HISTORY TAKING & PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OBGYN

OBSTETRIC HISTORY

1-General information

Name, age, gravidity, parity, LMP, EDD (Naegele's rule)

Gravidity ⇒no. of pregnancies including current pregnancy (regardless of the outcome N or abortion)

Parity ⇒no. of births beyond 24 weeks gestation

- 2-Current problem/ complaint
- 3-History of current complaint
- 4-History of current pregnancy
 - **⇒** details of the 1st ,2nd & 3rd trimester
 - →lab tests & U/S scans pattern

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OBSTETRIC HISTORY

5-Menstrual & gynecological history

- LMP details (was it conform to the usual in terms of timing, volume, and appearance)
- Regular or irregular cycles
- Length of the cycle
- OCP
- Surgical procedures
- Hx of infertility
- Sexually transmitted diseases
- Uterine anomalies

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OBSTETRIC HISTORY

6-Past obstetric history

- Outcome of previous pregnancies in details including the abortions
- Any significant antenatal, intrapartum or postpartum events
- Previous maternal complications
- Mode of delivery
- B Wt
- Life & health of the baby



OBSTETRIC HISTORY

7-Past medical/ surgical Hx

Some medical conditions may have impact on the course of the pregnancy or the pregnancy may have an impact on the medical condition examples:

- Heart disease
- Hypertension
- Dm
- Epilepsy
- Thyroid disease
- B asthma
- Any previous surgery.

- Kidney disease
- UTI
- Autoimmune disease
- Psychiatric disorders
- Hepatitis
- Venereal diseases
- Blood transfusion

OBSTETRIC HISTORY

- Drug Hx
- Family Hx
 - Hereditary illness \rightarrow DM., Hpt., thalassemia, sickle cell disease, hemophilia
 - -Congenital defects eg. neural tube defects, Down syndrome
 - -Twins
- Social Hx → Cigarette smoking, illegal drug use, domestic violence
- Summary

OB PHYSICAL EXAM

■ General exam

- -Ht. Wt. ,BMI →Wt kg /Ht 2M
- -BP **⇒ \Pi**in 2nd trimester
- -Pulse **→**
- -Head, eyes, ears, nose & throat ⇒no changes
- -Thyroid **→**diffuse enlargement
- -Skin → pigmentation of the face (chloasma), abdomen (linea nigra)

and vulva

⇒Stretch marks on the abdomen, thighs & breasts

OB PHYSICAL EXAM

- General exam
- -Breast → nodularity
- -CVS →HR ♠
 - **↑** COP **→** Soft systolic murmer
 - S2 **⇒**loud
- -Lungs ⇒Elevation of the diaphragm ⇒ total lung capacity
 - ↑ tidal volume 40% at term (hyperventilation) → PCO2
 - **♥**expiratory reserve volume (vital capacity unchanged)
- -Ophthalmoscopy ⇒hypertensive /diabetic women

Abdominal exam

1-Inspection

- ⇒shape & size
- → asymmetry
- → fetal movement
- ⇒surgical scars (pfannensteil incision)
- ⇒cutaneous signs of pregnancy ⇒linea nigra, striae gravidarum, striae albicans, umbilicus flat or everted, superficial veins

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Abdominal exam

2-Palpation

- Uterine size ⇒symphysis fundal Ht in cm = GA in wks
 - -at 13-14 wks ⇒just palpable
 - -22 wks ⇒at the umbilicus
- No of fetuses
- Presentation ⇒the part of the fetus that overlays the pelvic brim
- Cephalic presentation ⇒ no of fifths palpable
- Lie of the fetus ⇒longitudinal axis of the uterus to the longitudinal axis of the fetus
- EFWt

LEOPOLD maneuvers → 4 grips

Abdominal exam

- 3-Ascultation

 → fetal heart at 13-14 wks
- 4-Percussion ⇒polyhydramnious ⇒ballotment & fluid thrill

Vulval & Vaginal exam

- **⇒**not routinely performed
- -Hyper pigmentation
- -Look for abnormalities → Varicose veins/ hemorrhoids, Warts or herpes
- ↑ vaginal secretions
- -Cx ⇒Softer, pigmented with ⇒ thick, yellowish mucous
- -Uterus enlarged

Pelvic assessment

- Check ischial spines if prominent or not
- Diagonal conjugate ⇒distance from lower border of the symphysis pubis to the sacral promontery (pelvic inlet)
- