Introduction to SPA

Dr. Mohamed Kamel Bedaiwi

Rheumatology consultant King Khalid University Hospital







Pathogenesis

Clinical features

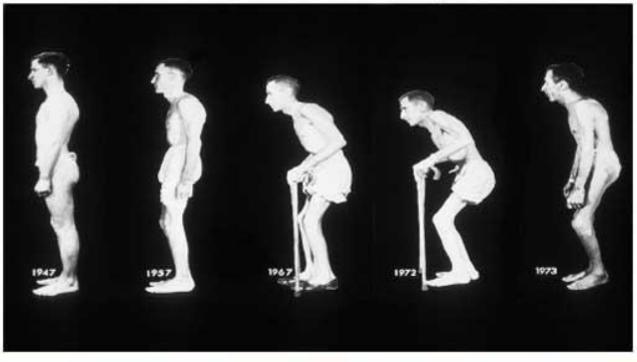


Miss diagnosed

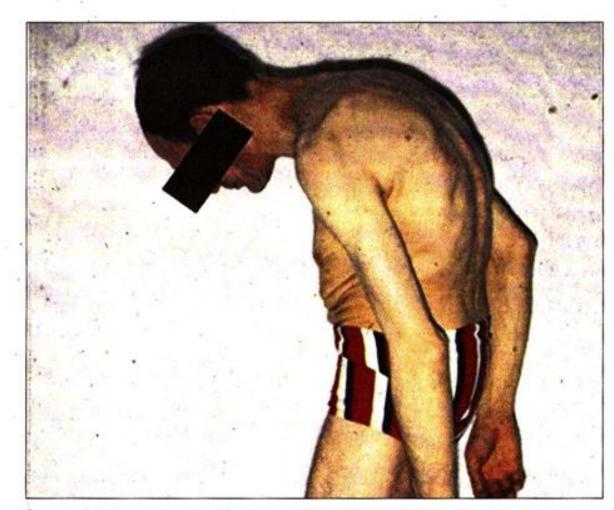
We must (early diagnose)

AS is progressive disease

Progressive deformity due to AS over a period of 36 years



Little H, Swinson DR, Cruickshank B. Am J Med. 1976;60:279-285. Reproduced with the permission of Cahner's Publishing Co.



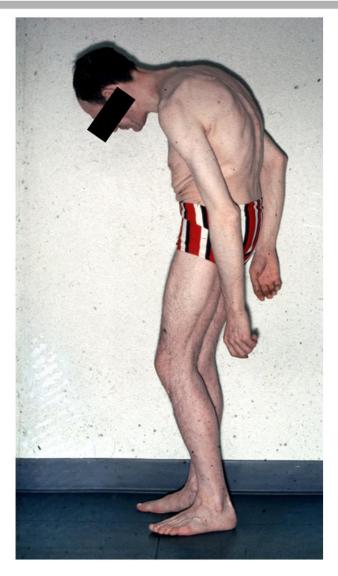
As many women as men suffer from ankylosing spondylitis. Early treatment can reduce pain and long-term consequences, such as blindness, heart problems or a hunched back. PHOTO: ASSESSMENT OF SPONDYLOARTHRITIS INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY

AS Patient with Disappearance of the Lordosis of the Lumbar Spine





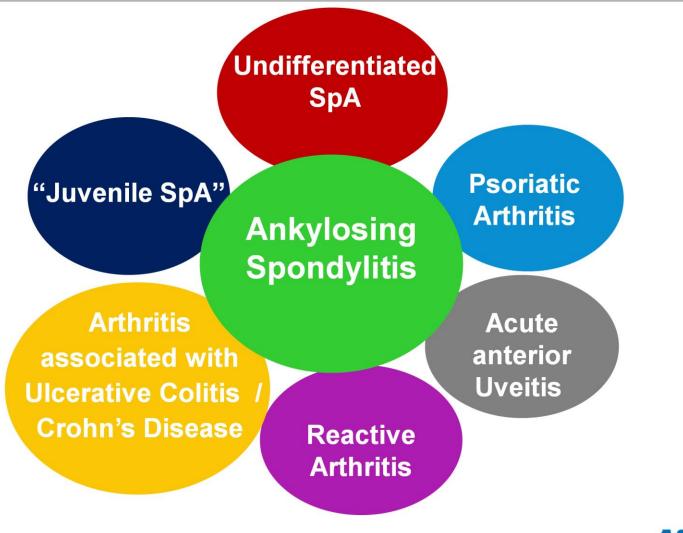
Final Stage of AS with Severe Kyphosis of Thoracic and Cervical Spine



