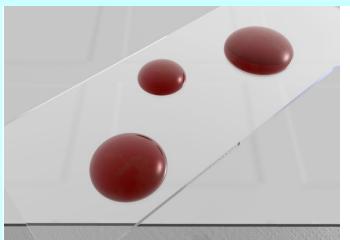
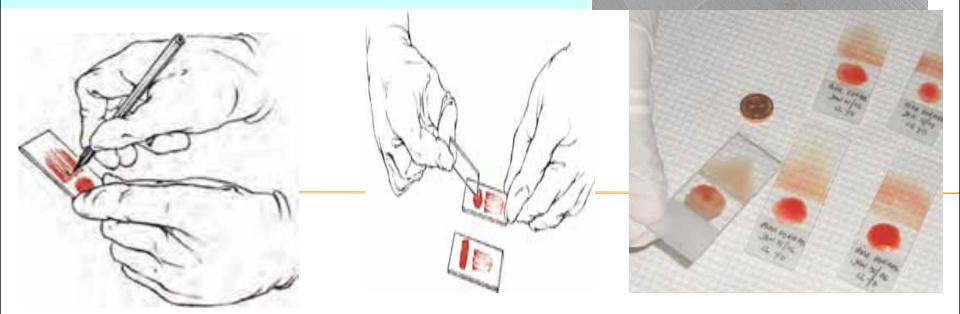
PRACTICAL ON BLOOD PARASITES

# Common methods for parasitological diagnosis of malaria

- The two methods common in use :
- 1: Light microscopy
- 2: Rapid diagnostic tests (RDTs).



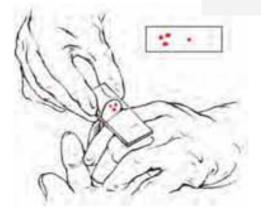


## Laboratory diagnosis of malaria

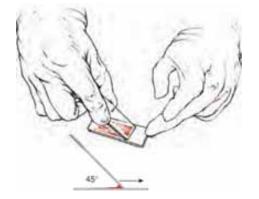
Light microscopy:1: Preparing blood film









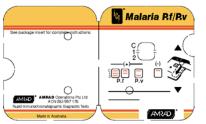


## **Laboratory diagnosis of malaria**

## Rapid diagnostic tests detect malaria antigens

The products come in a number of formats:

- Plastic cassette
- Card
- Dipstick
- Hybrid cassette-dipsticks





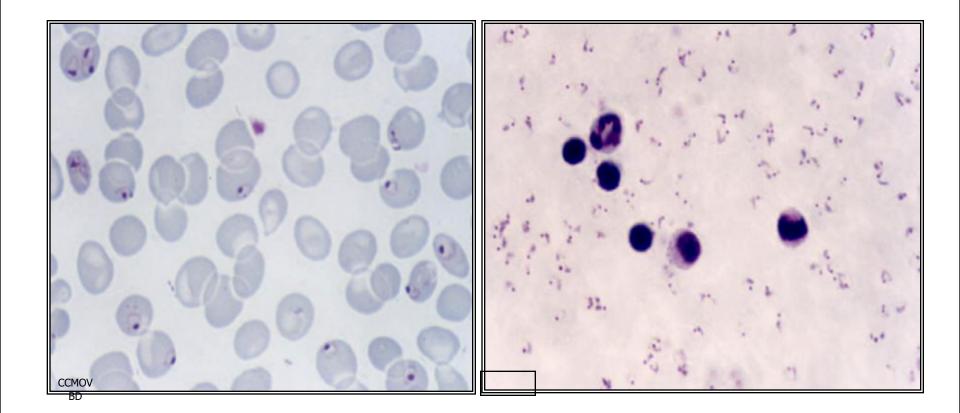


**RDT** procedure

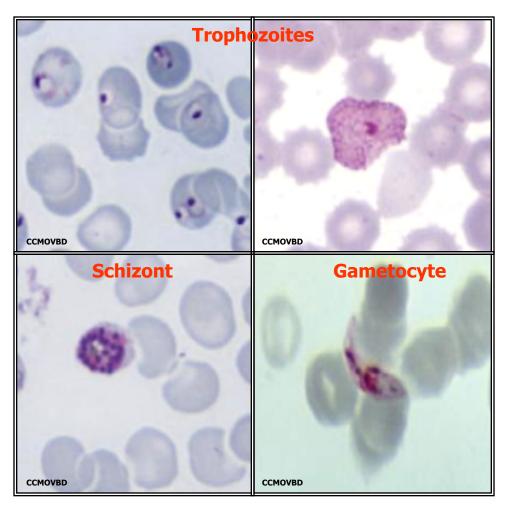
## Laboratory diagnosis of malaria

Plasmodium falciparum (trophozoite stage in thin smear) ring stage

Plasmodium falciparum (trophozoite stage in thick smear)



