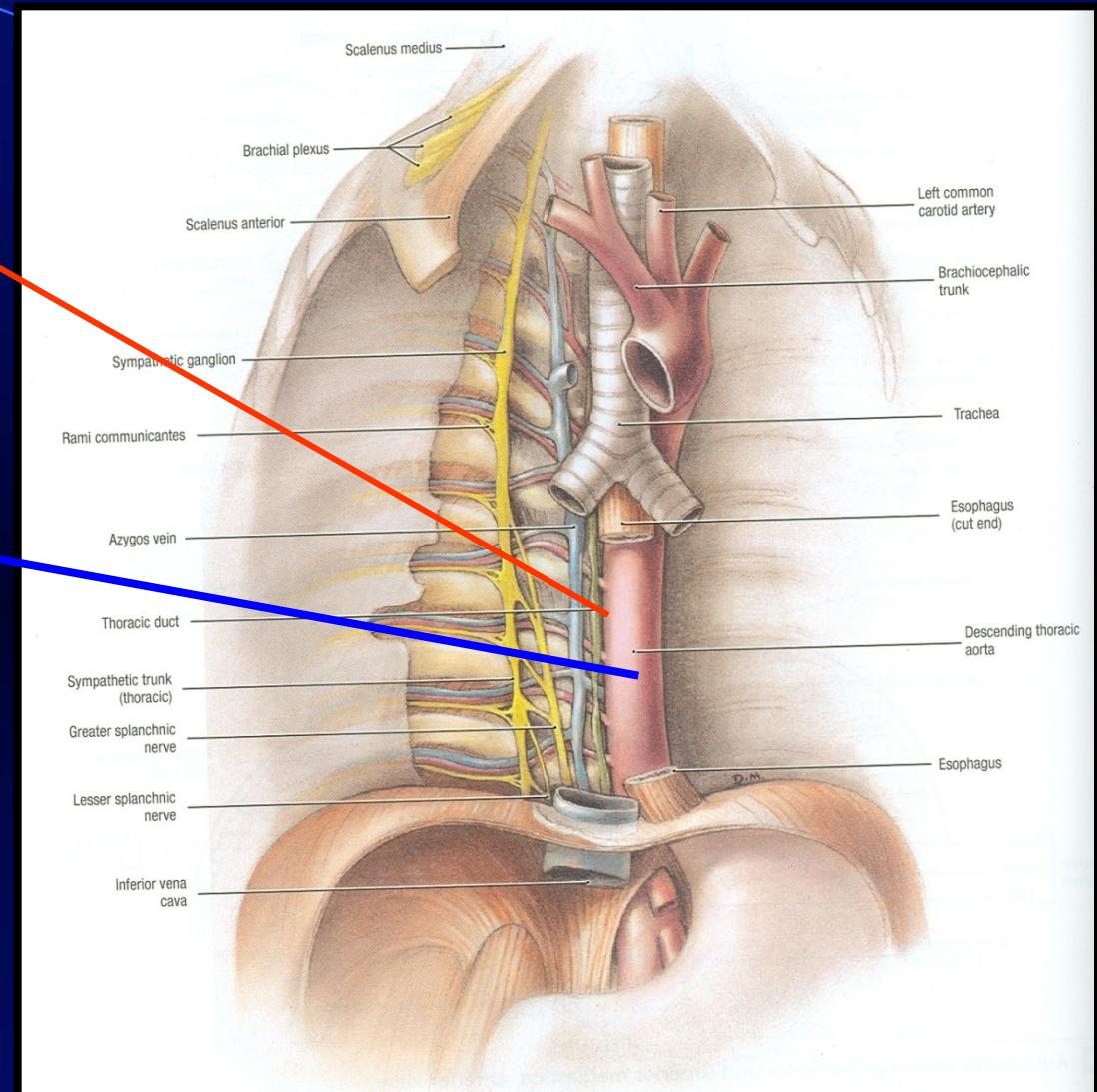
- **Contents:**

- **1. Esophagus,** ↗
- **2. Azygos system of veins,: posterior & to the right of esophagus** ↘
- **3. R & L Thoracic Sympathetic trunks,** ↙
- **4. Mediastinal lymph nodes**
- **5. Vagus nerves** ↘