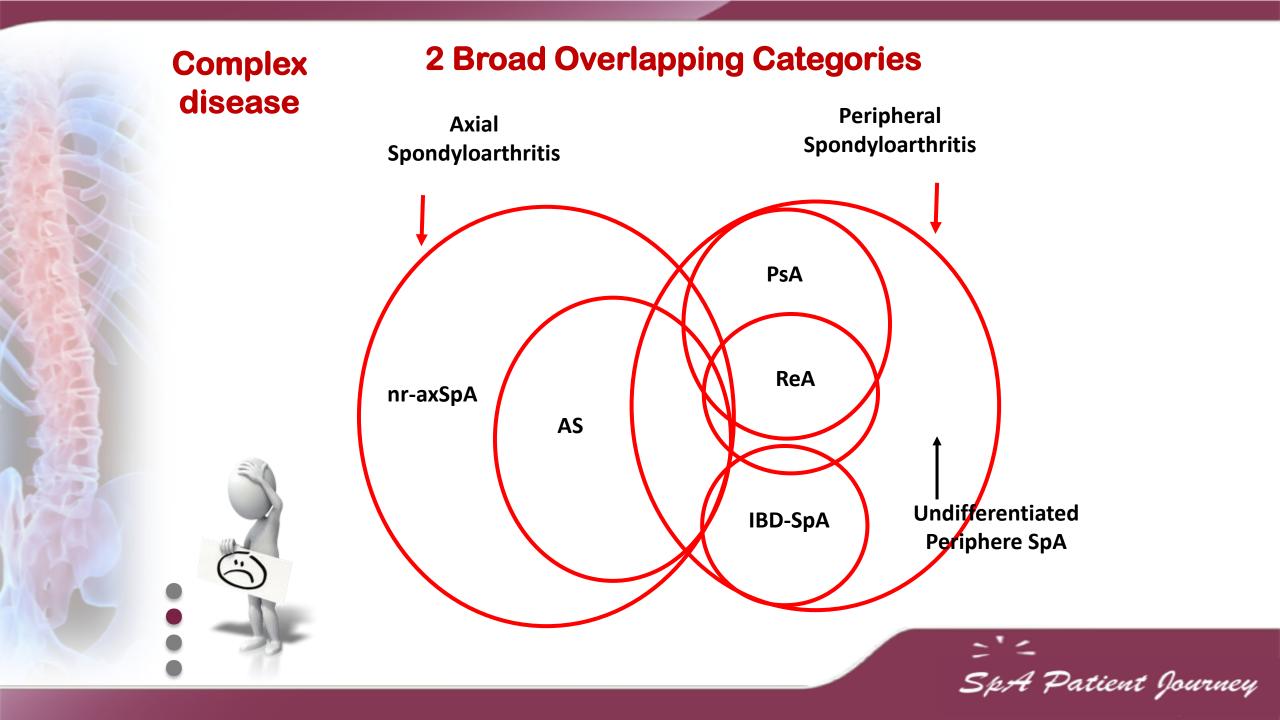
Unable to look ahead while walking (,patient cannot see the sun')



Spondyloarthritides (SpA)

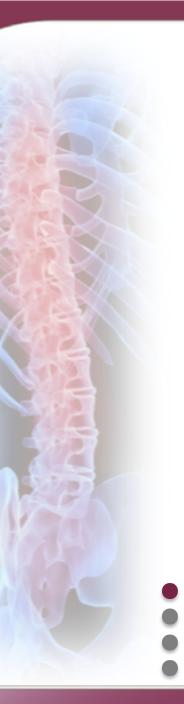






Reactive Arthritis

- Preceding enteric infection (i.e. diarrhea)
 - Salmonella of various serovars
 - Shigella, especially Shigella flexneri, but also Shigella dysenteriae and sonnei
 - Yersinia including Yersinia enterocolitica 0:3 and 0:9 and Yersinia pseudotuberculosis
 - Campylobacter especially Campylobacter jejuni
 - Clostridium difficile
- Preceding genitourinary infection (i.e. urethritis)
 - Chlamydia trachomatis



Back Pain

*80% of the population will experience back pain during their lifetime.



More than 85% cannot attribute it to a specific disease or spinal abnormality.

Up to one third (1/3) of patients report persistent back pain of at least moderate intensity 1 year after an acute episode.

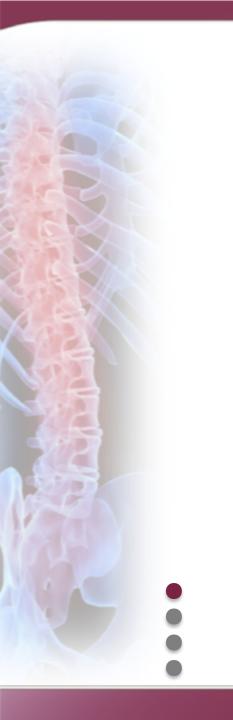


Low Back Pain is caused by a specific disorder:

- Compression fracture
- Symptomatic herniated disc
- Spinal stenosis
- Physician role is to recognize non-nechanical cause Ankylosing spondylitis (3%)
- Cancer •
- **Spinal infection** •



Sp:A Patient Journey



AS is progressive disease

Progressive deformity due to AS over a period of 36 years



Sp.4 Patient Journey

Little H, Swinson DR, Cruickshank B. Am J Med. 1976;60:279-285. Reproduced with the permission of Cahner's Publishing Co.

Modified New York Criteria for Ankylosing Spondylitis (1984)

1. Clinical criteria:

a.Low back pain and stiffness for more than 3 months which improves with exercise, but is not relieved by rest.

b.Limitation of motion of the lumbar spine in both the sagittal and frontal planes.

c.Limitation of chest expansion relative to normal values correlated for age and sex.

2. Radiological criterion:

Sacroiliitis grade \geq 2 bilaterally or grade 3-4 unilaterally

Definite ankylosing spondylitis if the radiological criterion is associated with at least 1 clinical criterion.



