NERVOUS BLOCK

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AFFERENT CRANIAL NERVE NUCLEI

- 1. General Somatic Afferent (General sensation from the FACE):
 - Mesencephalic Nucleus of 5th for proprioception
 - Main sensory Nucleus of 5th for touch
 - Spinal Nucleus of 5th for pain & temperature
- 2. General Visceral Afferent (sensation from the VISCERA):
 - Nucleus Solitarius (Solitary Nucleus): receives fibers from viscera along 9th & 10th

3. Special Somatic Afferent:

- Cochlear Nuclei: receive fibers from 8th
- Vestibular Nuclei: receive fibers from 8th

4. Special Visceral Afferent:

 Nucleus solitarius (Solitary Nucleus): receives taste fibers from tongue along 7th & 9th

EFFERENT CRANIAL NERVE NUCLEI

- 1. General Somatic Efferent (to muscles derived from MYOTOMES):
 - Occulomotor Nucleus of 3rd to extraoccular muscles EXCEPT
 - Trochlear Nucleus of 4th to Superior Oblique
 - Abducent Nucleus of 6th to Lateral Rectus
 - Hypoglossal Nucleus of 12th to muscles of tongue EXCEPT PALATOGLOSSUS
- 2. <u>General Visceral Efferent</u> (PARASYMPATHETIC):
 - Edinger Westphal Nucleus of 3rd to sphincter pupillae & ciliary muscles
 - Superior Salivatory Nucleus of 7th to submandibular & sublingual salivary glands + lacrimal, nasal & palatine glands.
 - Inferior Salivatory Nucleus of 9th: to parotid salivary gland
 - Dorsal Motor Nucleus of 10th: to thoracic & abdominal viscera

EFFERENT CRANIAL NERVE NUCLEI

- 3. <u>Special Visceral Efferent</u> (to muscles derived from BRANCHIAL ARCHES):
- Motor Nucleus of 5th to muscles derived from 1st branchial arch: muscles of mastication,
- Motor Nucleus of 7th to muscles derived from 2nd branchial arch: muscles of face,
 - Nucleus Ambiguus:
- 1. Along 9th:to muscles derived from 3rd arch: stylopharyngeus
- 2. Along 10th & cranial part of 11th: to muscles derived from 4th & 6th arches: laryngeal + pharyngeal muscles EXCEPT sytlopharyngeus + Palatine muscles EXCEPT Tensor palati

MIXED CRANIAL NERVES

TRIGEMINAL

- Sensory nuclei: mesencephalic, main sensory & spinal: general sensation from face.
- Motor nucleus of trigeminal: to muscles derived from 1st branchial arch: muscles of mastication,

IFACIAL

- Nucleus Solitarius: taste fibers from anterior 2/3 of tongue
- Superior Salivatory nucleus: secretory fibers to submandibular & sublingual salivary glands + lacrimal, nasal & palatine glands.
- Motor Nucleus of facial: to muscles derived from 2nd branchial arch: muscles of face,

MIXED CRANIAL NERVES

☐ GLOSSOPHARYNGEAL

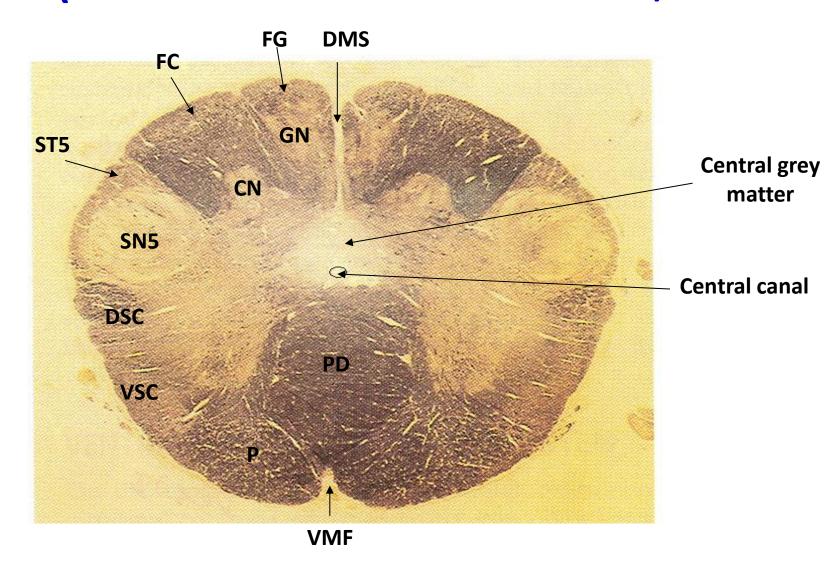
- Nucleus Solitarius: sensory fibers from pharynx & tonsils and taste fibers from posterior 1/3 of tongue
- Inferior salivatory Nucleus: secretory fibers to parotid gland
- Nucleus Ambiguus: motor fibers to muscles derived from 3rd arch: stylopharyngeus