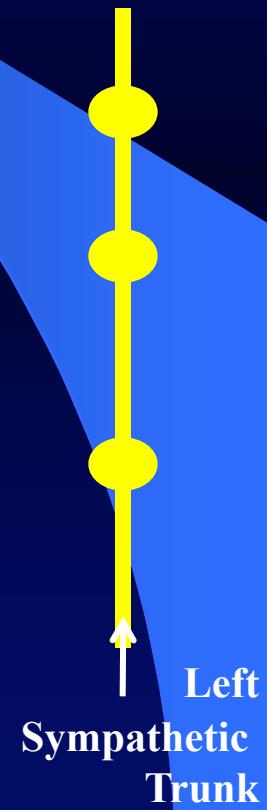
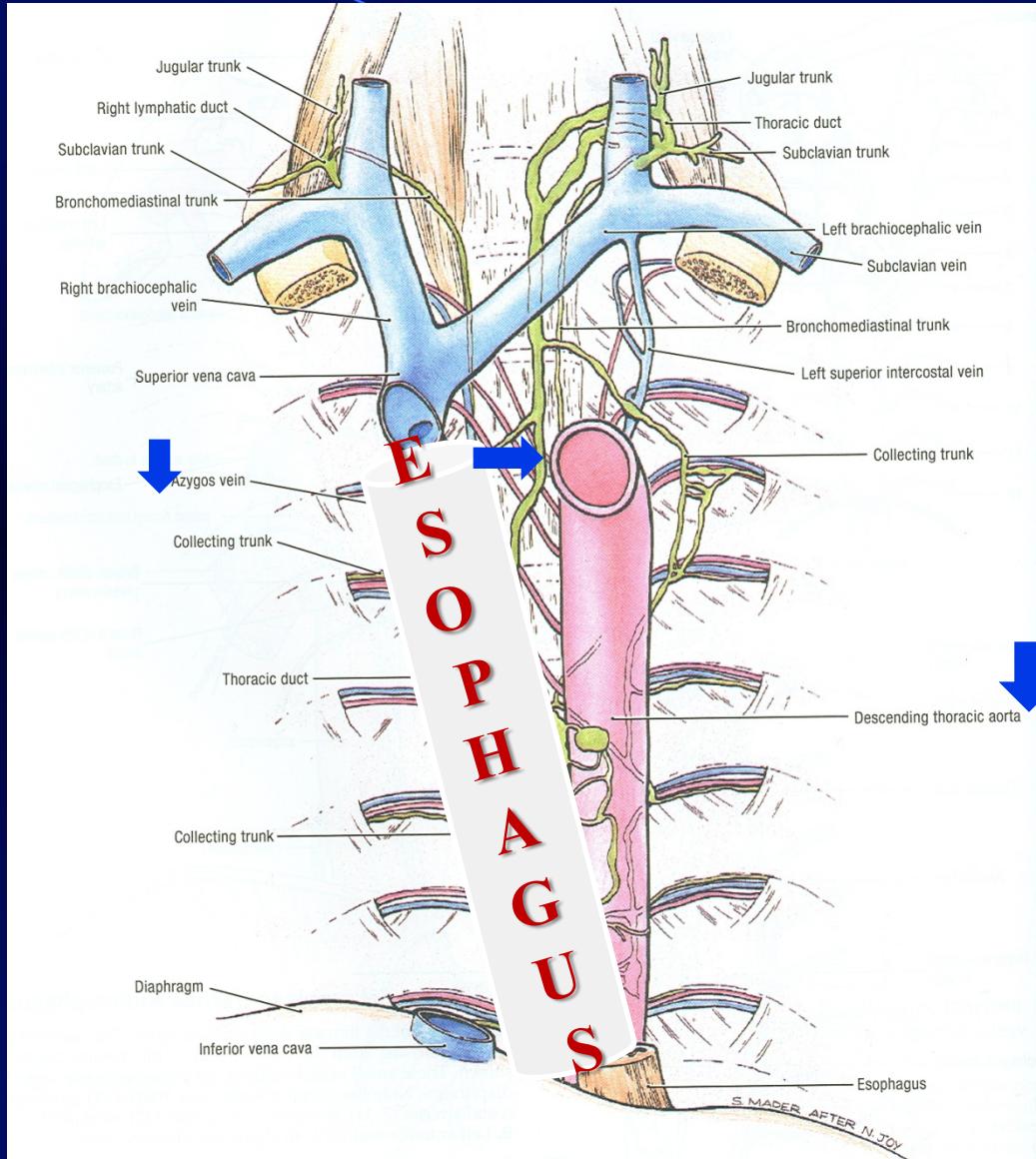
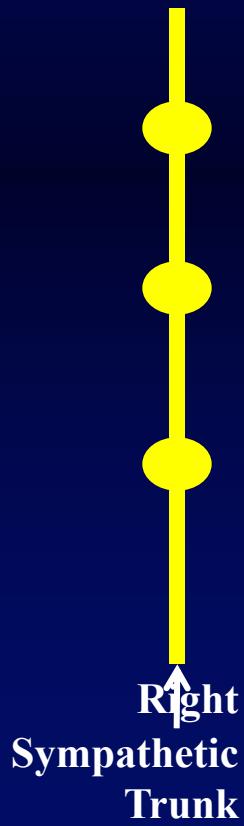