Ankylosing Spondylitis - Prevalence

Country	AS Prevalence	HLA-B27 Prevalence
US ^{1, 2}	0.52%	6%
The Netherlands ³	0.1%	8%
Germany⁴	0.55%	9%
Norway⁵	1.1 – 1.4%	14%
Haida Indians ⁶	6.1%	50%

¹Helmick CG et al. Arthritis Rheum 2008;58:15-25; ² Reveille JD et al. Arthritis Rheum 2012;64:1407-11; ³van der Linden S et al. Arthritis Rheum.1984;27:241-9; ⁴Braun J et al. Arthritis Rheum 2005;52:4049-50; ⁵Gran T et al. Ann Rheum Dis 1985;44:359-67; ⁶Gofton JP et al. Ann Rheum Dis 1966;25:525-7



The Prevalence of HLA-B27 in the Normal Population and in Patients with Axial Spondyloarthritis in Saudi Arabia

Mohammed A. Omair¹, Fatima K. Alduraibi², Mohamed K. Bedaiwi¹, Sultana Abdulaziz³, Waleed Husain⁴, Maha Eldessougi⁵, Mahmoud Aljurf⁶, Hind Alhumaidan⁷, Hana Alkhabbaz⁸, Ibrahim Alahmadi⁹, Maha A. Omair¹⁰, Salman Al Saleh² and Moheeb Alawwami¹¹

1 Division of Rheumatology, King Khalid University Hospital, King Saud University, 2 Division of Rheumatology, King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center Division of Rheumatology, 3 Division of Rheumatology, King Fahad Hospital-Jeddah, 4 Division of Rheumatology, Heraa General Hospital, 5 Division of Rheumatology, Security Forces Hospital, 6 Department of Oncology, King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, 7 Blood Bank and Stem Cell Cord Blood Bank, King Faisal Specialist Hospital and Research Center, 8 Department of Pharmacy and Allied Medical Sciences, Riyadh Colleges for

ASAS Classification Criteria for Axial Spondyloarthritis (SpA)

In patients with ≥3 months back pain and age at onset <45 years



#SpA features

- inflammatory back pain
- arthritis
- enthesitis (heel)
- uveitis
- dactylitis
- psoriasis
- Crohn's/colitis
- good response to NSAIDs
- family history for SpA
- HLA-B27
- elevated CRP

*Sacroiliitis on imaging

- active (acute) inflammation on MRI highly suggestive of sacroiliitis associated with SpA
- definite radiographic sacroiliitis according to mod NY criteria

n=649 patients with back pain; Sensitivity: 82.9%, Specificity: 84.4% Imaging alone: Sensitivity: 66.2%, Specificity: 97.3%



Rudwaleit M et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2009;68:777-783 (with permission)

ASAS Classification Criteria for Spondyloarthritis (SpA)

In patients with \geq 3 months back pain
and age at onset <45 years

Sacroiliitis onimaging plus≥1 SpA feature

HLA-B27 plus ≥2 other SpA features

SpA features

- inflammatory back pain (IBP)
- arthritis
- enthesitis (heel)
- uveitis
- dactylitis
- psoriasis
- Crohn's/colitis
- good response to NSAIDs
- family history for SpA
- HLA-B27
- elevated CRP

Sensitivity: 79.5%, Specificity: 83.3%; n=975

Rudwaleit M et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2011;70:25-31 (with permission)

In patients with peripheral symptoms ONLY

Arthritis or enthesitis or dactylitis plus

≥1 SpA feature

- uveitis
- psoriasis
- Crohn's/colitis
- preceding infection
- HLA-B27
- sacroiliitis on imaging

OR

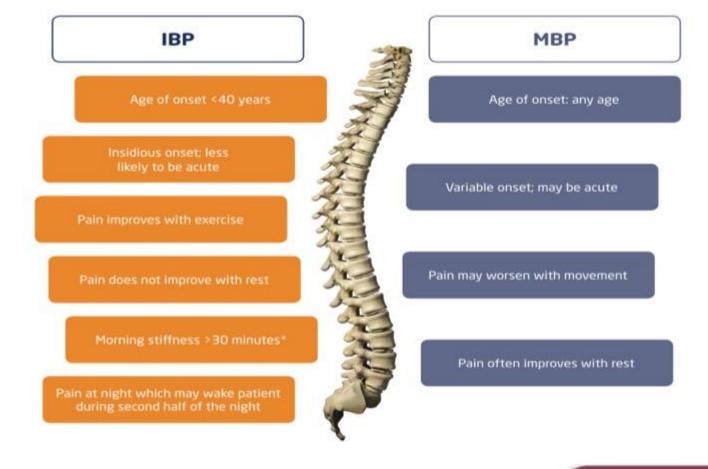
≥2 other SpA features

- arthritis
- enthesitis
- dactylitis
- IBP ever
- family history for SpA



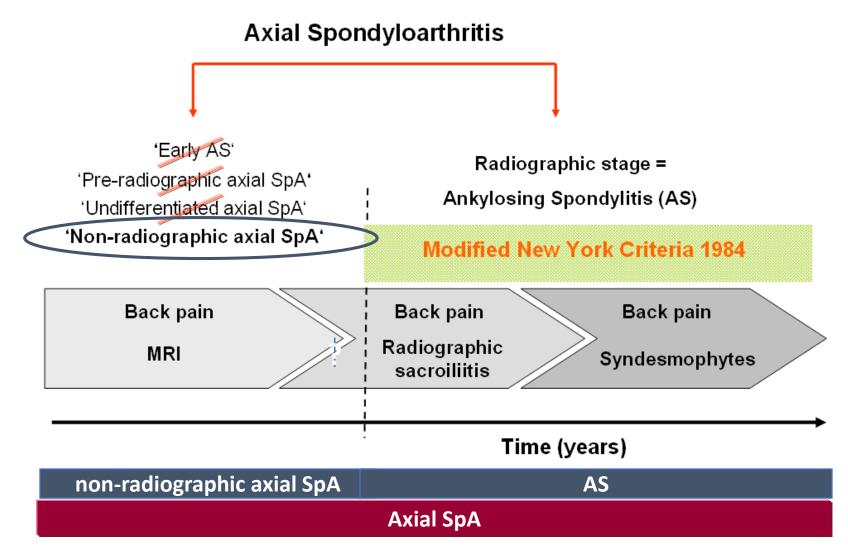


Comparison of inflammatory back pain (IBP) and chronic mechanical back pain (MBP)





