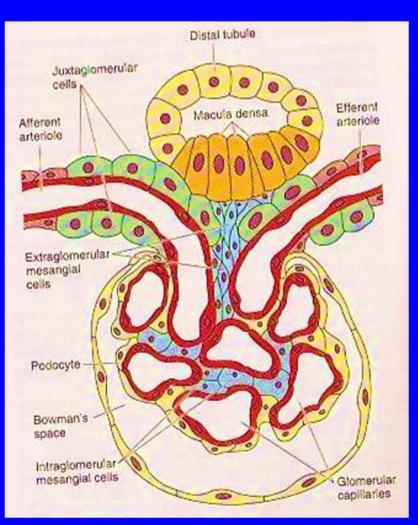
The urinary passage

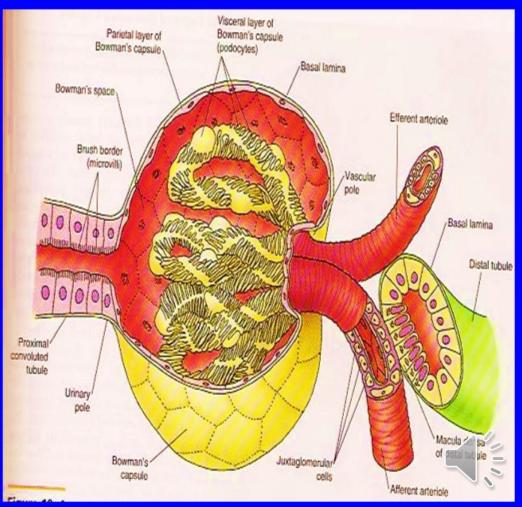
Objectives:

- By the end of this lecture, the student should be able to describe
- 1. The microscopic structure of the Renal pelvis and ureter.
 - 2. The microscopic structure of the urinary bladder and male and female urethra



Juxtaglomerular apparatus





Juxtaglomerular apparatus

■ It has 3 components:

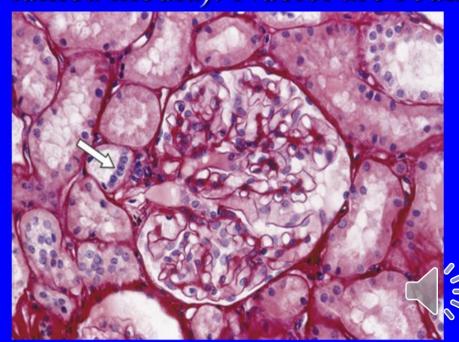
A-The macula densa of distal tubule: Tall cells with centrally-placed nuclei

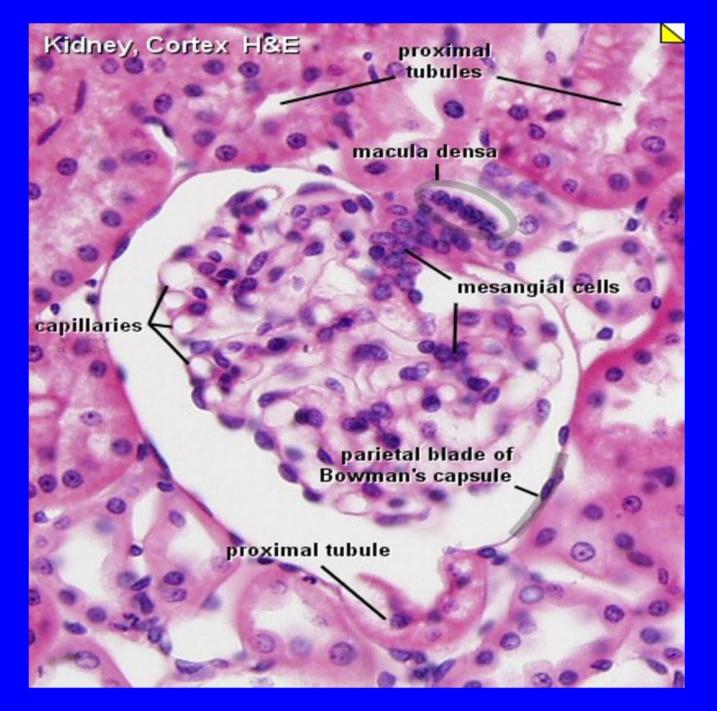
B-Juxtaglomerular cells of afferent glomerular arteriole (modified smooth muscle of tunica media). Nuclei are round

with granular cytoplasm.

*They secrete renin.

C-The extraglomerular mesangial cells.

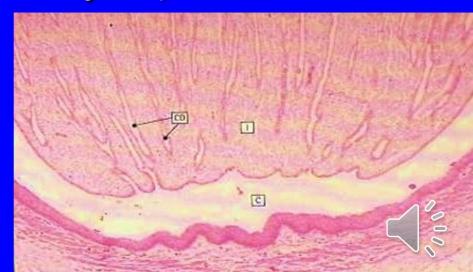






Renal Calyces

- Each calyx accepts urine from the renal papilla of a renal pyramid.
- They are lined with transitional epith., lamina propria and smooth muscle.
- Minor calyces merge to form major calyces (with same lining tissue as minor calyces).
- Major calyces open into renal pelvis.