**6. Thoracic duct:
(posterior to esophagus).**

**7. Descending aorta:
posterior &
to the left of
esophagus**

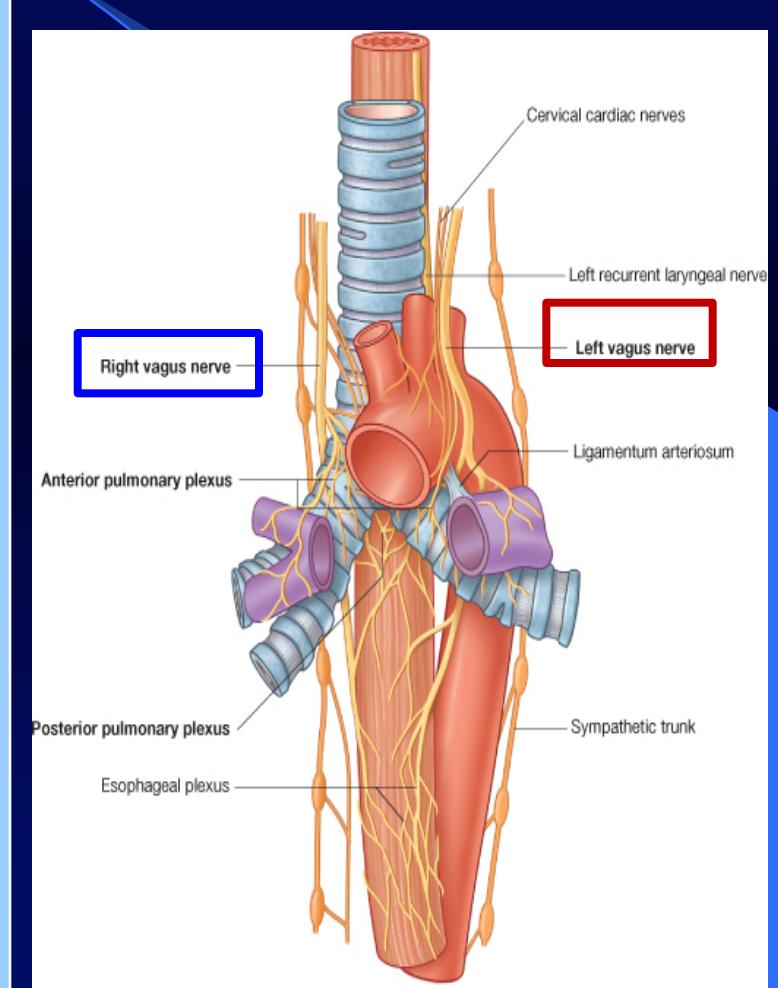


CONTENTS OF POSTERIOR MEDIASTINUM



VAGUS NERVE

- It is the 10th cranial nerve.
- It descends through the Superior & Posterior mediastina
- The right vagus descends to the right side of trachea, forms the **posterior esophageal plexus** & continues in abdomen as **posterior gastric nerve**.
- The left vagus descends between left common carotid & left subclavian arteries, forms the **anterior esophageal plexus** & continues in abdomen as **anterior gastric nerve**.



AORTA

ASCENDING AORTA:

Beginning: at aortic orifice of left ventricle.