This Back in Focus resource was developed in collaboration with Claire Harris, Susan Gurden, Dr Jane Martindale, Claire Je ries and organized and funded by AbbVie. Date of Preparation: August 2015 Job Code: AXHUR150732 ="= Sp:A Patient Journey

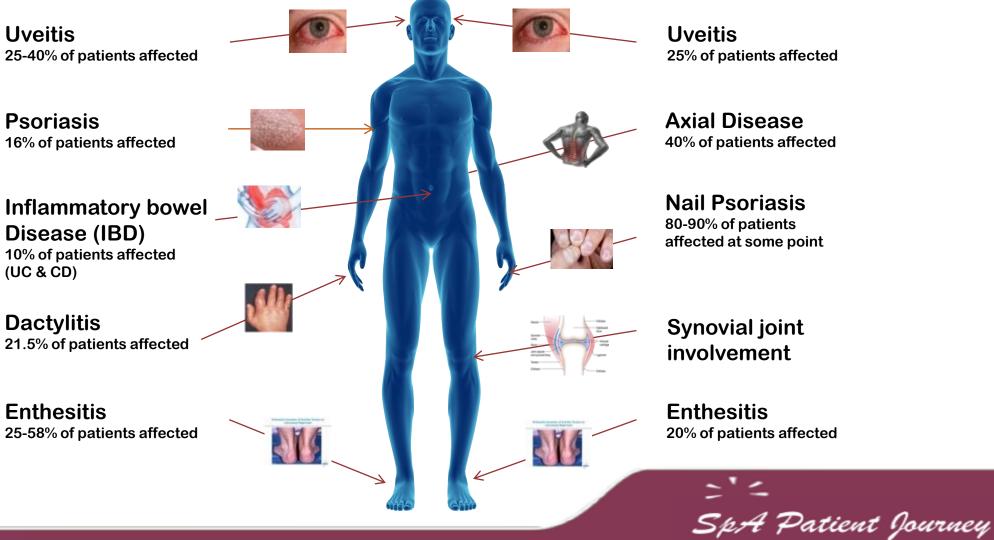






Extra-articular Manifestations





25% of patients affected

40% of patients affected

affected at some point

20% of patients affected

- M>F OR
- F>M

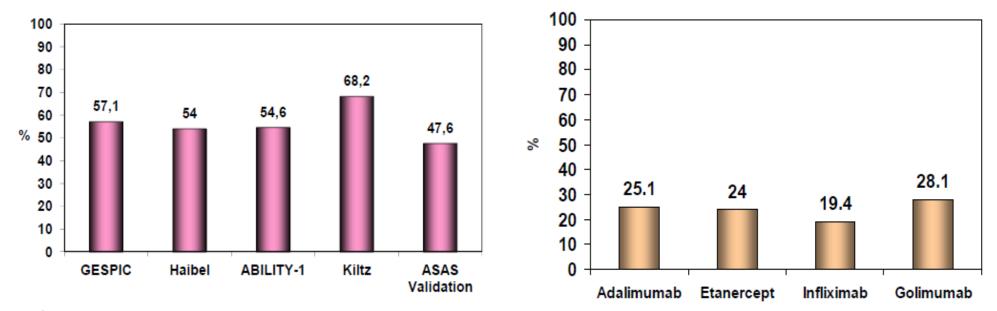


Axial SpA affects both males and females

- Female gender generally >50% of non-radiographic axial SpA cohort
- Male gender more common in AS study populations

Proportion of females in non-radiographic axial SpA study cohorts

Proportion of females in AS study cohorts



*GESPIC combines patients with primarily axial and primarily peripheral symptoms

Pathogenesis of spondyloarthritis

Pathogenic mechanisms of new bone formation

- ➤Genetic influences
- Microbes effects
- Biomechanical stress

Pathogenic mechanisms of new bone formation

- The cause of AS is not completely understood
- Theory \rightarrow genetic mechanisms \rightarrow major role in to AS.
- Genome-wide studies have NOT revealed strong insights on the pathogenesis of new bone formation in AS

Genetic influences

- The major gene product associated with AS and the other forms of SpA is human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-B27.
- (HLA)-B27 gene was recognized in 1973.
- HLA-B27 is present in about 80 to 95 percent of patients with AS in most ethnic groups.
- 6 percent of the general population.
- Fewer than 5 % of HLA-B27 carriers in the general population develop disease

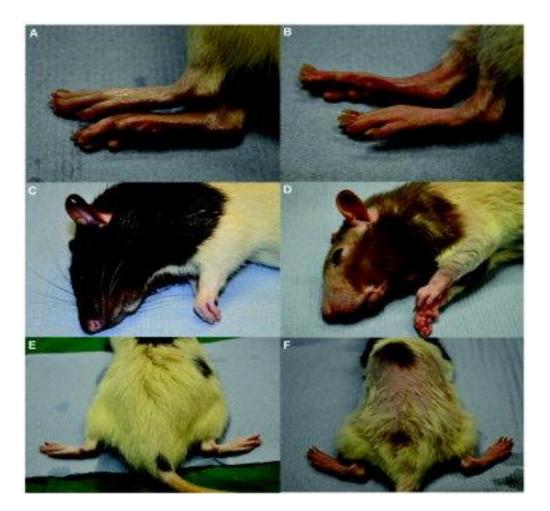
Brown MA, Kennedy LG, MacGregor AJ, Darke C, Duncan E, et al. Susceptibility to ankylosing spondylitis in twins 489, Page 6 of 9 Curr Allergy Asthma Rep (2015) 15:489 genes, HLA, and the environment. Arthritis Rheum. 1997;40:1823–8.

