

Imaging the Musculoskeletal System (Part Three)

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OBJECTIVE

The main focus and objective of this lecture is to help student to be competent in looking at MSK images and interpreting findings, by learning:

- Normal radiological anatomic landmarks
 - System of analyzing findings

"Where to look & What to look for"

Recognize features of certain disease entity

IMPORTANT SITES

BONE DENSITY & TEXTURE BONE MARROW ARTICULAR CORTICES SOFT TISSUE



OUTLINES

 Introduce Imaging approach to skeletal metabolic disorders and Identify important findings including sequelae and complications

 Introduce Imaging approach to skeletal neoplastic disorders and Identify important findings including sequelae and complications



IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM PATHOLOGY

METABOLIC



TERMINOLOGY IN METABOLID BONE DISORDERS

FEATURES	Osteoporosis	
Describe Bone Density	Osteomalacia	
Decreased	Osteopenia	
Increased	Osteosclerosis	

Describe Texture

Corticomedullary differentiation Trabeculae Sharp Hazy

Describe Soft tissue changes

Density (swelling, increased,..) Calcification (Heterotopic, Chondral, vascular,...)



Osteoporosis

CASE NO. 1

54 years- old female with low back pain X-ray of lumbosacral spine requested





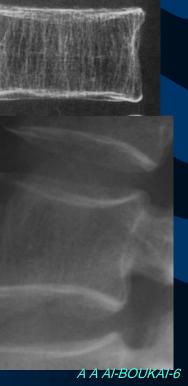
Osteoporosis

CASE NO. 1

FINDINGS

- Generalized Osteopenia
- Sharp, thinned out cortices
- Sharp trabeculae

54 years- old female with low back pain X-ray of lumbosacral spine requested





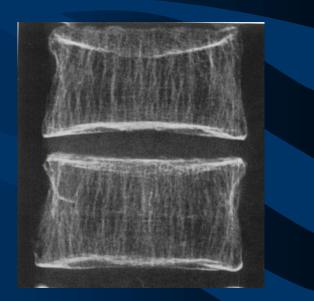
Osteoporosis CASE NO. 1

FINDINGS

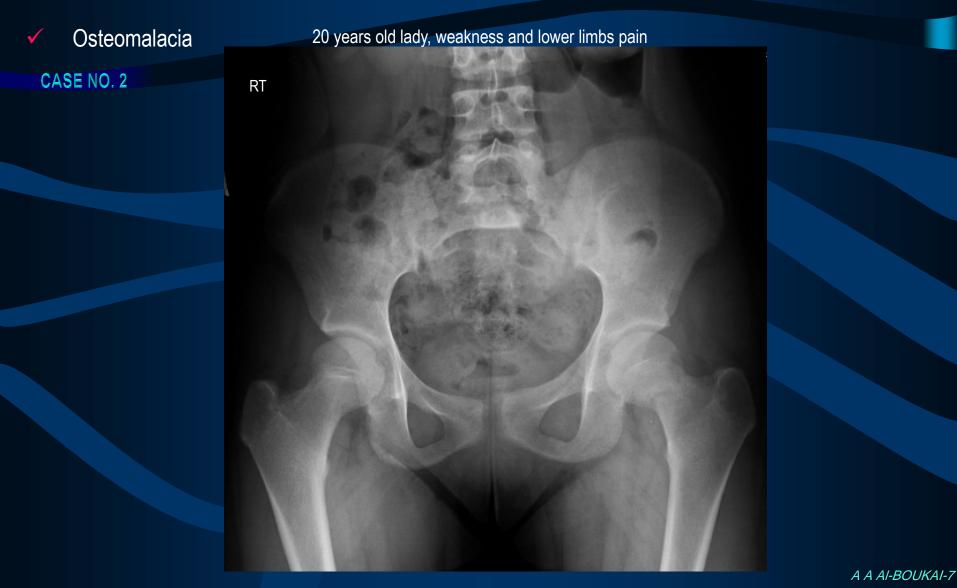
- Generalized Osteopenia
- Sharp, thinned out cortices
- Sharp trabeculae

54 years- old female with low back pain X-ray of lumbosacral spine requested











20 years old lady, weakness and lower limbs pain

Osteomalacia
 CASE NO. 2

RT

FINDINGS

- Generalized mild osteopenia
- Lucent area within the medial femoral neck (looser zone) -
- Lucent band at physeal plate region
- Indistinct cortices at symphysis pubis & SI joints



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IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL METABOLIC DISORDERS

Osteomalacia

RT

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20 years old lady, weakness and lower limbs pain