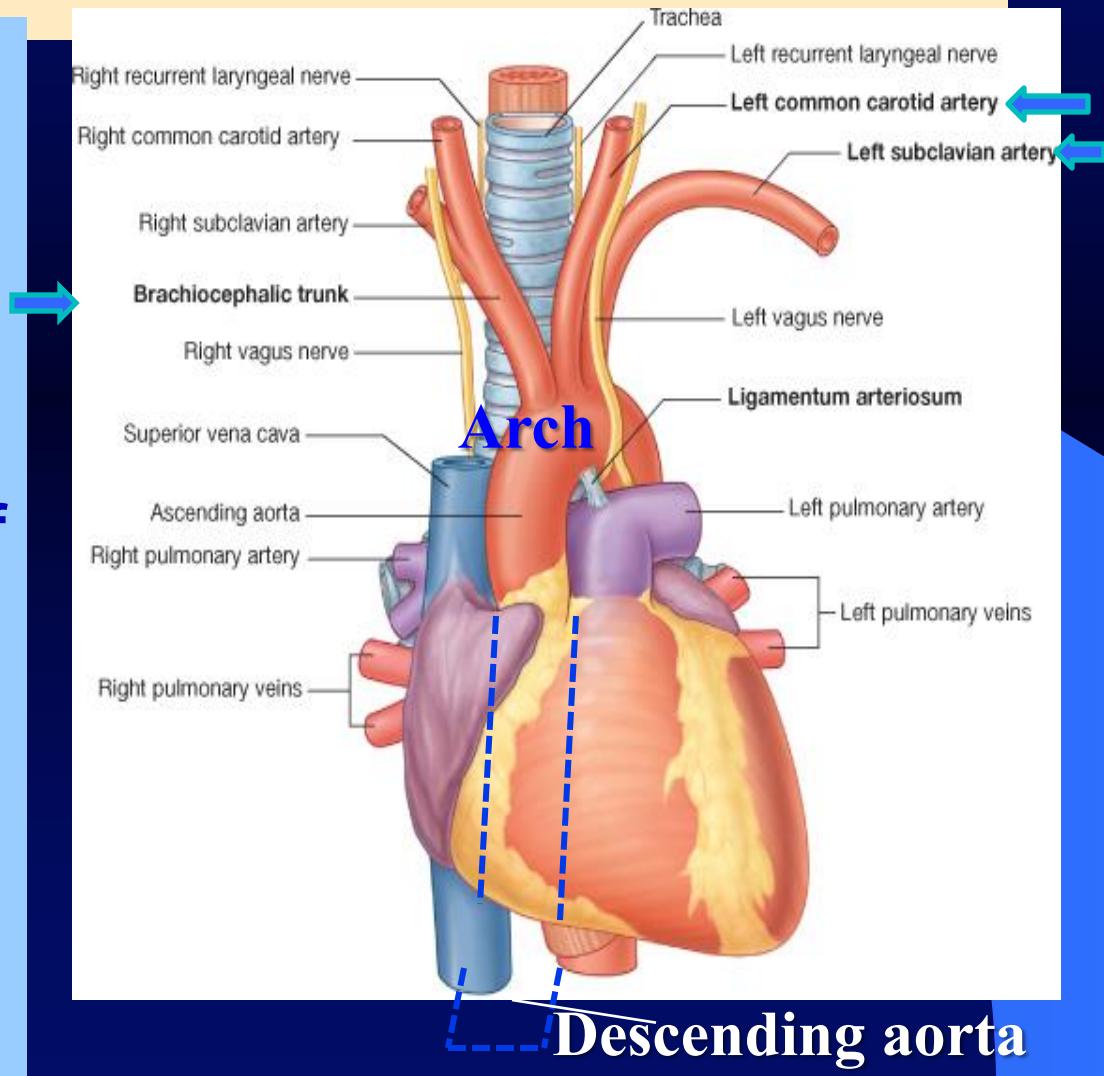
Course: in middle mediastinum

End: continues as arch of aorta (at level of T4)

ARCH OF AORTA:

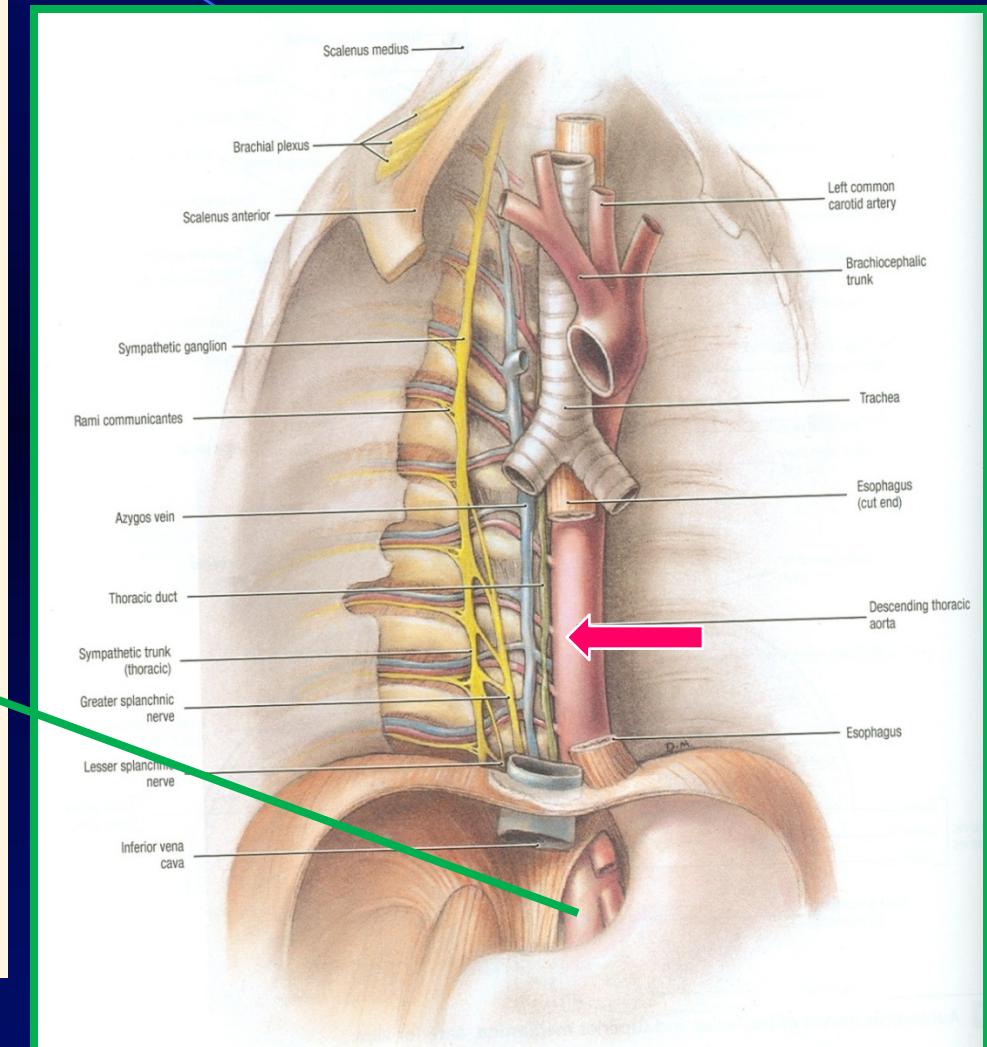
Course: in superior mediastinum

End: continues as descending thoracic aorta (at level of T4)



- **DESCENDING AORTA:**

- **Course:** in posterior mediastinum
- **End:** continues as abdominal aorta after it passes through diaphragm