VAGUS

- Nucleus Solitarius: sensory fibers from thoracic & abdominal viscera
- Dorsal Motor Nucleus: motor fibers to thoracic & abdominal viscera
- Nucleus Ambiguus: motor fibers to muscles derived from 4th & 6th arches: laryngeal + pharyngeal muscles EXCEPT sytlopharyngeus + Palatine muscles EXCEPT Tensor palati

CAUDAL MEDULLA

(LEVEL OF PYRAMIDAL DECUSSATION)

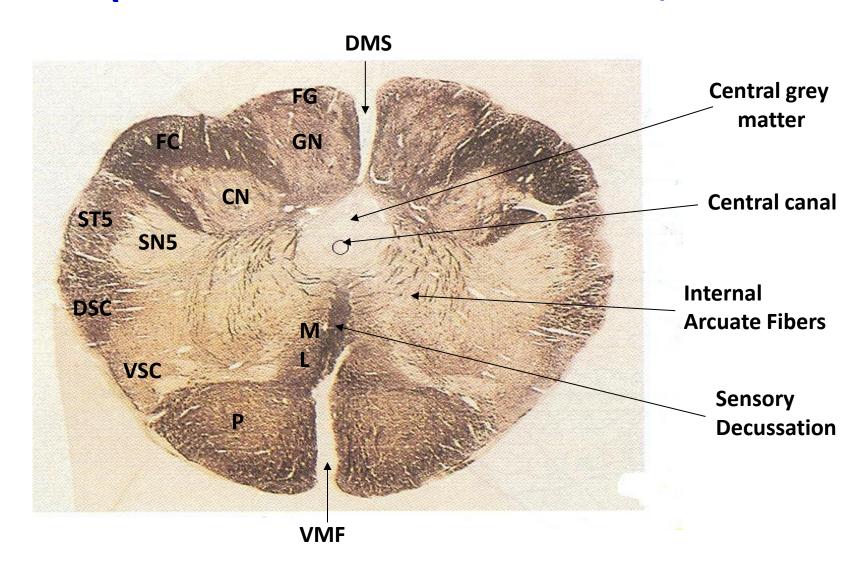


CAUDAL MEDULLA (LEVEL OF PYRAMIDAL DECUSSATION)

