

## NUCLEI BY THE PART OF THE BRAIN STEM:

Nuclei present in the MIDBRAIN	Nuclei present in the PONS	Nuclei present in the MEDULLA
Mesencephalic trigeminal nucleus (V) – <b>sensory</b> .	Pontine Nuclei	Hypoglossal nucleus (XII) – <b>motor</b>
Red nucleus – <b>motor</b> . ( at superior colliculus level )	Vestibular nuclei (VIII) – <b>sensory</b> ( rostral medulla and caudal of pons)	Nucleus ambiguus (IX, X, XI) – <b>motor</b>
Trochlear nucleus (IV) – <b>motor</b> .	Salivary nuclei – <b>visceromotor</b> : ✓ Inferior salivary nucleus (IX) ✓ Superior salivary nucleus (VII)	Cochlear nuclei (VIII) – <b>sensory</b> : ( rostral medulla ) ✓ Dorsal cochlear nucleus Ventral cochlear nucleus
Oculomotor nucleus (III) – <b>motor</b> .	Facial nucleus (VII) – <b>motor</b>	Solitary nucleus (VII, IX, X) – <b>sensory</b> .
Edinger-Westphal nucleus (III) – <b>visceromotor</b> .	Abducens nucleus (VI) – <b>motor</b>	Spinal trigeminal nucleus (V) – <b>sensory</b> .
--	Trigeminal motor nucleus (V) – <b>motor</b> .	Inferior olive nucleus. ( rostral medulla )
--	Main trigeminal nucleus (V) - <b>sensory</b>	Vestibular nuclei (VIII) – <b>sensory</b> ( rostral medulla and caudal of pons)
--	--	Dorsal motor nucleus of vagus nerve (X) – <b>visceromotor</b> .

## NUCLEI OF THE CRANIAL NERVES:

Cranial nerve	Nuclei
Olfactory nerve	Olfactory bulb
Optic nerve	Lateral geniculate nucleus
Oculomotor nerve	✓ Oculomotor nucleus ✓ Edinger-Westphal nucleus(accessory)
Trochlear nerve	Trochlear nucleus
Trigeminal nerve	✓ Mesencephalic nucleus ✓ Principal sensory nucleus ✓ Spinal trigeminal nucleus ✓ Trigeminal motor nucleus
Abducens nerve	Abducens nucleus
Facial nerve	✓ Facial motor nucleus ✓ Superior salivatory nucleus ✓ Solitary nucleus
Vestibulocochlear nerve	✓ Vestibular nuclei. ( S,I,M,L) ✓ Cochlear nucleus. (v.d)
Glossopharyngeal nerve	✓ Solitary nucleus ✓ Spinal nucleus of the trigeminal nerve ✓ Nucleus ambiguus ✓ Inferior salivatory nucleus
Vagus nerve	✓ Dorsal nucleus of vagus nerve ✓ Nucleus ambiguus ✓ Solitary nucleus ✓ Spinal trigeminal nucleus
Accessory nerve	✓ Spinal accessory nucleus ✓ Nucleus ambiguus
Hypoglossal nerve	Hypoglossal nucleus

• الجدولين تقريراً نفس المحتوى لكن بتصنيفين مختلفين  
 • هذا الكلام منكور لكن بشكل متفرق في المحاضرات لكن مهم جداً بالأخص في محاضرة internal structures of brain stem  
 • الملف مراجع من قبل دكتورة سناء

<sup>1</sup> concerned with motor impulses to the viscera.(parasympathetic).

**TABLE 11.6 Cranial Nerves**

<b>Nerve</b>	<b>Components</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Opening in Skull</b>
I. Olfactory	Sensory	Smell	Openings in cribriform plate of ethmoid
II. Optic	Sensory	Vision	Optic canal
III. Oculomotor	Motor	Lifts upper eyelid, turns eyeball upward, downward, and medially; constricts pupil; accommodates eye	Superior orbital fissure
IV. Trochlear	Motor	Assists in turning eyeball downward and laterally	Superior orbital fissure
V. Trigeminal			
Ophthalmic division	Sensory	Cornea, skin of forehead, scalp, eyelids, and nose; also mucous membrane of paranasal sinuses and nasal cavity	Superior orbital fissure
Maxillary division	Sensory	Skin of face over maxilla and the upper lip; teeth of upper jaw; mucous membrane of nose, the maxillary air sinus, and palate	Foramen rotundum
Mandibular division	Motor	Muscles of mastication, mylohyoid, anterior belly of digastric, tensor veli palatini, and tensor tympani	Foramen ovale
	Sensory	Skin of cheek, skin over mandible, lower lip, and side of head; teeth of lower jaw and temporomandibular joint; mucous membrane of mouth and anterior two thirds of tongue	
VI. Abducent	Motor	Lateral rectus muscle: turns eyeball laterally	Superior orbital fissure
VII. Facial	Motor	Muscles of face, cheek, and scalp; stapedius muscle of middle ear; stylohyoid; and posterior belly of digastric	Internal acoustic meatus, facial canal, stylomastoid foramen
	Sensory	Taste from anterior two thirds of tongue, floor of mouth, and palate	
	Secretomotor parasympathetic	Submandibular and sublingual salivary glands, lacrimal gland, and glands of nose and palate	
VIII. Vestibulocochlear			
Vestibular	Sensory	Position and movement of head	Internal acoustic meatus
Cochlear	Sensory	Hearing	
IX. Glossopharyngeal	Motor	Stylopharyngeus muscle: assists swallowing	
	Secretomotor parasympathetic	Parotid salivary gland	Jugular foramen
	Sensory	General sensation and taste from posterior third of tongue and pharynx; carotid sinus and carotid body	

Done by : Afnan Almalki.

If there are any mistakes please contact me : dr.afnanmalki@gmail.com