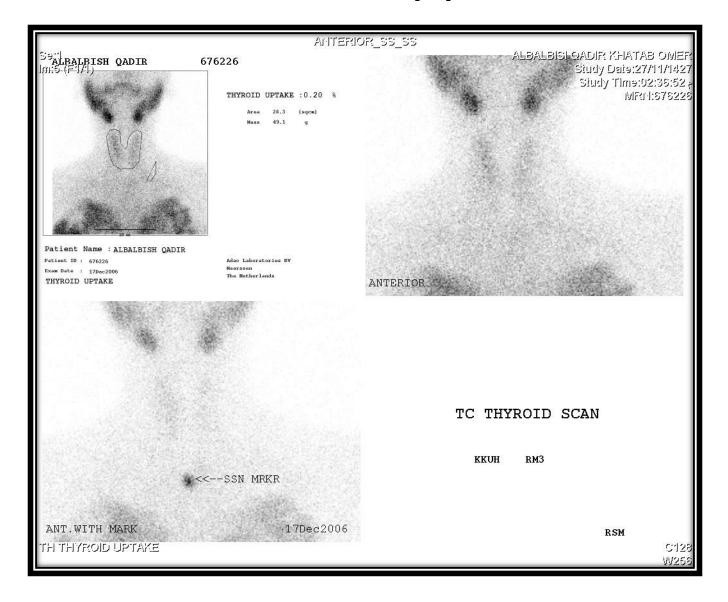
## **RAD 366**

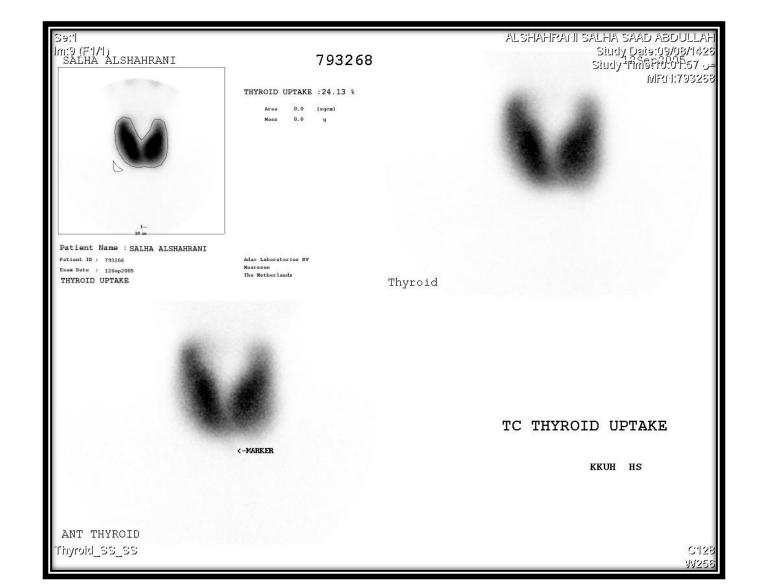
## **NUCLEAR MEDICINE**

2019

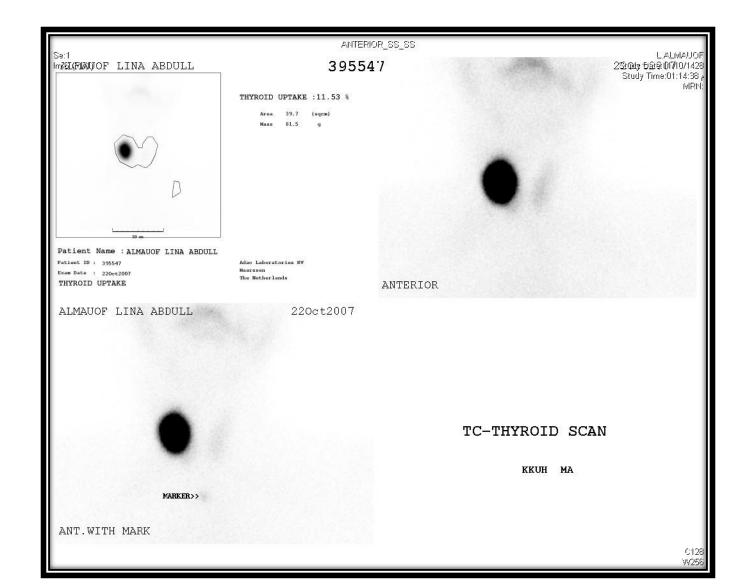
## Elevated T4 and suppressed TSH



## Elevated T4 and suppressed TSH



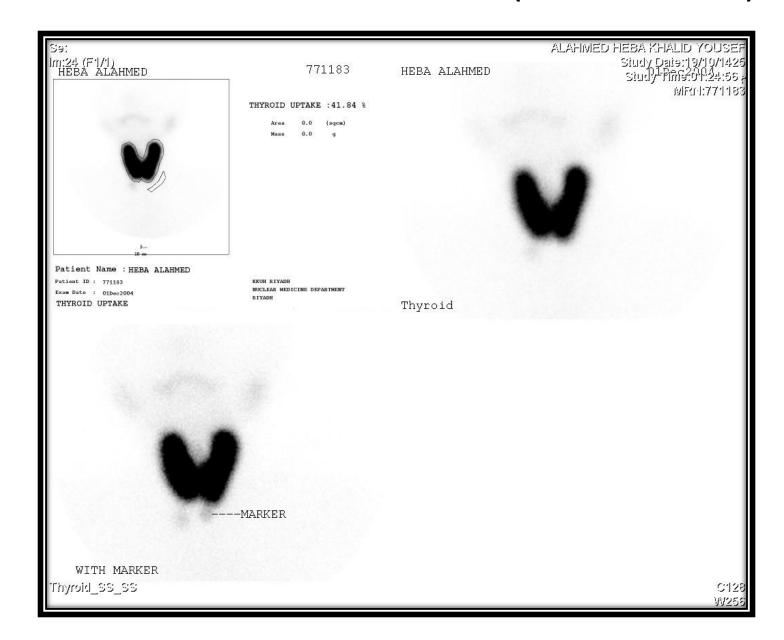
## Elevated T4 and suppressed TSH



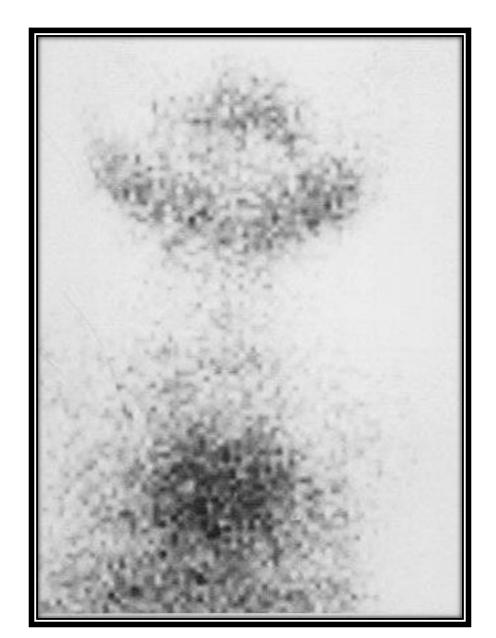
## **Teaching Points**

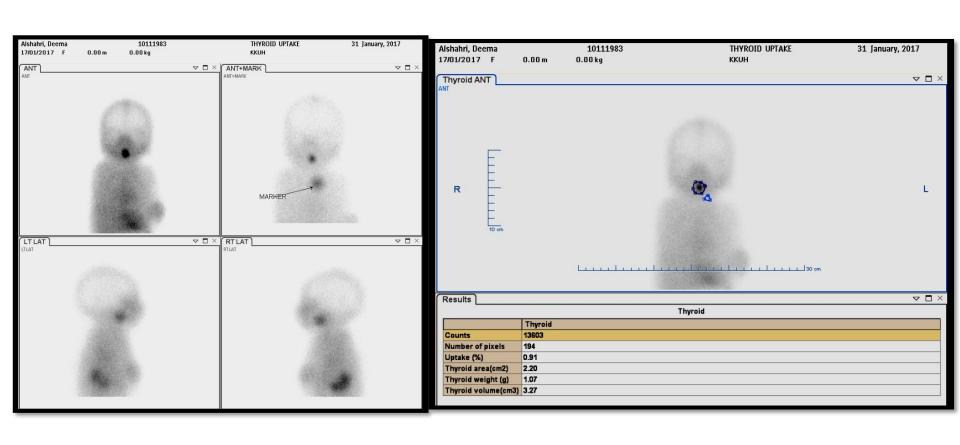
 In patients with thyrotoxicosis, thyroid scan is used to differentiate thyrotoxicosis with hyperthyroidism from thyrotoxicosis without hyperthyroidism

## Elevated TSH and low T4 (2 YEARS OLD)



## Elevated TSH and low T4

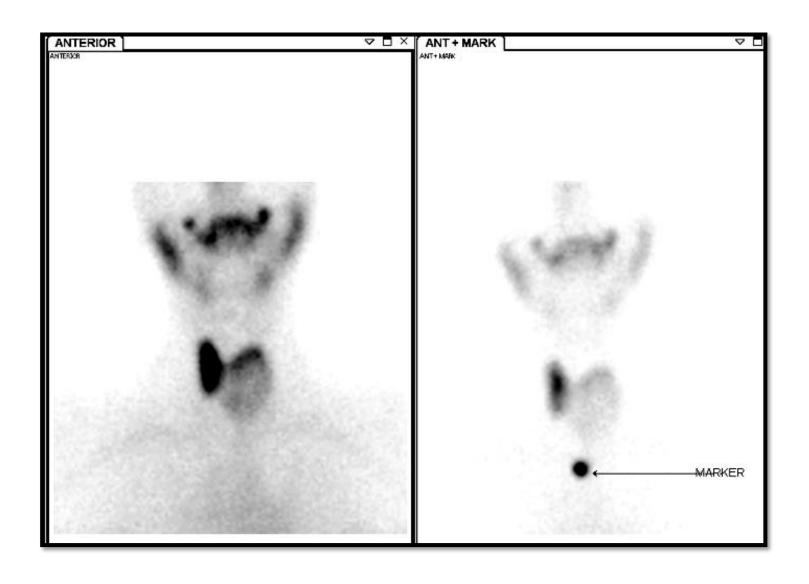




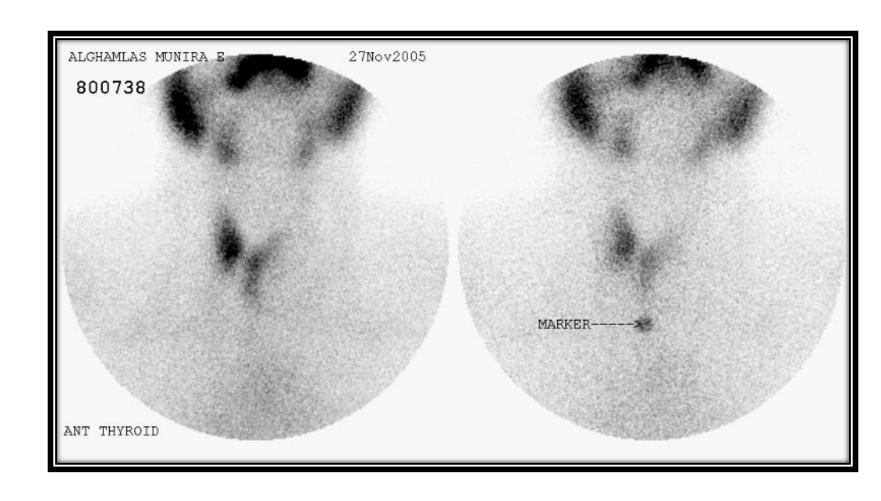
## **Teaching Points**

 In patients with neonatal hypothyroidism, thyroid scan is used to differentiate dyshormonogenesis from ectopic thyroid and thyroid aplasia.

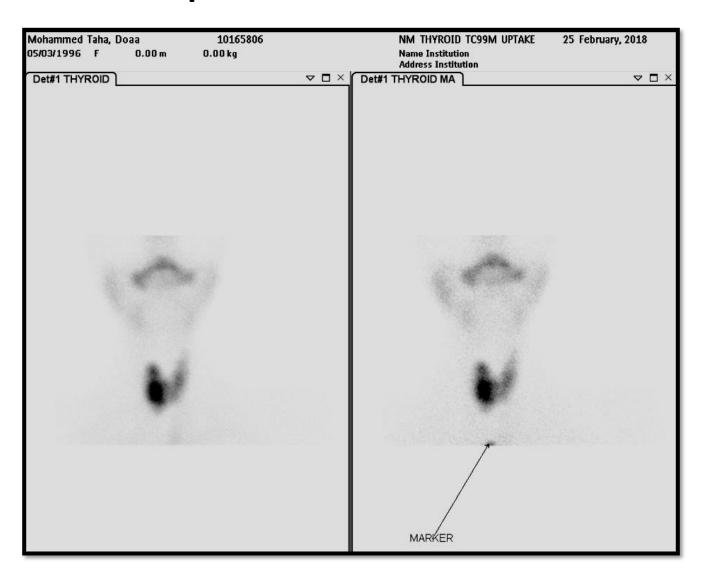
# Palpable Neck Mass



# Palpable Neck Mass



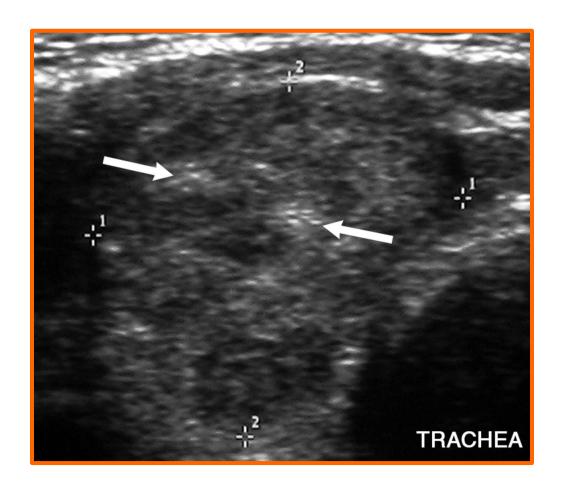
## Palpable Neck Mass



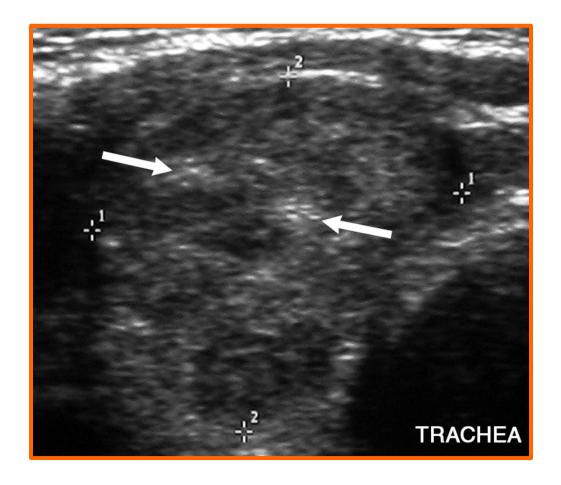
## **Teaching Points**

 In patients with neck mass, thyroid scan is used to differentiate cold from hot thyroid nodules.

Right Thyroid lobe: Papillary thyroid carcinoma in a 42-year-old man.



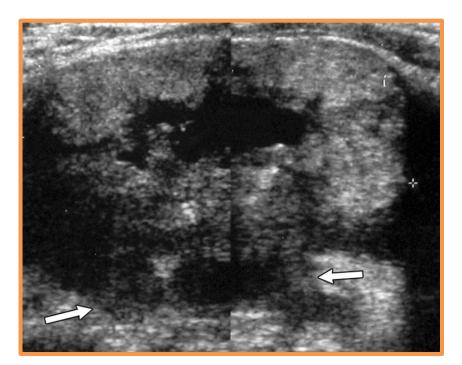
Right Thyroid lobe: Papillary thyroid carcinoma in a 42-year-old man.

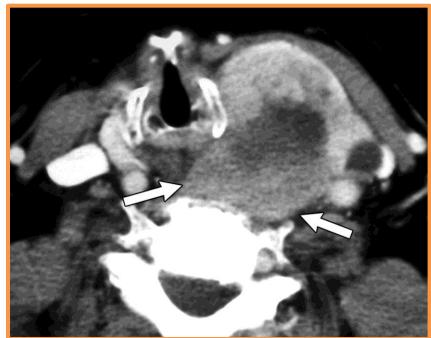


Transverse sonogram of the right lobe of the thyroid demonstrates:

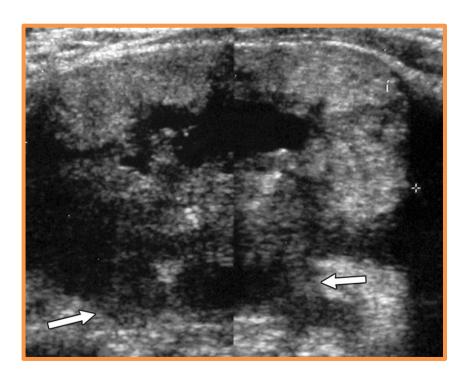
Punctate echogenic foci without posterior acoustic shadowing, findings indicative of **microcalcifications** (arrows).

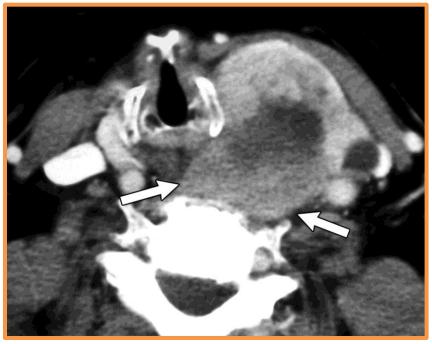
#### Anaplastic thyroid carcinoma in an 84-year-old woman





#### Anaplastic thyroid carcinoma in an 84-year-old woman

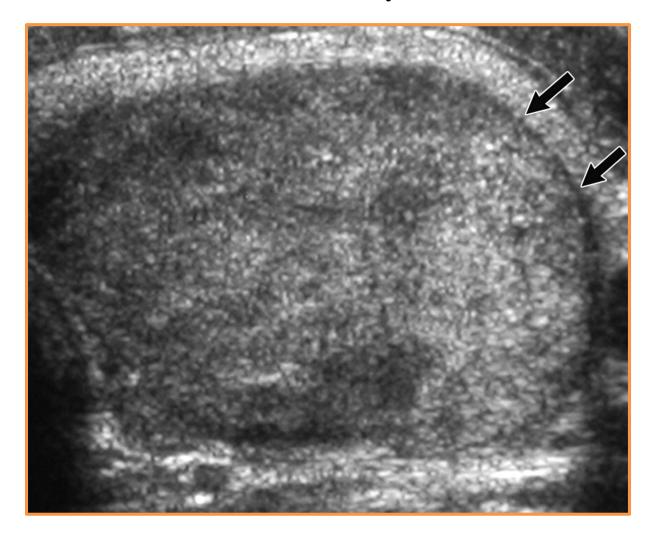




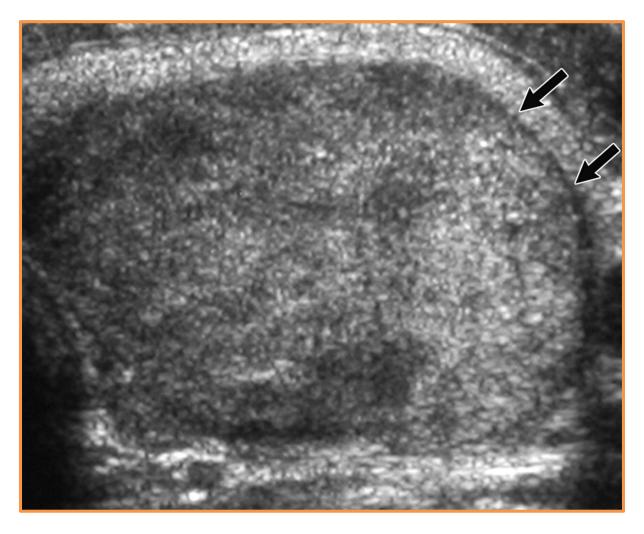
Transverse sonogram of the left lobe of the thyroid shows an advanced tumor with infiltrative posterior margins (arrows) and invasion of prevertebral muscle.

Axial contrast-enhanced CT image shows a large tumor that has invaded the prevertebral muscle (arrows).

#### Follicular adenoma in a 30-year-old woman

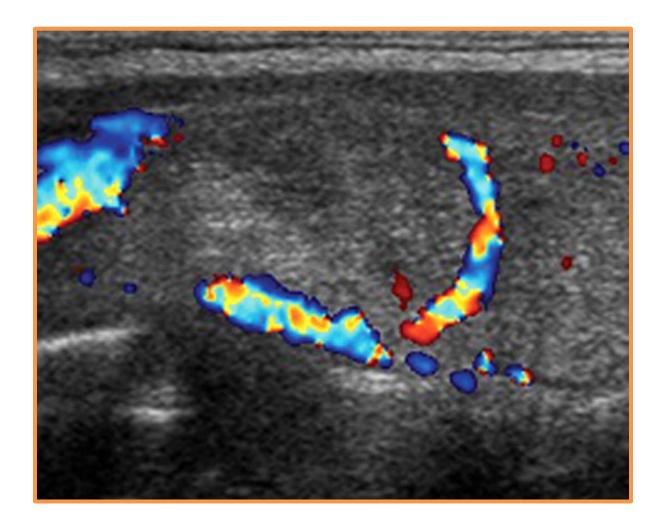


#### Follicular adenoma in a 30-year-old woman

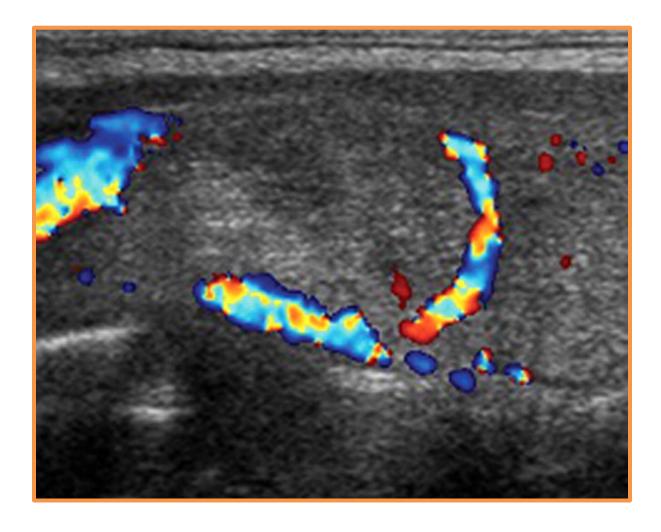


Transverse sonogram of the left lobe of the thyroid shows a follicular adenoma with a hypoechoic halo (arrows).