Genetic influences

- Many genes other than HLA-B27.
- First-, second-, and third-degree relatives of patients with AS have markedly increased risks of developing the disease (relative risks of 94, 25, and 4, respectively)

Arthritogenic peptide hypothesis

- HLA–B27–transgenic rats
- Microinjection of fertilized 1-cell rat eggs with DNA fragments containing both HLA-B*2705.
- Spontaneously developed several SpA-like disease manifestations, beginning at age 10 weeks

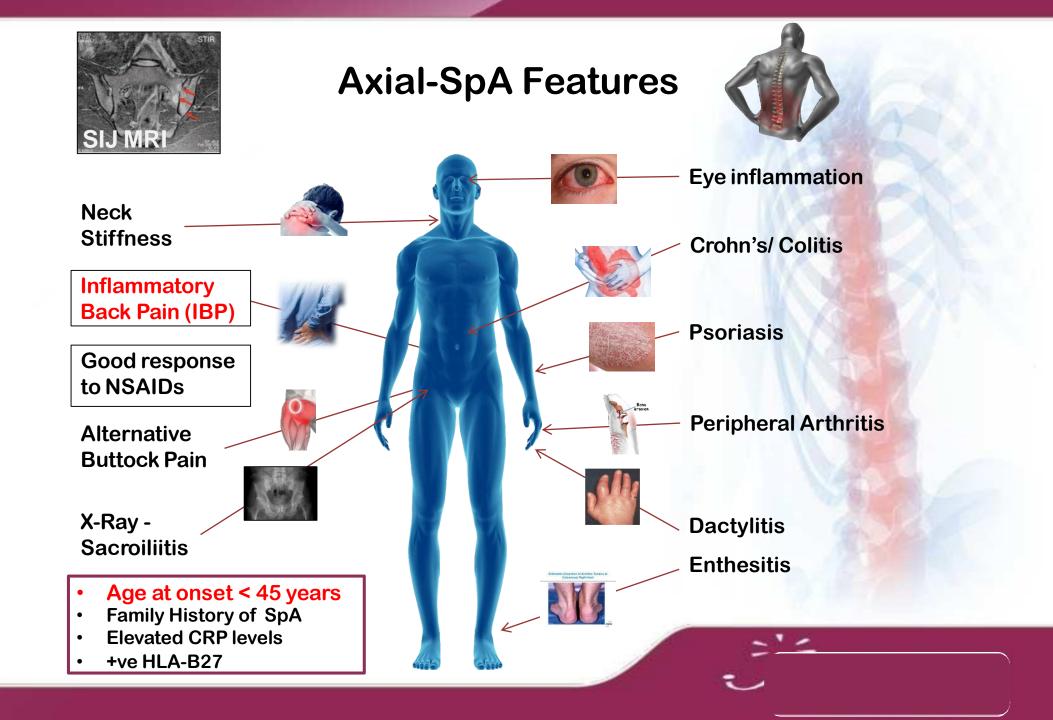


Arthritogenic peptide hypothesis

- The most common and persistent manifestation:
 - Diarrhea
 - Arthritis of the hind limbs
 - Dystrophy of the nails
 - Hyperkeratosis of the tail







ASAS Inflammatory Back Pain Criteria by Experts (Chronic Back Pain; n=648)

- age at onset < 40 years
- insidious onset
- improvement with exercise
- no improvement with rest
- pain at night (with improvement upon getting up)

Sensitivity: 79.6%; Specificity: 72.4%

Inflammatory back pain present if <u>at least 4 out of 5</u> parameters are fulfilled.



Acute Arthritis of the Right Knee in a Patient with Peripheral Spondyloarthritis





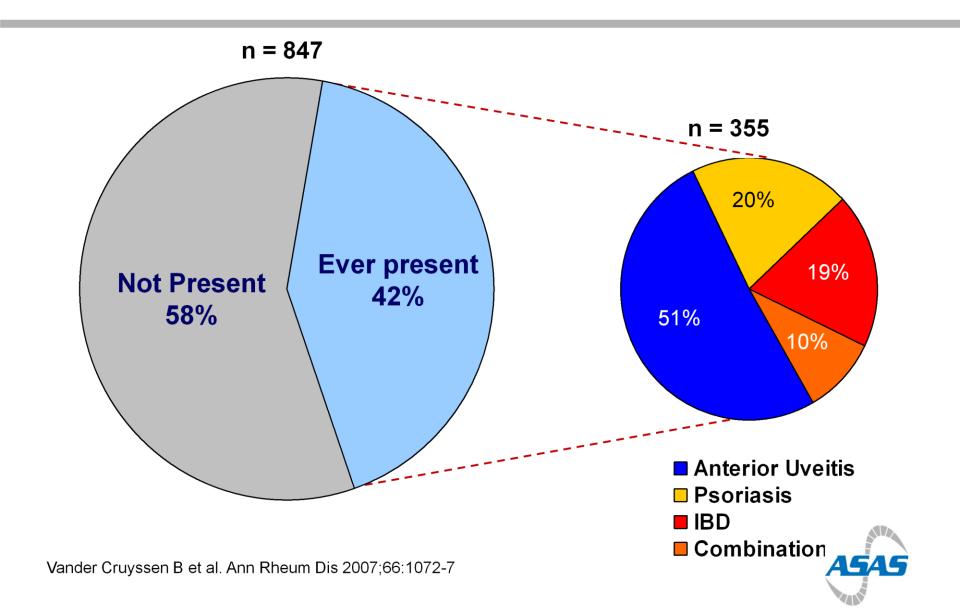
Peripheral arthritis

- Predominantly involves the lower extremities.
- Arthritis is frequently asymmetrical and often affects only one to three joints.
- The severity ranges from mild to disabling .
- The presence of asymmetrical oligoarthritis is very suggestive of SpA, but its absence would not be helpful in excluding this possibility.