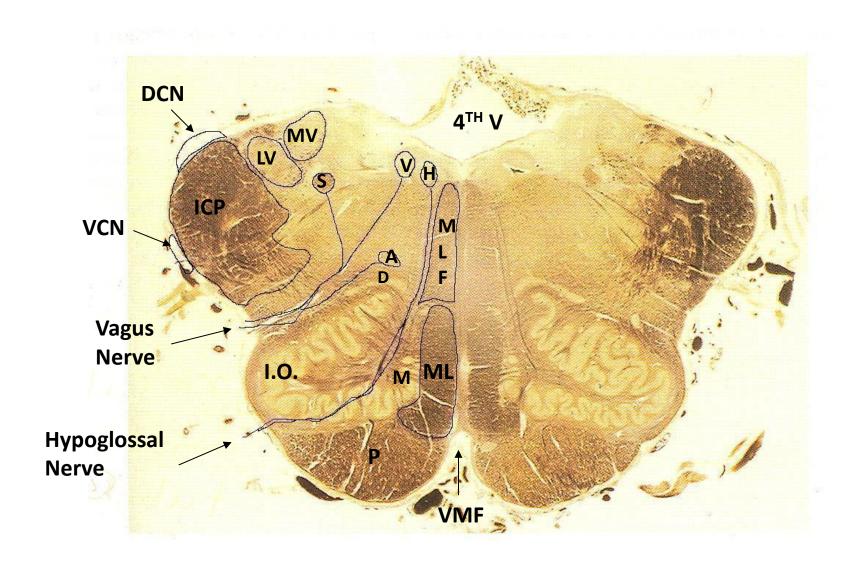
- DMS: Dorsal median sulcus
- FG: fasciculus gracilis
- GN: Gracile nucleus
- FC: Fasciculus cuneatus
- CN: Cuneate nucleus
- SN5: Spinal nucleus of trigeminal nerve
- ST5: Spinal tract of trigeminal nerve
- P: Pyramid
- PD: Pyramidal decussation
- DSC: Dorsal spinocerebellar tract
- VSC: Ventral spinocerebellar tract
- VMF: Ventral median fissure

MID MEDULLA

(LEVEL OF SENSORY DECUSSATION)