## Follicular adenoma in a 36-year-old woman

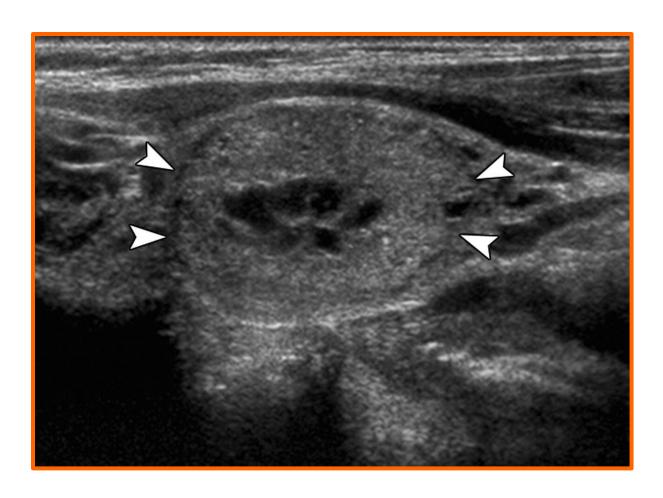


#### Follicular adenoma in a 36-year-old woman

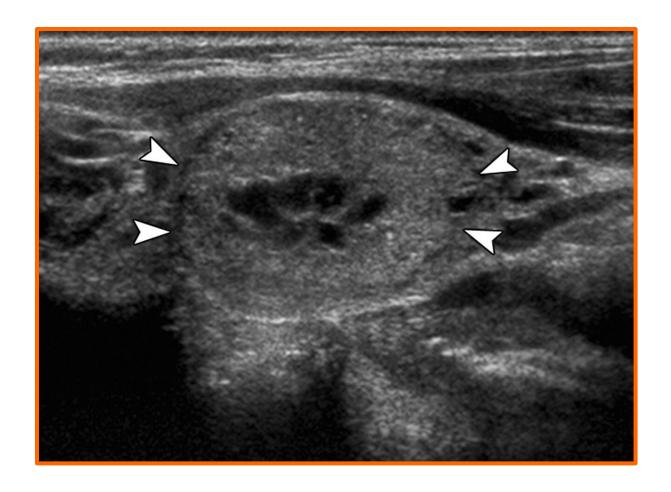


Longitudinal color Doppler sonogram of the right lobe of the thyroid shows perinodular flow around a follicular adenoma.