Ureter

1. Mucosa:

Is formed of transitional epith. and lamina propria.

2. Muscularis (muscular coat):

Is formed of 2 layers of smooth muscle in the upper 2/3:

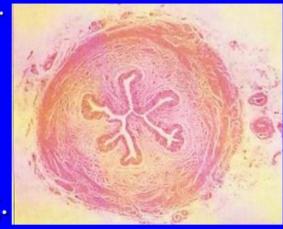
- A- Inner longitudinal.
 - B- Outer circular.

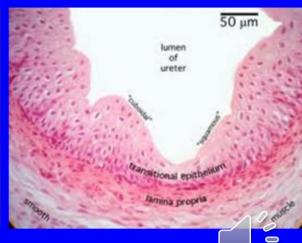
Is formed of 3 layers of smooth muscle in the lower 1/3:

- A- Inner longitudinal.
- B- Middle circular.
- C- Outer longitudinal.

3. Adventitia

fibrous C.T. covering.



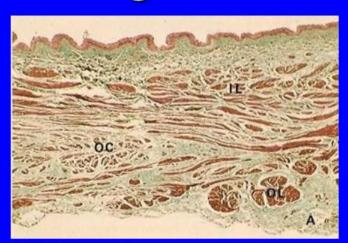


N.B. *No serosa.*

Urinary bladder

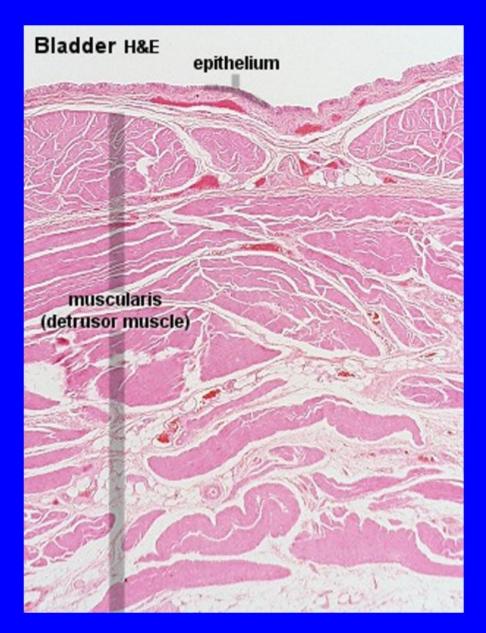
- It has the same structure as the lower third of ureter.
- Superficial layer of transitional epithelium has dome-shaped cells (in empty bladder).
- It has 3 layers of smooth muscle: inner and outer longitudinal (thin) and middle circular (thick) layers.
- Its outer covering is adventitia

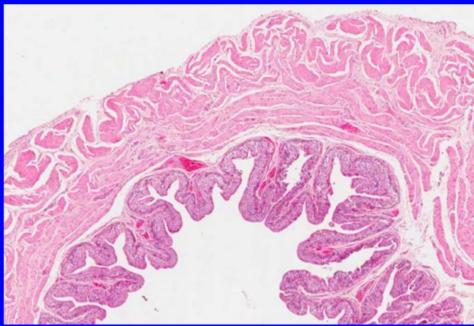
or serosa.

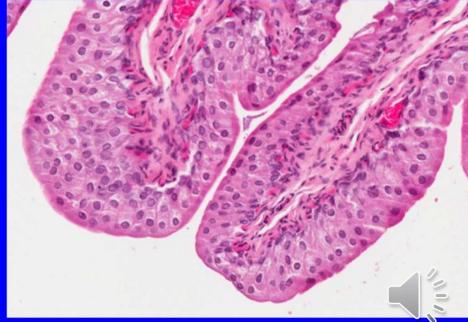




Urinary bladder







Female Urethra

Female urethra is short and lined by :

A- Epithelium:

- 1-Transitional epith. Near the bladder.
- 2- Pseudostratified columnar epith.
- 3- Stratified squamous non-keratinized epith.

B- Sub-epithelial fibroelastic CT

that contains glands of Littre (mucus-secreting glands).

C- Smooth muscle:

inner longitudinal and outer circular layers.



Male Urethra

- It is long and is divided into 3 regions:
- 1- Prostatic urethra: is lined with transitional epith.
- 2- Membranous urethra: is lined with: Stratified columnar epith. with patches of pseudustratified columnar epithelium.
- 3- Penile (spongy) urethra: is lined with: Stratified columnar epith. with patches of pseudustratified columnar epithelium.
- N.B. In navicular fossa (enlarged terminal portion): Stratified squamous non-keratinized epith.
- N.B. The lamina propria contains mucus-secreting glands of Littre.

BEST WISHES