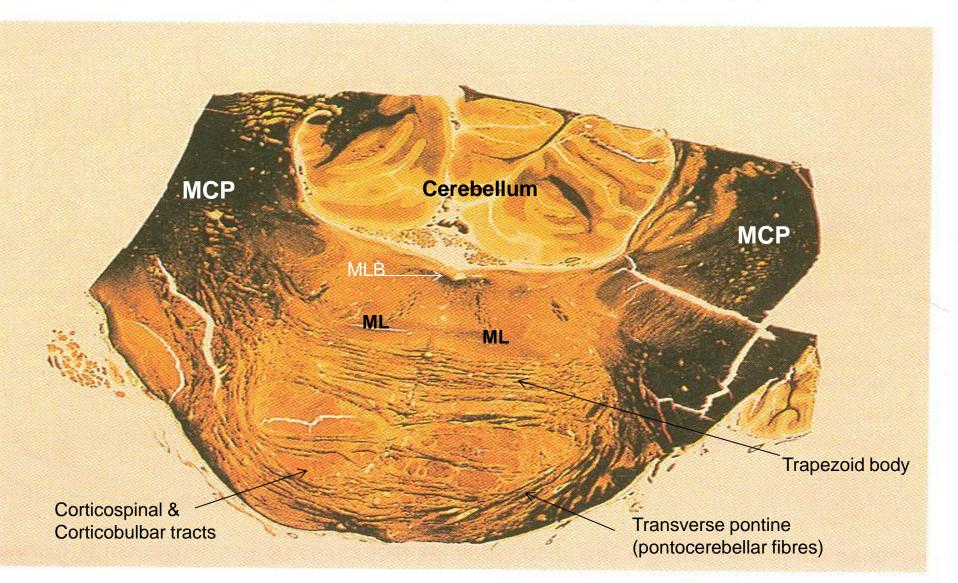
ROSTRAL MEDULLA



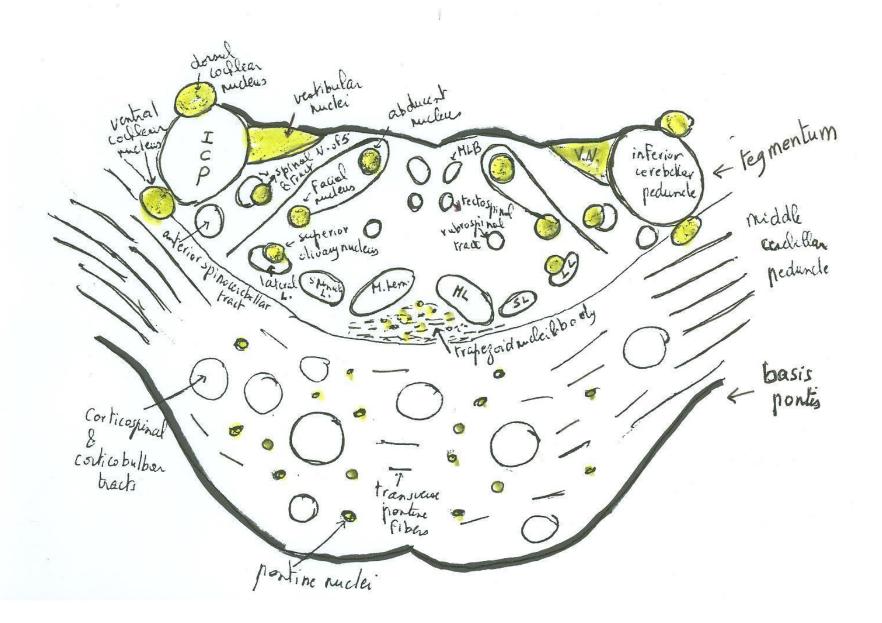
ROSTRAL MEDULLA

- H: Hypoglossal nucleus
- V: Dorsal vagal nucleus
- S: Nucleus solitarius
- A: nucleus ambiguus
- MV: Medial vestibular nucleus
- LV: Lateral vestibular nucleus
- DCN: Dorsal cochlear nucleus
- VCN: Ventral cochlear nucleus
- ICP: Inferior cerebellar peduncle
- I.O.: Inferior olive
- D: Dorsal accessory olive
- M: Medial accessory olive
- MLF: Medial longitudinal fascisulus
- ML: Medial leminiscus
- P: Pyramid
- VMF: Ventral median fissure