## US images of thyroid nodules

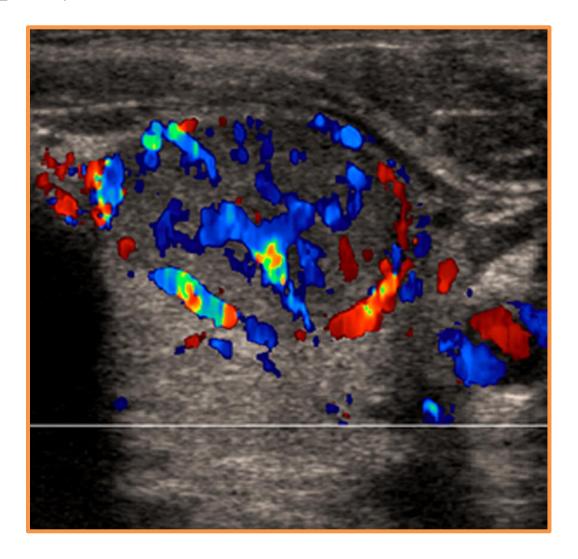


#### US images of thyroid nodules of varying parenchymal composition (solid to cystic).

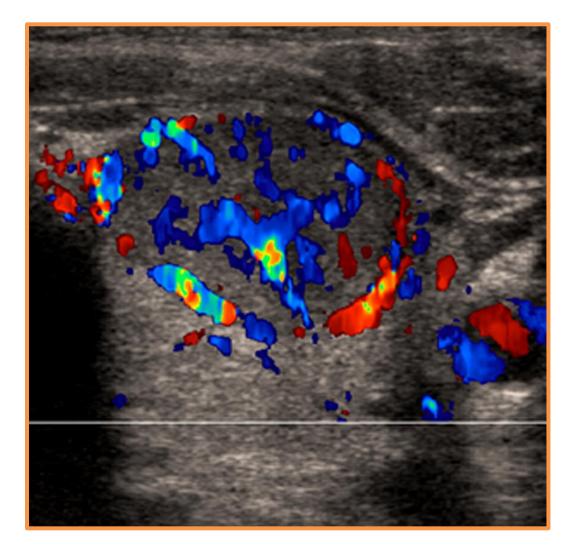


Proved to be benign at cytologic examination

#### Papillary carcinoma: Predominantly solid thyroid nodule



#### Papillary carcinoma: Predominantly solid thyroid nodule



Role of colour Doppler US: colour Doppler mode shows marked internal vascularity, indicating increased likelihood that nodule is malignant. This was a papillary carcinoma.

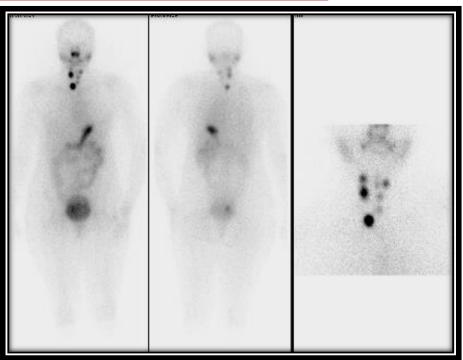
## **Teaching Points**

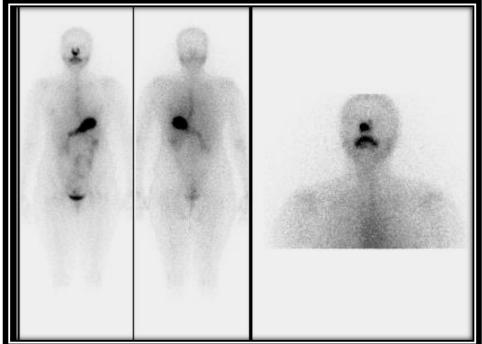
- In patients with thyroid nodules trasound and color Doppler is used to:
- 1. Determine number of nodules.
- 2. Differentiate solid from cystic nodules.
- 3. Characterize thyroid nodule: Benign versus malignant.
- 4. Assess for regional associate lymph node involvement

## A32 years old female patient with neck swelling

- Agents and procedure
- Findings
- Differential diagnosis
- Other investigations
- Final diagnosis
- Management