CASE NO. 2

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Patient B

IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL METABOLIC DISORDERS

Osteoporosis vs. Osteomalacia

Osteomalacia

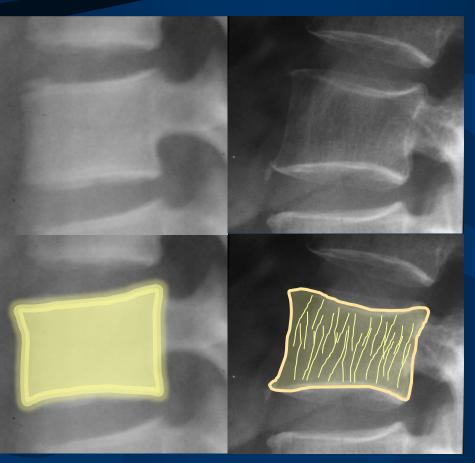
Osteoporosis





Patient B

IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL METABOLIC DISORDERS



Osteomalacia

Osteoporosis



Renal Osteodystrophy

27 years- old male with long standing history of renal failure X-ray of lumbosacral spine requested

FINDINGS

- Generalized Osteopenia
- Sclerotic end plates
- Hazy, indistinct cortices
- Hazy (Fuzzy) coarsened trabeculae

"Rugger Jersey Spine"





Renal Osteodystrophy

- Osteoporosis
- o Osteomalacia
- Secondary Hyperparathyroidism
- o Osteosclerosis

Bone Resorption Bone Softening Brown Tumors Osteosclerosis Soft tissue calcifications



Hyperparathyroidism → Bone Resorption







- Subperiosteal
- * Most useful sign
 * Virtually Diagnostic
 * Location



Hyperparathyroidism → Brown Tumors

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Acromegally

CASE NO. 4

FINDINGS

- Calvarial thickening
- Enlargement of the sinuses (bossing of glabella)
- Enlargement of mandible
- Enlarged sella turcica (pituitary fossa)
- Prominent digits
- Increased heel pad thickness





Acromegally

45 years- old male presented with history of bone enlargement X-ray of skull and hand are requested

FINDINGS

- Calvarial thickening
- Enlargement of the sinuses (bossing of glabella)
- Enlargement of mandible
- Enlarged sella turcica (pituitary fossa)
- Prominent digits
- Increased heel pad thickness





IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM PATHOLOGY

NEOPLASTIC



IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM PATHOLOGY

NEOPLASTIC

TYPES

OSSEOUS

Osteoma -- Osteosarcoma

CHONDRAL

Enchondroma -- Chondrosarcoma

FIBROUS

SOFT TISSUE

Osseous Fibroma -- Fibrosarcoma

Lipoma -- Liposarcoma



KEY FEATURES

Morphology Behavior of lesion Age of patient Site (Location)

Osteolytic Osteosclerotic Mixed Soft tissue



KEY FEATURES

Morphology

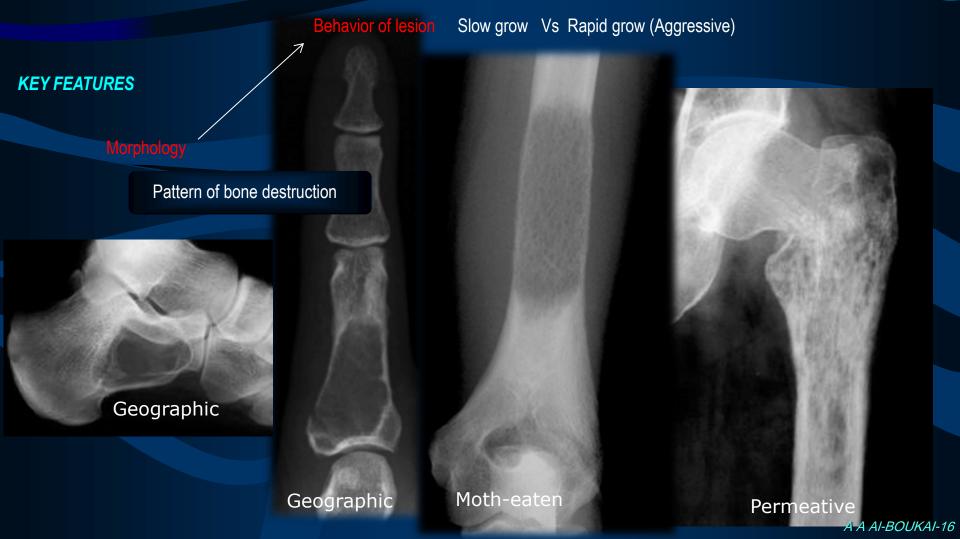
Pattern of bone destruction Size, Shape & Margin of lesion Texture of lesion Matrix Cortex & Periosteal reaction

Behavior of lesion

Slow grow

Rapid grow (Aggressive)







KEY FEATURES

Morphology

Cortex & Periosteal reaction

Consolidate

Spiculated / Sun-ray

Lamellated



KEY FEATURES

Age of patient

Pediatric, Adult, Elderly

Site (Location)

Diaphyseal, metaphyseal or epiphyseal

Cortical vs. Medullary (eccentric vs. concentric)





Osteolytic / Benign / Pediatric CASE NO. 5

13 year-old boy patient presented with knee pain and swelling X-ray of knee requested

FINDINGS

- Expansile lytic lesion
- Metaphyseal
- Homogeneous, no calcification
- No cortical destruction and no periosteal reaction
- No soft tissue swelling

Aneurysmal Bone Cyst





Osteolytic / Benign / Pediatric CASE NO. 5

FINDINGS

- Expansile lytic lesion
- Metaphyseal
- Homogeneous, no calcification
- No cortical destruction and no periosteal reaction
- No soft tissue swelling

Aneurysmal Bone Cyst

13 year-old boy patient presented with knee pain and swelling X-ray of knee requested

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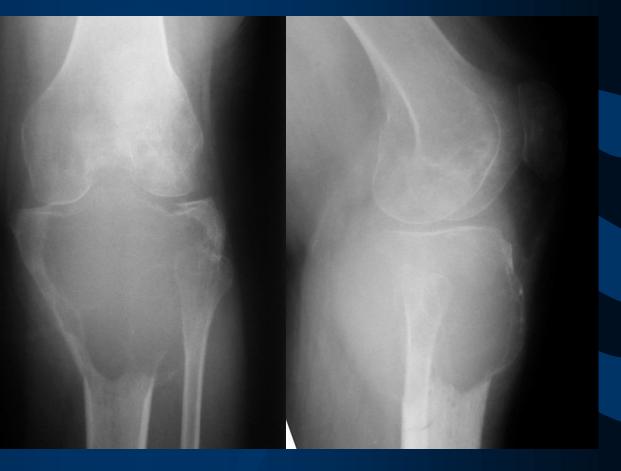
Osteolytic / Benign / Adult CASE NO. 6

FINDINGS

- Expansile lytic lesion
- Metaphyseal / Subarticular
- Homogeneous, no calcification
- Cortical destruction and periosteal rea
- Soft tissue swelling

Giant Cell Tumor

Adult man with knee pain and swelling





Osteolytic / Benign / Adult
 CASE NO. 6

Adult man with knee pain and swelling



- Expansile lytic lesion
- Metaphyseal / Subarticular
- Homogeneous, no calcification
- Cortical destruction and periosteal
- Soft tissue swelling

Giant Cell Tumor



Osteolytic / Benign / Adult CASE NO. 6

Adult man with knee pain and swelling

FINDINGS

- Expansile lytic lesion
- Metaphyseal / Subarticular
- Homogeneous, no calcification
- Cortical destruction and periosteal reaction
- Soft tissue swelling

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Osteolytic / Aggressive / Adult CASE NO. 7

FINDINGS

- Eccentric osteolytic lesion
- Metaphyseal / Subarticular
- Heterogeneous texture
- Cortical destruction and periosteal reaction
- Localized soft tissue extension

Permeative Pattern Osteosarcoma / Lymphoma STIR $T_1 C^+$







STIR

IMAGING OF MUSCULOSKELETAL NEOPLASTIC DISORDERS

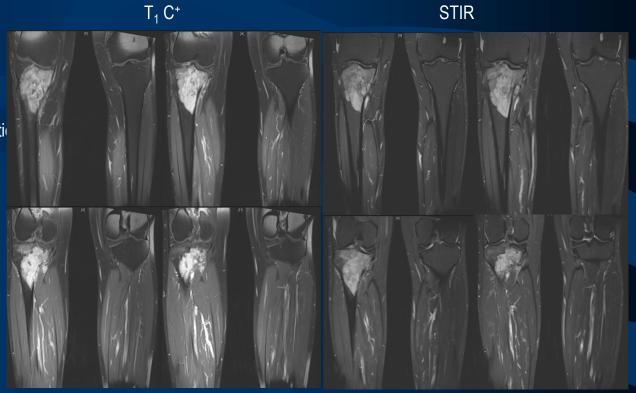
Osteolytic / Aggressive / Adult CASE NO. 7

Adult man with knee pain

FINDINGS

- Eccentric osteolytic lesion
- Metaphyseal / Subarticular
- Heterogeneous texture
- Cortical destruction and periosteal reaction
- Localized soft tissue extension

Permeative Pattern Osteosarcoma / Lymphoma





Sclerotic Osseous Lesion

57 years old female patient presented with bone ache Had history of breast carcinoma

FINDINGS

- Preserved bone density in general
- Sclerotic foci of variable sizes (islands)
- No destructive lesion

Sclerotic bone metastasis



Soft tissue Mass

Adult female patient presented with hand swelling X-ray of hand requested

FINDINGS

- Soft tissue swelling (relatively lucent)
- No calcification
- No osseous involvement
- High signal on T₁WI and low in T₂FS → Fat saturated
- No enhancement

T₁ FS/C⁺

T₁WI

Soft Tissue Lipoma



THANKS