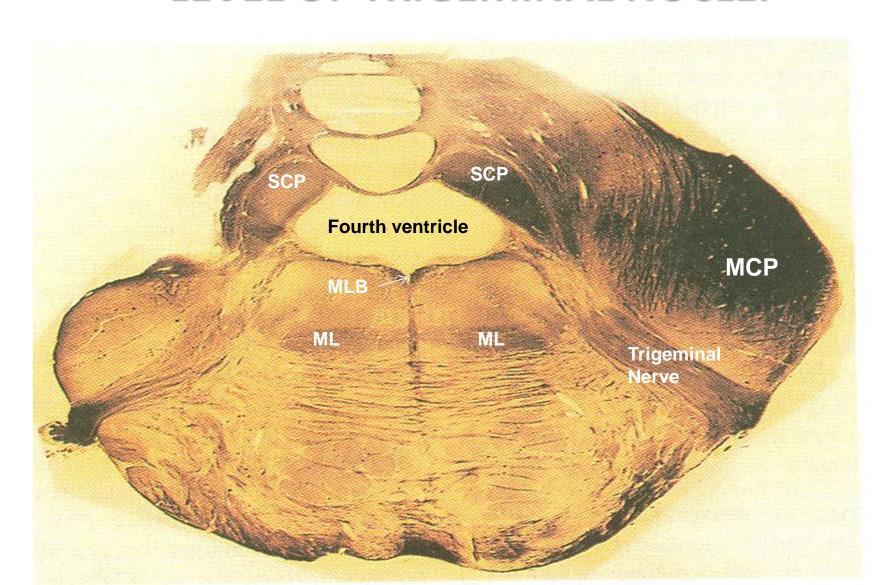
CAUDAL PONS LEVEL OF FACIAL COLLICULUS



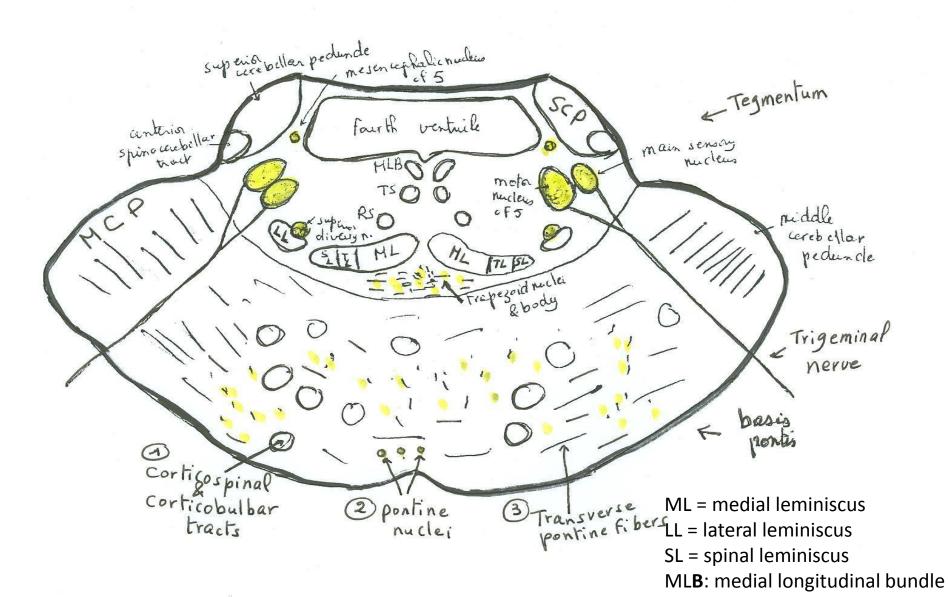
CAUDAL PONS: LEVEL OF FACIAL COLLICULUS



MIDPONS LEVEL OF TRIGEMINAL NUCLEI

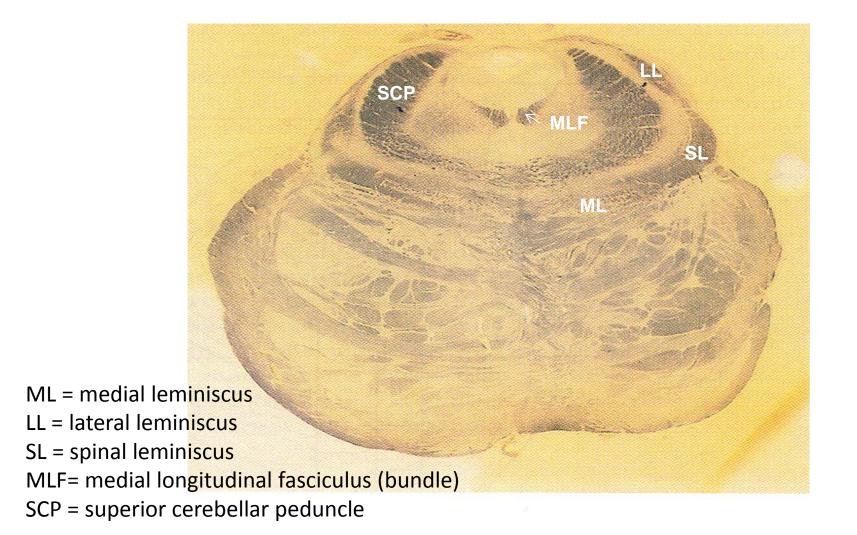


MIDPONS: LEVEL OF TRIGEMINAL NUCLEI

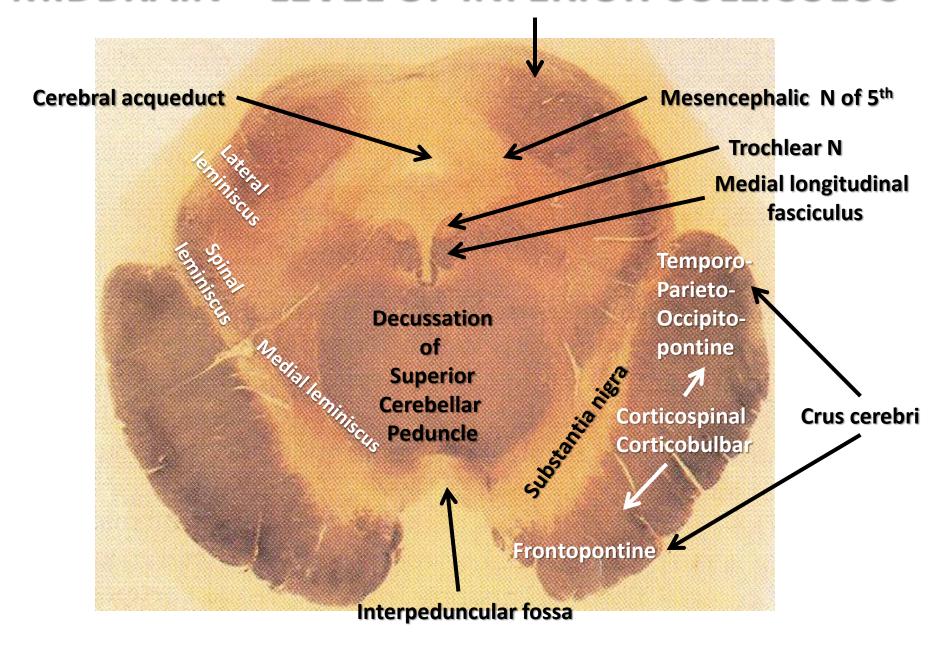


TS = tectospinal. Rs = rubrospinal

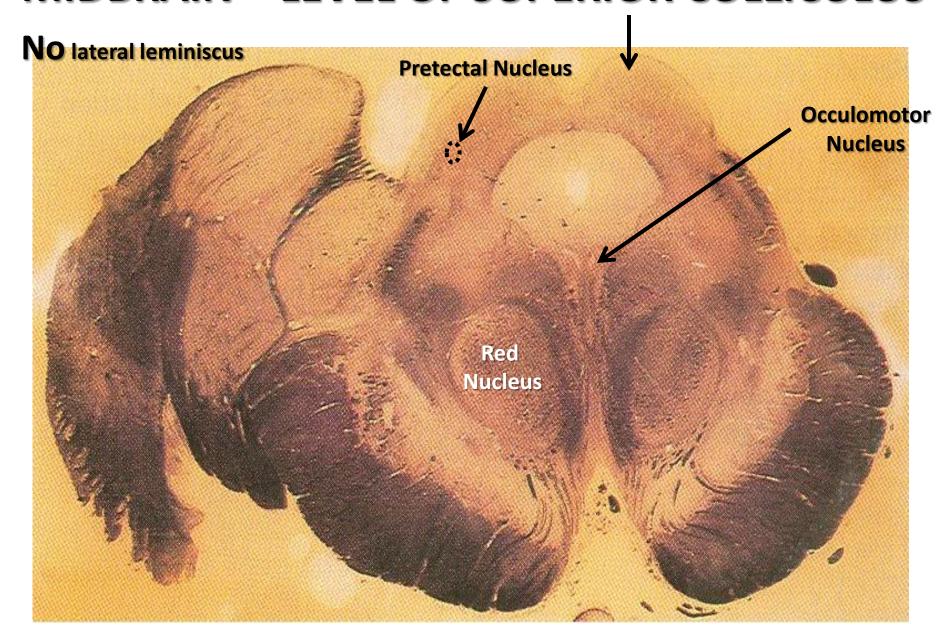
ROSTRAL PONS



MIDBRAIN – LEVEL OF INFERIOR COLLICULUS



MIDBRAIN – LEVEL OF SUPERIOR COLLICULUS



TRACTS

□LOCATION IN SPINAL CORD:

- All Ascending tracts lie in lateral white column EXCEPT:
- 1. Dorsal column (gracile & cuneate) in dorsal (posterior) white column
- 2. Ventral (anterior) spinothalamic in ventral (anterior) white column
- All Descending tracts lie in anterior white column EXCEPT:

Lateral corticospinal & rubrospinal in lateral white column

TRACTS

□<u>NEURONS:</u>

- In all ascending tracts: 1st order neurons are the same: cells of dorsal root ganglia
- In dorsal column & spinothalamic tracts: 3rd
 order neurons are also the same: cells PVLNT
- In all ascending tracts: 2nd order neurons are present in the spinal cord EXCEPT in case of gracile & cuneate tracts (in medulla).
- In all descending tracts: the termination is the same: cells of anterior horn of spinal cord.

NERVES

- Origin
- Important parts in the course
- Supply
- Lesions

GOOD LUCK