Arthritis associated with inflammatory bowel disease

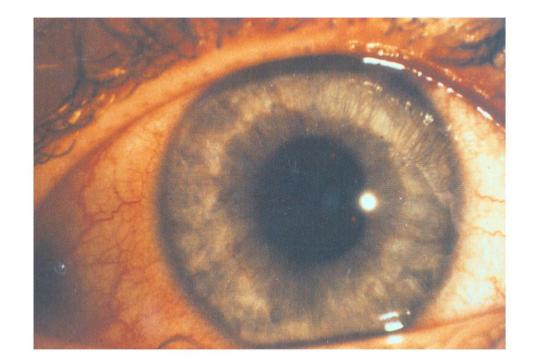
- Peripheral arthritis
 - Type I arthropathy:
 - Acute, Pauciarticular
 - The knee is the joint most commonly affected
 - early in the course of the bowel disease
 - self-limiting, Nonerosive
 - may occur prior to the onset of IBD \rightarrow flares of the bowel disease.
 - Type II arthropathy
 - polyarticular disease
 - (MCP) joints being particularly involved
 - Episodes of exacerbations and remissions may continue for years
 - Articular involvement rarely precedes the diagnosis of IBD
 - Joint symptoms may occur prior to the onset of IBD symptoms, and this form of arthritis is often associated with flares of the bowel disease.

Extra-Articular Manifestations in Ankylosing Spondylitis



Eye: Acute Anterior Uveitis in Spondyloarthritis

- Acute onset
- Unilateral
- Anterior
- Spontaneous remission
- Recurrent
- Related to HLA B27





Enthesitis (Insertion of Achilles Tendon at Calcaneus) Right Heel

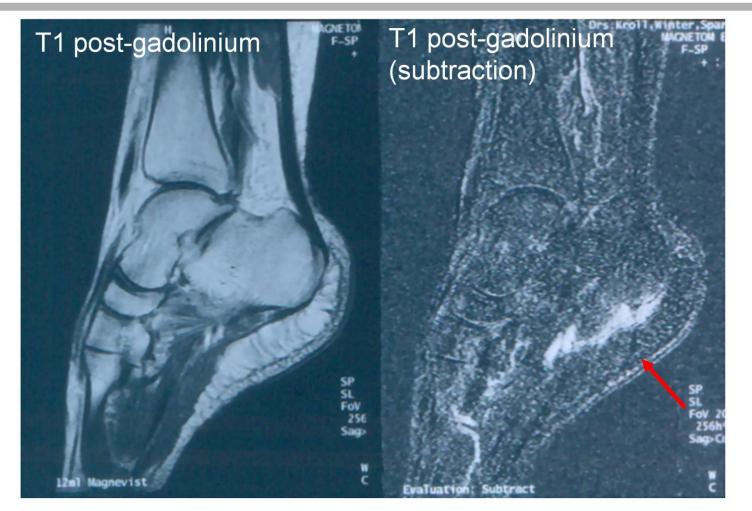




Enthesitis

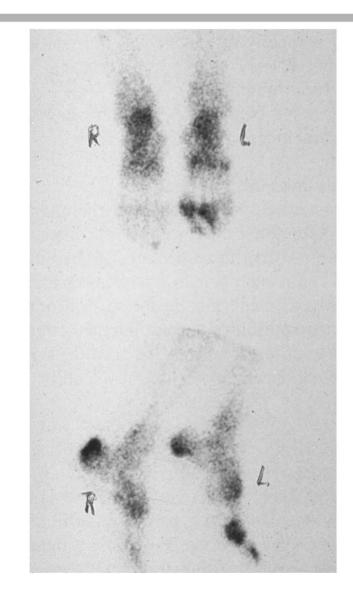
- Relatively specific to SpA
- The most common \rightarrow at the insertion of the Achilles tendon
- Plantar fascia ligament into the calcaneus
- severe pain and tenderness

Enthesitis of the Plantar Fascia by MRI





Enthesitis as a Manifestation of Spondyloarthritis by Scintigraphy



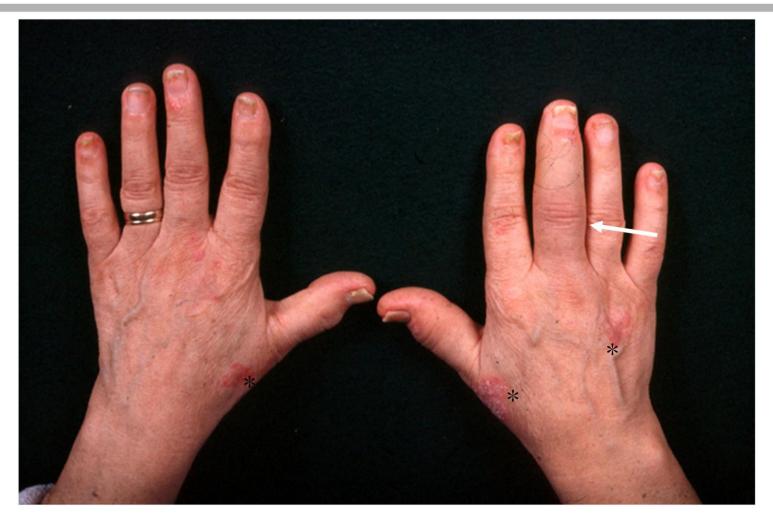
Acute Inflammation of both heels and of the MTP-joints I+II of the left foot as shown by scintigraphy