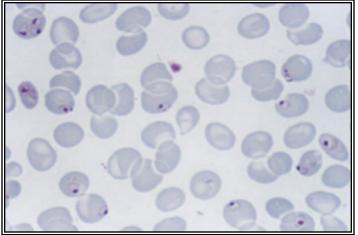
## **The Malaria Parasite**

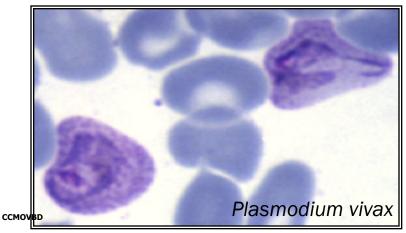


Three developmental stages seen in blood films:

- 1. Trophozoite
- 2. Schizont
- 3. Gametocyte

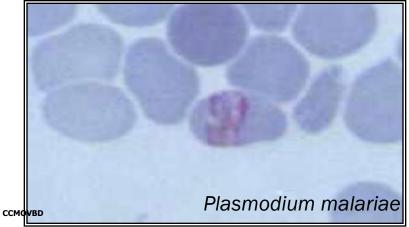
7 Morphology of Malaria

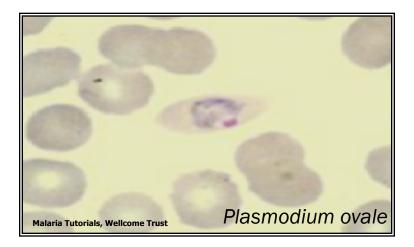




# **Species of malaria is identified by its chracteristic microscopic**

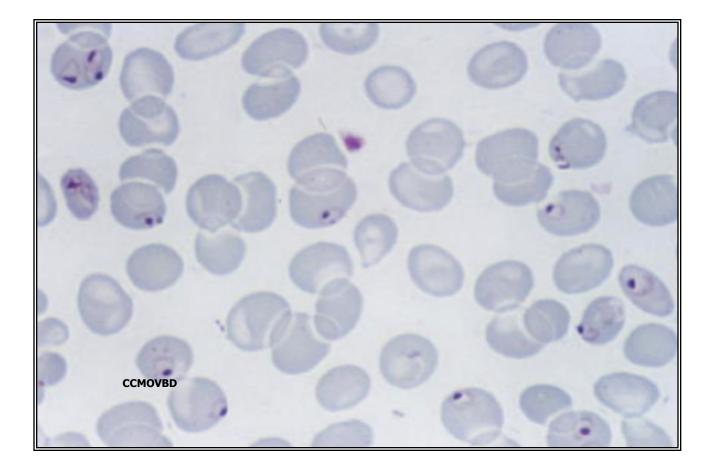
## appearance:



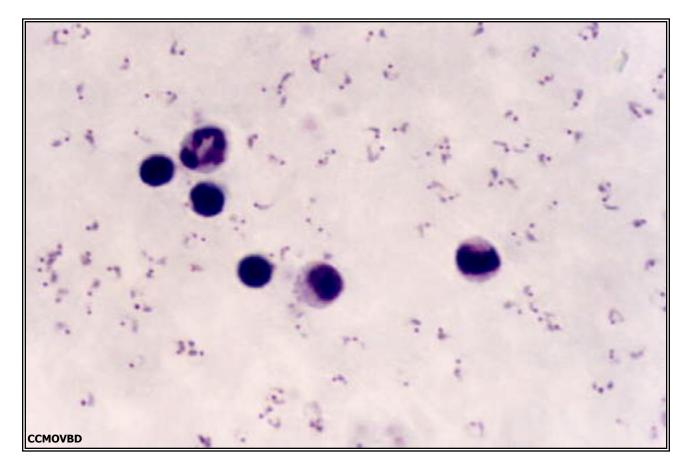


8 Morphology of Malaria

#### **Plasmodium falciparum** (trophozoite ring stage in thin smear)



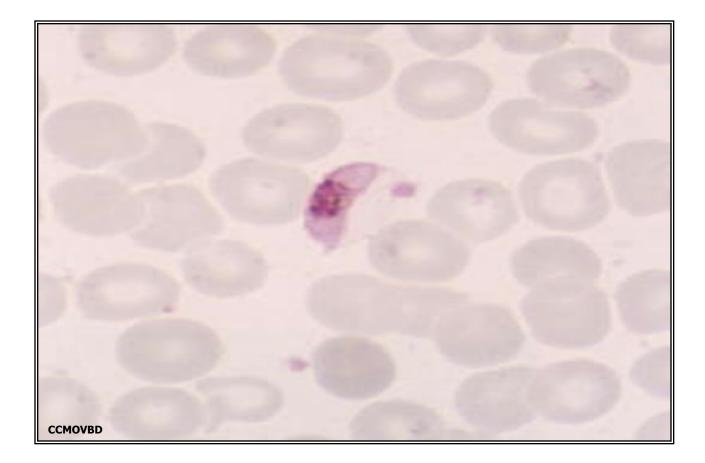
#### **Plasmodium falciparum** (trophozoite stage in thick smear)



10 Morphology of Malaria

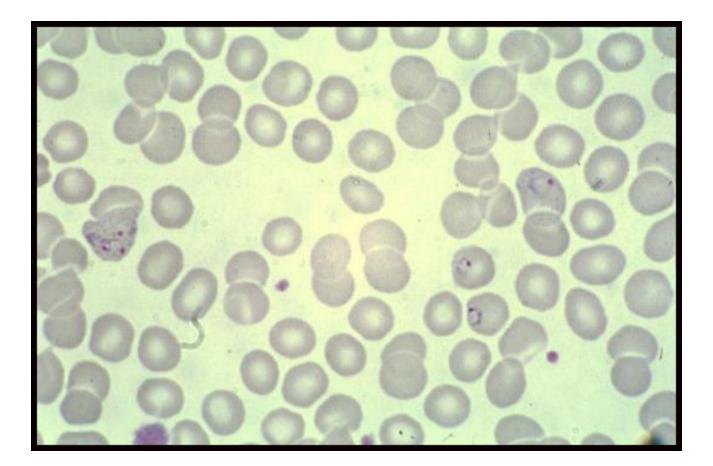
### Plasmodium falciparum (characteristic banana-shaped or crescent –

shaped gametocyte stage in thin smear)



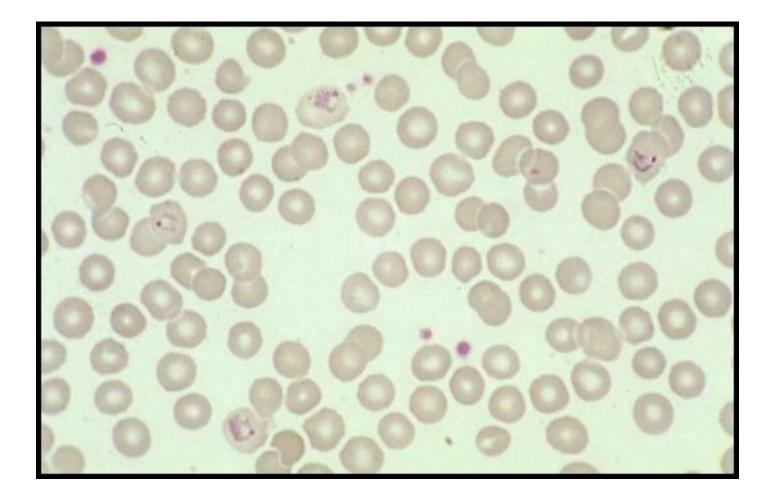
A 25 year-old male from India, who came 3 months ago was admitted in KKUH with a history of severe anaemia and intermittent high grade fever for the last two months not responding to antibiotics.

