Medicine Hx- Cardiovascular System History of "Fever"

A.Overview:

A rise in body temperature in response to endogenous cytokines. The exact lower cutoff for fever varies from 99.4 F to 100.4 F.

B. Differential diagnosis:

DDx	What support this diagnosis?	
Rhuematic	Risk factors: Family history, Overcrowding and poor sanitation	
fever	Typical Symptoms: Painful and tender joints, fever, heart	
	murmur	
	Complication: Heart failure, atrial fibrillation, Mitral stenosis	
Infection Risk factors: Immunocompromised patients, depends		
	type of infection	
	Complication: Bacteremia	
Lymphoma	Risk factors: Immunocompromised patients, family history.	
, ,	Young age usually with Hodgkins lymphoma and old age with	
	non hodgkins lymphoma	
	Typical Symptoms: Fever, Night sweat, weight loss.	

C.Questions to ask the patient with this presentation

Questions	What you think about!	
When did it start?		
How did it develop; gradual or sudden?		
When it occurs?(throughout the day, at night , day time)	Diurnal (a regular rise and fall in tempreture, occurring between 4PM and midnight). Abscenece of diurnal variation has been associated with, but does not establish a noninfectious causes.	
How is the pattern (continuous , remittent)	Suggests CNS diseases or gram negative rod bacteremia	
Was it measured ? what was the readings?	Very high fever suggests CNS infection	
How was it managed? route (axilla or oral)		
associated symptoms		

Do you have any dry cough, nasal congestion, sinus pain or sore throat?	Acute pharyngitis. Sinusitis or upper respiratory infection
Any redness of your skin?	Cellulitis, phlebitis or drug reaction
Do you a productive cough or shortness of breath?	Pneumonia, TB or bronchitis
Do you have any blood in your sputum?	Pneumonia, TB or bronchitis, PE or lung cancer
Do you have chest pain?	PE, pneumonia, pericarditis, bacterial endocarditis
Do you have burning with urination?	UTI, pyelonephritis, renal cell carcinoma, urethritis or prostatitis
Do you have blood in the urine?	UTI, pyelonephritis, renal cell carcinoma, urethritis or prostatitis or any vascular diseases of the kidneys
Do you Have nausea or vomiting?	Gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, cholecystitis, hepatitis
Do you have diarrhea?	Gastroenteritis, IBD or infectious colitis
Do you have any abdominal pain?	Gastroenteritis, pancreatitis, cholecystitis, hepatitis or IBD
Have you noticed yellowing in your skin	cholecystitis, hepatitis
Did you have associated shaking chills?	Bacteremia or endocarditis
Do you have night sweats, weight loss?	Lymphoma or renal cell carcinoma
Have you had any stiffness or pain in your joints?	SLE, polyarteritis nodosa
Do you have headache?	Meningitis, sinusitis
Do you have easy bruising or gum bleeding?	Leukemia or lymphoma
Have you had difficulty with speech, double vision, arm or leg weakness or seizures?	Intracerebral hemorrhage or Meningitis
Medical and surgical history	
Have you started any new medication? Or exposed to new antibiotics?	Drug fever, new antibiotic could cause C.difficile
Have you had any recent surgery?	Abscess or wound infection
Have you had any recent procedures? (eg. Dental work or urinary or IV catheter)	Bacterial endocarditis . Catheter associated with UTI or bacteremia
Have you ever had heart valve surgery?	Endocarditis
Have you travelled recently?	Shigellosis, Hepatitis, ameobiasis
Have you recently had unprotected sexual intercourse or used intravenous drug	Acute HIV, Hepatitis B or C, syphilis or gonorrhea
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D.Systematic Review. Go to Medicine – Hx – "General" topic!

432 OSCE TEAM

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