



Understanding Systems and the impact of complexity on patient

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Slides

Important

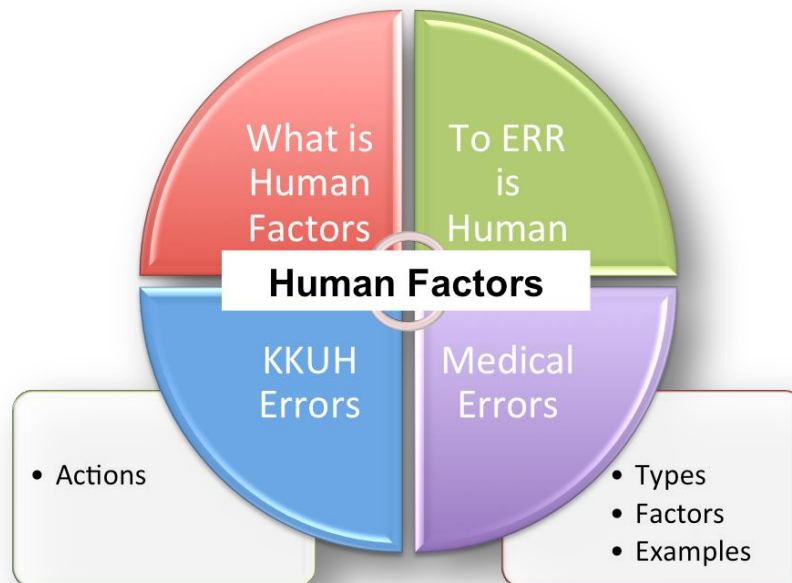
Explanation

Objectives and Mind Map

Objectives:

- 1- Human factors and their relation to patient safety
- 2- to Err is Human : True or False
- 3- Medical Errors : types , causes and example
- 4- Actions to reduce medical errors which related to humans

Mind Map:



Human Factors (HFS)

- **Understanding and advancement** of the systematic consideration of people in relation to machines, systems, tools, and environments.
- (HFS) highlights fundamental human capabilities, limitations, and tendencies, as well as the basics of human performance.

Medical Errors

Failure of a **planned action** to be completed as intended or **the use of a wrong plan** to achieve an aim.

Types of Medical Errors Important

Near Miss

- incidence about to happen but by chance didn't occur.

A patient is anesthetized and incorrectly prepared for surgery on his right leg. In the operating room, during a final check of the patient's X-ray, the surgeon realizes the film was accidentally reversed. The surgery should be performed on his left leg.

sentinel event

- is an unexpected occurrence involving death or serious physical or psychological injury

Same example above, but if no one noticed that the film was reversed and the surgery was performed.

Medication Error

- is any preventable event that may cause or led to inappropriate medication use or patient harm.

The patient who wants a flu shot doesn't say he's allergic to eggs, and the nurse forgets to ask, her question would heads off a potentially fatal allergic reaction.

Factors causing errors

- Large work loads
- High patient acuity
- Inexperienced staff
- Lack of rewarding system
- Multiple hand offs
- Constant interruption

Examples of errors

- Delay in response to emergency
- Failure to diagnose or delay of a diagnosis.
- Wrong drug or (wrong patient, wrong chemical, wrong dose, wrong time, wrong route)
- **Wrong-site surgery (Most Common)**
- Retained surgical instruments
- Improper transfusions
- Restraint -related injuries or death
- Falls
- Incorrect record-keeping
- Expired medication dispensed
- Un planned hysterectomy
- Wrong Sponge counting
- Self extubation
- Wrong patient ID , went to wrong procedure
- Wrong medication delivered
- Wrong dose administered

KKUH medical errors

Causes of Medical Errors Important

1- Healthcare Complexity	2- System and Process Design	3- Environmental factors	4- Infrastructure failure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Complicated technologies. - Drugs interaction. - Intensive care. - Prolonged hospital stay. - Multidisciplinary approach. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inadequate communication. - Unclear lines of authority. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Over crowded services. - Unsafe care provision areas. - Areas poorly designed for safe monitoring. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Lack of documentation process. - Lack of continuous improvement process.
5- Human Factors and Ergonomics			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HALT → Hungry, Angry/ Emotions , Late/ lazy , Tired/fatigue/sleep less. - Lack of skilled workers. - Lack of training. 			

Actions

- ✓ **Greater focus on the quality of healthcare** (performance measures / clinical audits/ quality in healthcare research)
- ✓ **Accreditation process mandatory**
- ✓ **Patient safety standards/ goals**
- ✓ **computerized drug ordering systems**
- ✓ **Error reporting** should be voluntary and confidential
- ✓ **malpractice insurance**
- ✓ **National standards for on work hours** for medical interns and residents
- ✓ **Patient education**
- ✓ Verification, credentialing, privileging and evaluation process
- ✓ **Morbidity and mortality review process**
- ✓ OVR process
- ✓ **No Blame Culture**
- ✓ **WHO / JCI/ AC** and others standards and check list
- ✓ **Medical societies**

Questions

1. Which one of the following factors can lead to medical errors?
- a. Large work loads
 - b. Inexperienced staff
 - c. Lack of rewarding system
 - d. All of the above.

2. Drugs interaction and intensive care are examples of which one of the medical errors causes:
- a. System & process design
 - b. Environmental factors
 - c. Healthcare complexity

I.D 2.C

Quiz

1. Among the environmental factors that can lead to medical errors:
 - a. Lack of skilled workers.
 - b. Tired and fatigue staff.
 - c. Poorly designed patient care area.
2. An unexpected occurrence involving death or serious physical or psychological injury is definition of:
 - a. Medication errors.
 - b. Sentinel event.
 - c. Near miss

I.C 2.B