# **Medicine Hx - Gastrointestinal System**

# **History of "Abdominal Distension and Bloating"**

#### A. Overview:

Abdominal distension may be generalized or may be localized to a discrete mass or enlargement of an organ. The main causes of generalized abdominal distension are easily remembered by the five **Fs**:

- Fat (obesity)
- Faeces (constipation)
- Fetus (pregnancy)
- Flatus (gastrointestinal)
- Fluid (ascites)

A feeling of swelling (bloating) may be a result of excess gas or a hypersensitive intestinal tract (as occurs in the irritable bowel syndrome). Persistent swelling can be due to ascitic fluid accumulation .

### **B.** Differential diagnosis:

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DDx	What support this diagnosis?
"gastrointestinal"	
Malabsorption	Risk Factors: Excessive Alcohol Consumption, Family History Of Cystic Fibrosis Or Malabsorption, Intestinal Surgery, Use Of Medication (Laxatives)  Typical Symptoms: Bloating, Cramping, Gas, Fatty Stool, Muscle
	Wasting, Weight Loss Complication: Anemia, Gall Stone, Kidney Stones, Malnutrition
"Hepatic"	
Cirrhosis	Risk Factors: : Excessive Alcohol Consumption , Chronic Infection With Hepatitis B, C, Or D , Cystic Fibrosis Typical Symptoms: Jaundice , Fatigue , Ascites , Swelling In Your Leg , Bleeding And Bruising Easily Complication: edema , Splenomegaly , Bleeding ,
"Cardiac"	
Congestive Heart failure	Risk Factors: Hypertension, Physical Activity, Diabetes, Smoking, Family History.  Typical Symptoms: Angina, Shortness Of Breath, Fluid Retention And Swelling, Exercise Intolerance  Complication: Kidney Damage, Heart Valve Problem, Liver Damage, Stroke

"Renal"		
Nephrotic Syndrome	Risk factors: Diabetes , Lupus , HIV , Hepatitis B And C, Some	
	medications (NSAID)	
	Typical Symptoms: Swelling, Foamy Urine, Weight Gain	
	Complication: Blood Clots, Poor Nutrition, Acute Kidney Failure	

# C. Questions to Ask the Patient with this presentation

Questions	What you think about!	
Onset		
Is it Sudden?	Acute decompensation of liver cirrhosis, malignancy and portal or spelenic vein thrombosis ).	
Is it Graduated	usually in most if cases)	
Association with		
Peripheral edema	Heart failure , cirrhosis , nephrotic syndrome	
Pain and its frequently	To differentiate between small and large bowel abstraction	
Gas and bloating		
Association with dyspepsia	Irritable bowel syndrome (IBS).	
Recent surgery:	postoperative ileus	

### D. Review of symptoms related to the system of interest.

Gastrointestinal history			
Major symptoms			
Abdominal pain	Fever		
Appetite and/or weight change	Lethargy		
Postprandial fullness or early satiation, or both	Pruritus		
Nausea and/or vomiting	Dark urine, pale stools		
Heartburn and/or acid regurgitation	Jaundice		
Waterbrash	Bleeding (haematemesis, melaena, rectal		
	bleeding)		
Dysphagia	Bloating or visible distension, or both		
Disturbed defecation (diarrhoea, constipation, faecal			
incontinence)			

# E. Systematic Review. Go to Medicine – Hx – "General" topic!

# 432 OSCE TEAM

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