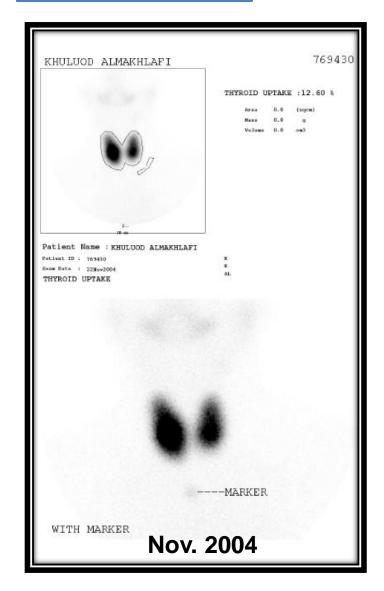


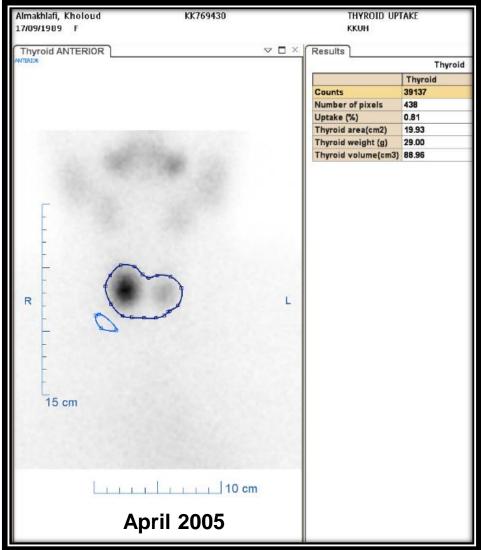


March 2014

October 2014

# Agent and procedure. Findings Conclusion

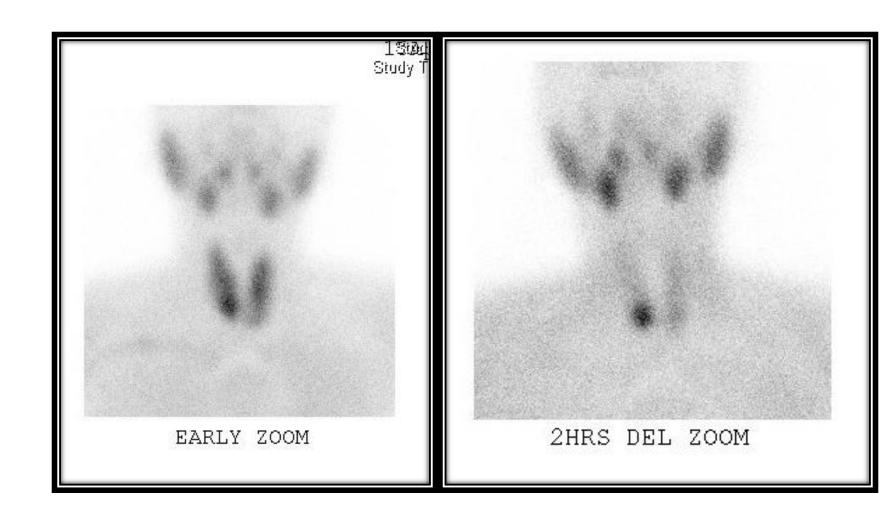




## **Teaching Points**

 Iodine 131 is used to treat thyroid disorders including thyroid cancer and hyperthyroidism

# High PTH and High Ca

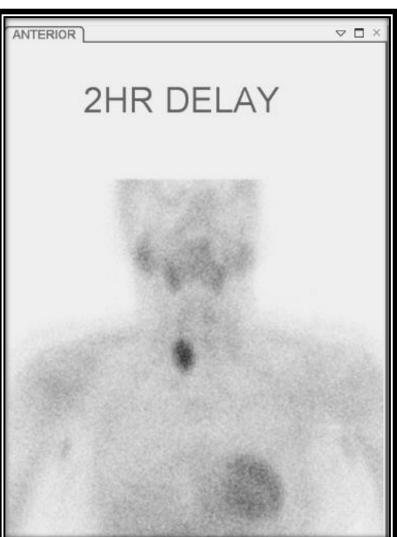


# High PTH and High Ca

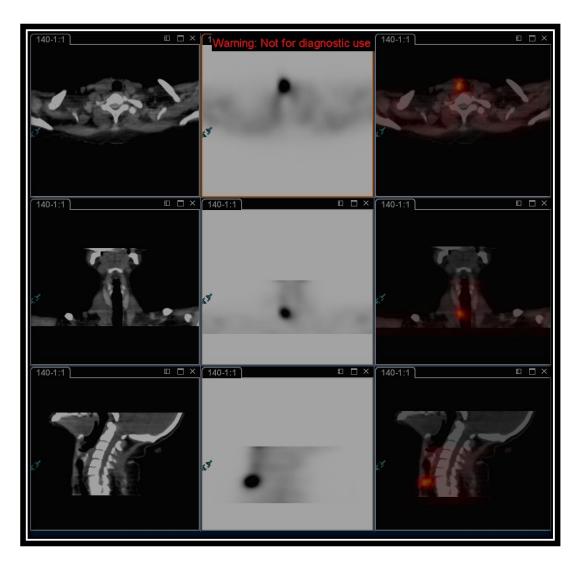


## High PTH and High Ca...1

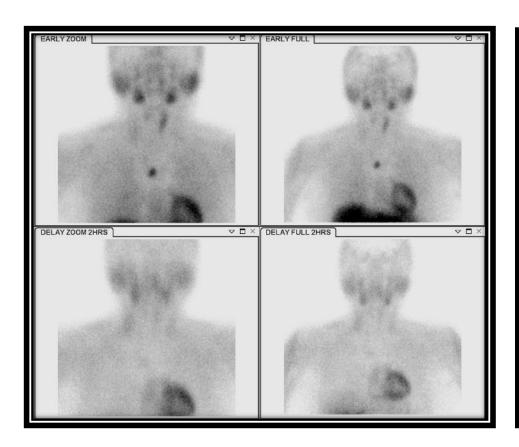


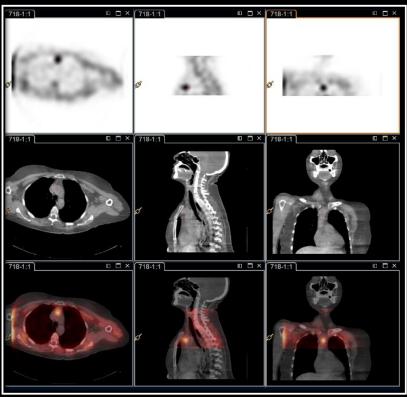


## High PTH and High Ca...II



- Agent and procedure
- Findings
- Final diagnosis





## **Teaching Points**

 In patients with hyperparathyroidism, parathyroid scan is used to detect and localize eutopic and ectopic parathyroid adenoma.