Right heel: Achilles tendon enthesitis

Left heel: Fascia plantaris enthesitis



Dactylitis



* Psoriasis plaque lesions



Dactylitis

- known sausage toe or sausage finger
 - Psoriatic arthritis
 - Occasionally reactive arthritis
- Unlike synovitis, in which swelling is confined to the joints, with dactylitis, the entire digit is swollen.
- Dactylitis is not specific for SpA and may also be seen
 - tuberculosis
 - syphilis
 - sarcoidosis
 - sickle cell disease
 - tophaceous gout

Skin Manifestations in Spondyloarthritis

- Psoriasis
- Erythema nodosum
- Pyoderma gangrenosum
- Keratoderma blenorrhagicum



Psoriasis



Typical psoriasis with scaly patches and plaques



Mild Nail Changes in Patient with Psoriasis





Moderate to Severe Nail Changes in Patient with Psoriasis





Psoriasis





- Psoriasis is associated with all forms of SpA.
- Psoriasis is present in up to approximately 10 percent of patients with AS.

Erythema Nodosum





Pyoderma Gangrenosum





Palatal erosion in reactive arthritis



A sharply demarcated erosion of the hard palate is shown. This is among the more common of the oral manifestations of reactive arthritis.

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Keratoderma Blenorrhagicum





Circinate balanitis



Circinate balanitis characterized by shallow ulcers on the glans penis and the shaft of the penis (arrows). The lesions are generally asymptomatic. *Courtesy of Professor Victor Newcomer, UCLA.*

UpToDate°

SpA LAB

• HLA-B27

- 90 percent of patients with ankylosing spondylitis
- 50 to 70 percent of patients with other forms of SpA
- a positive HLA-B27 by itself is not diagnostic of SpA

Acute phase response

- Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) and levels of C-reactive protein (CRP
- increased in between 35 and 50 percent of patients with axial SpA
- Elevated levels of CRP are also a predictor of radiographic progression and for a good response to tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-blocker therapy

Grading of Radiographic Sacroiliitis (1966)

- Grade 0 normal
- Grade 1 suspicious changes
- Grade 2 <u>minimal</u> abnormality small localized areas with erosion or sclerosis, without alteration in the joint width
- Grade 3 <u>unequivocal</u> abnormality moderate or advanced sacroiliitis with one or more of: erosions, evidence of sclerosis, widening, narrowing, or partial ankylosis
- Grade 4 <u>severe</u> abnormality total ankylosis



Sacroiliitis Grade 0 (Normal)





Sacroiliitis Grade 2 Right, Grade 1 Left





Sacroiliitis Grade 3 Bilaterally



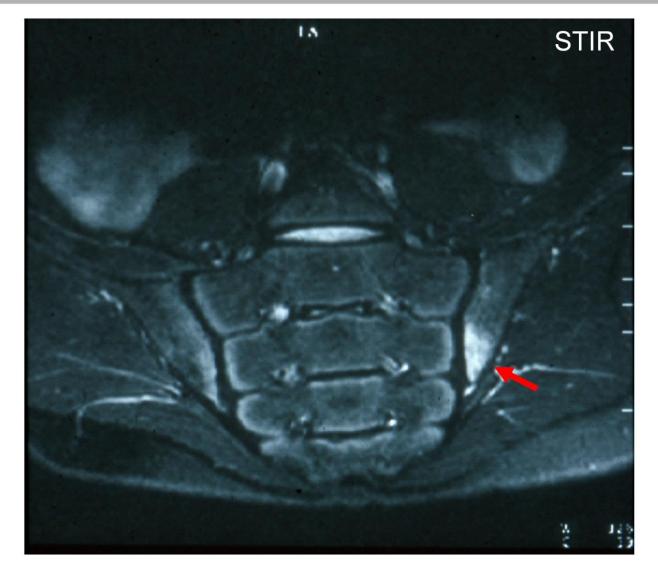


Sacroiliitis Grade 4 Bilaterally





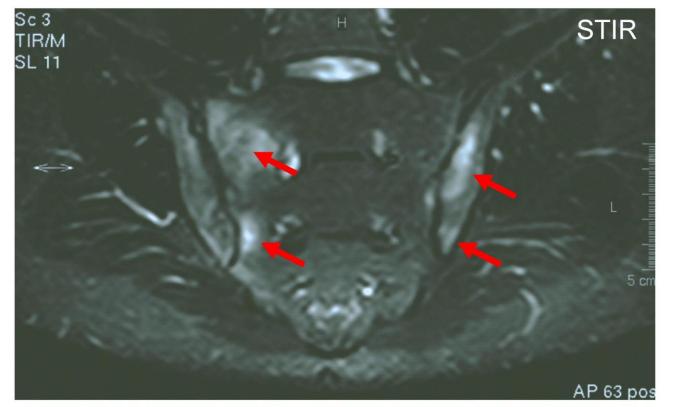
Early (limited) Sacroiliits (Bone Marrow Edema)





Definition of Positive MRI-SI Joint

- subchondral bone marrow edema
- acute (bilateral) sacroiliitis





Rudwaleit M et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2009;68:1520-1527 (with permission)

Bone Marrow Edema (BME) / Osteitis

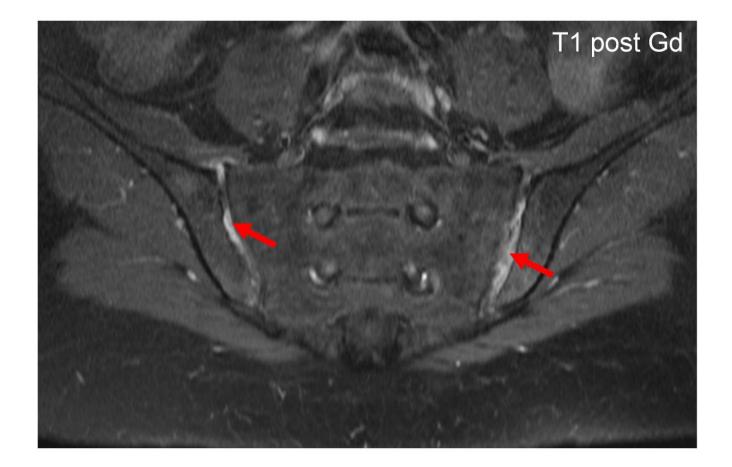
Bone marrow edema may be associated with structural changes such as erosions.





ASAS handbook, Ann Rheum Dis 2009;68 (Suppl II) (with permission)

Synovitis of Sacroiliac Joint





Rudwaleit M et al. Ann Rheum Dis 2009;68:1520-1527 (with permission)

Aims and Outcomes of Therapy in Ankylosing Spondylitis

Signs and symptoms

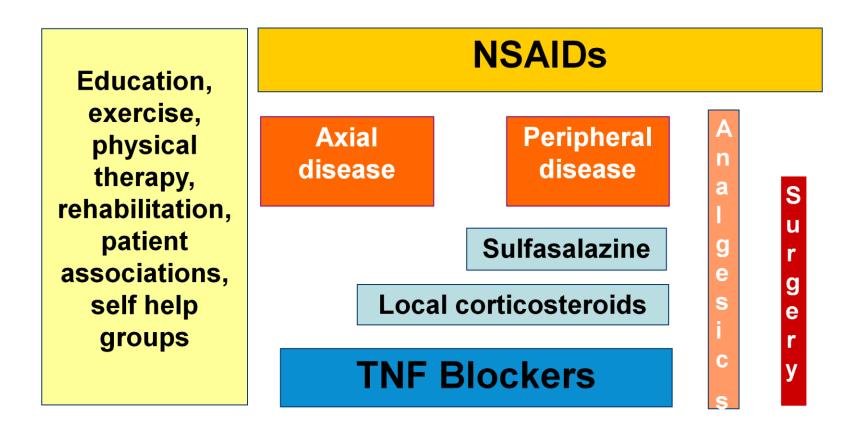
- disease activity
- pain
- morning stiffness
- fatigue
- Function
 - spinal mobility
 - activity and participation
 - productivity

Structural damage

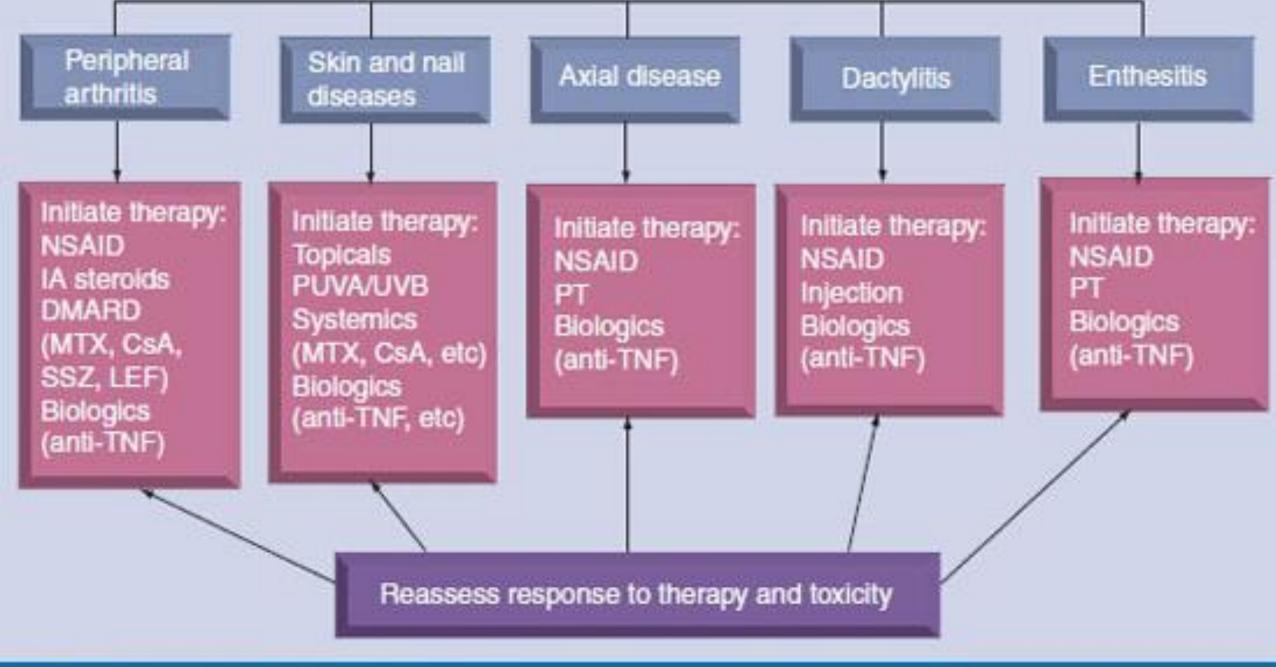
- osteoproliferative and osteodestructive changes in the axial skeleton and peripheral joints and entheses
- Quality of life
- Socioeconomic factors
 - paid work, sick leave, presenteeism and absenteeism, retirement



ASAS/EULAR Recommendations for the Management of Ankylosing Spondylitis







Medscape

Source: Int J Clin Rheum © 2009 Future Medicine Ltd

Thanks