#### WHAT IS THE DIAGNOSIS?



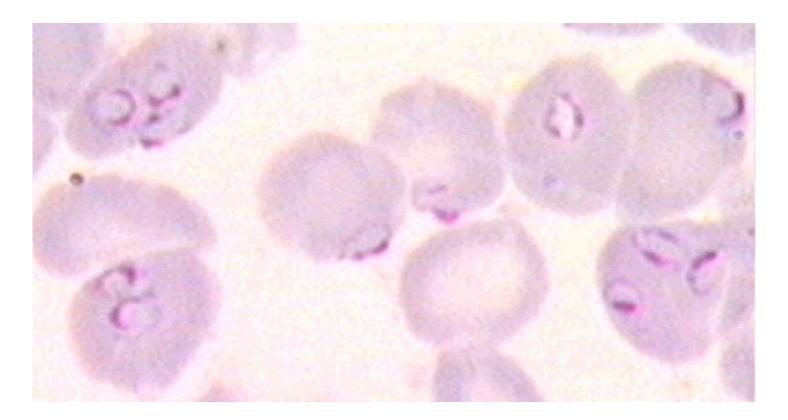
Diagnosis: malaria or Plasmodium vivax

A businessman who makes frequent trips to Thailand , presents with intermittent fever . WHAT IS THE DIAGNOSIS?



Diagnosis: malaria or Plasmodium vivax

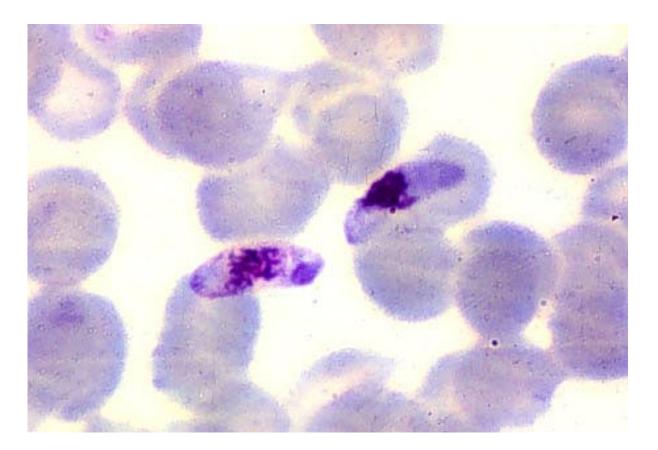
A student in KSU who returned three weeks from vacation in Africa , he developed intermittent fever last week and lost consciousness a short time ago. WHAT IS THE DIAGNOSIS?



Diagnosis: malaria or Plasmodium falciparum

The patient was then treated with schizontocidal antimalarial drugs, a follow-up blood film is shown .

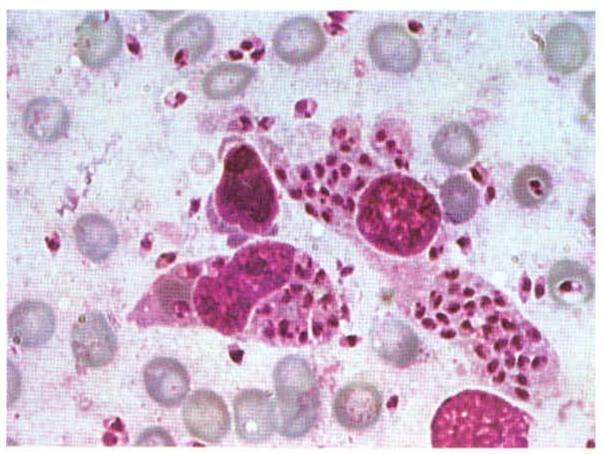
**ARE THERE ANY PARASITES? WHAT STAGE ?** 



Plasmodium flaciparum , gametocyte stage

A 7 year old child presented with anemia , hepatospenomegaly and fever .Not responding to antimalarials and antibiotics . Bone marrow smear is shown

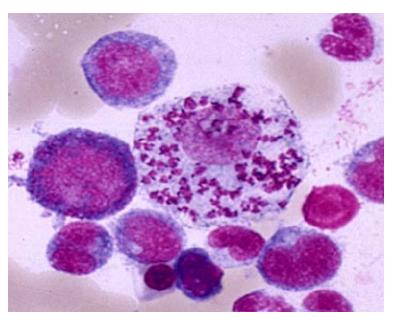
#### **ARE THERE ANY PARASITES? WHAT STAGE ?**



Leishmania, amastigote stage

#### Bone marrow aspiration





Bone marrow amastigotes