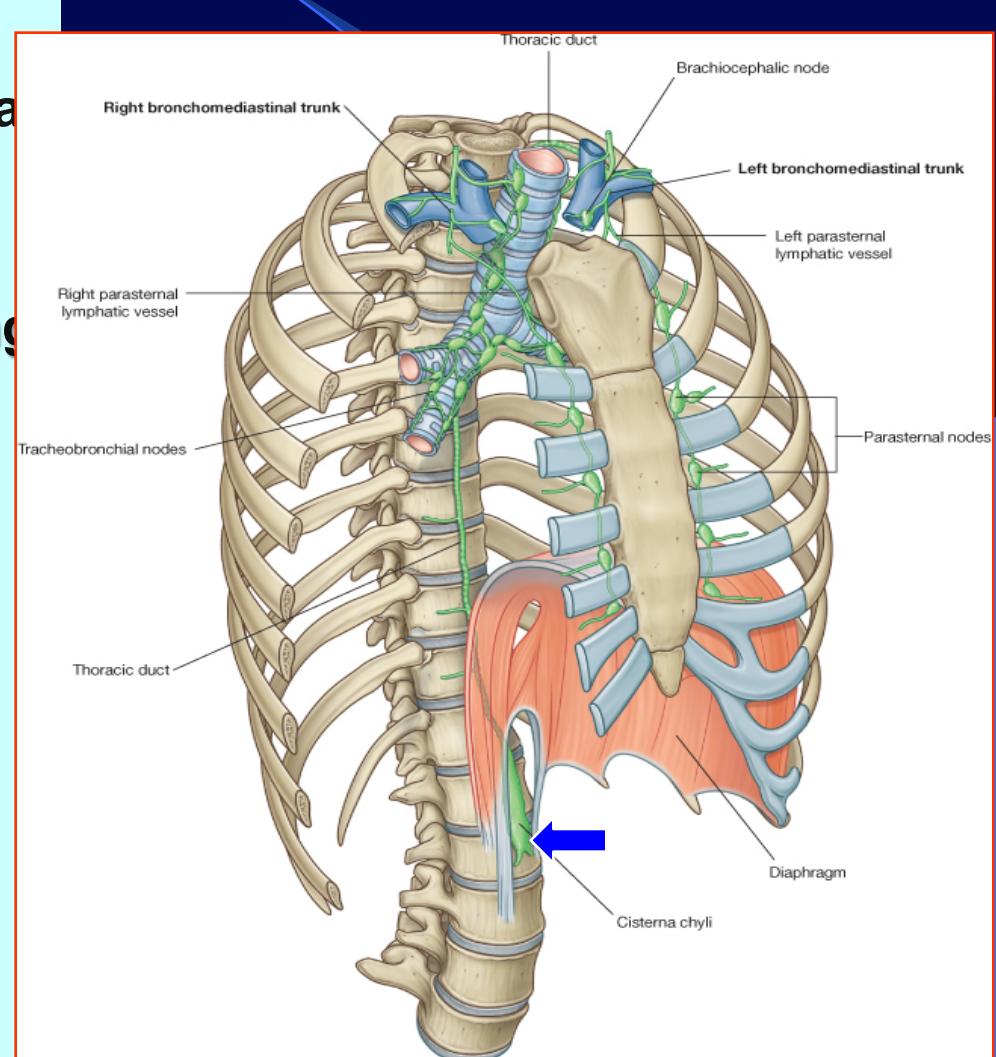
THORACIC DUCT

BEGINNING:

- It is the continuation of Cisterna Chyli (at the level of L1).

COURSE:

- It passes through aortic opening of diaphragm.
- It ascends in **Posterior mediastinum** (posterior to esophagus).
- It ascends in **Superior mediastinum** (to the left of esophagus).



TRIBUTARIES:

It receives:

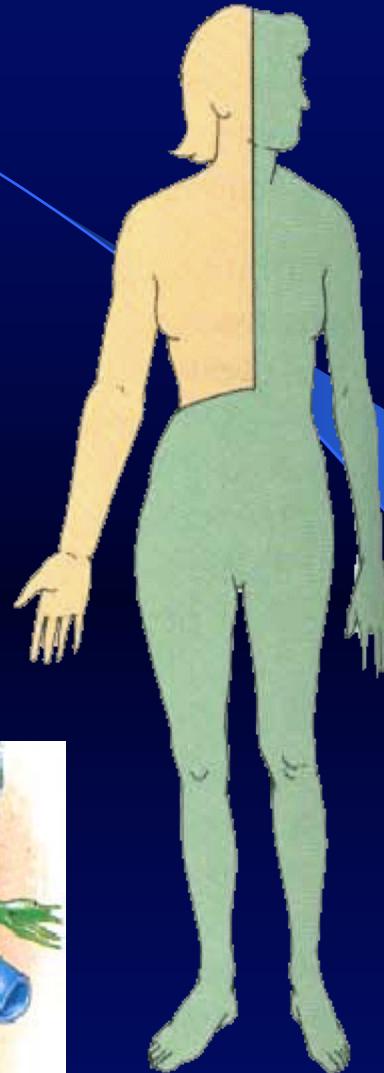
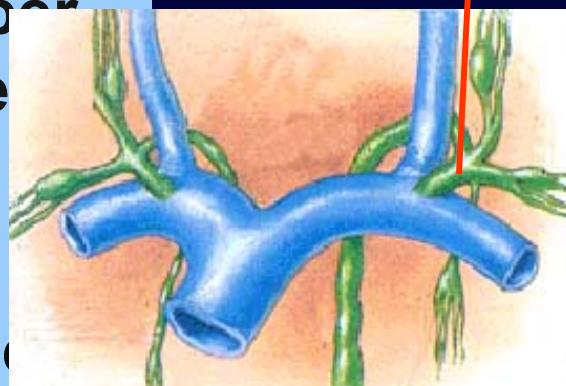
Lymphatics from all body

EXCEPT:

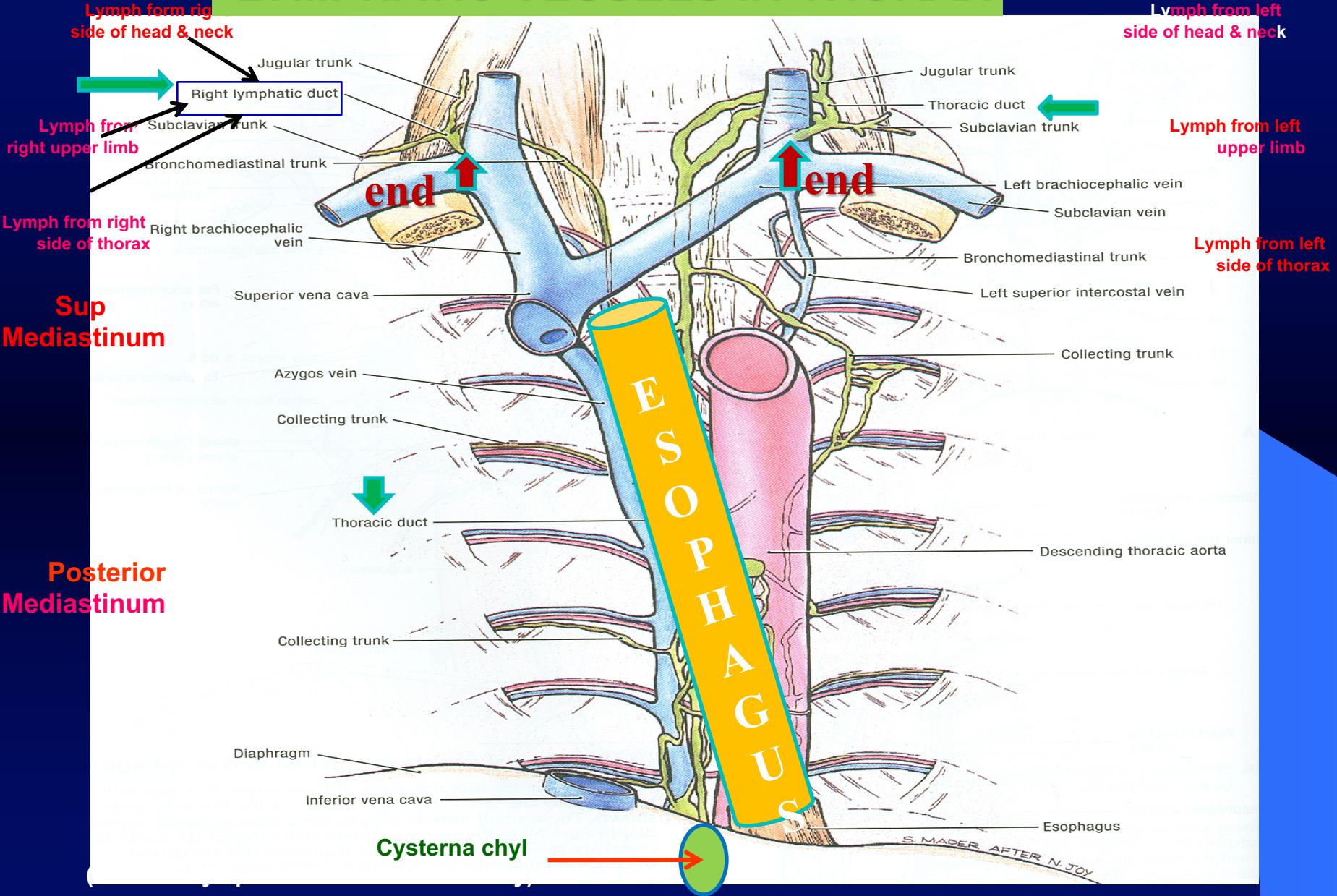
Right side of thorax, Right upper limb & Right side head & neck.

END:

It opens in the left brachiocephalic vein.



LYMPHATIC VESSELS IN THORAX



Thank You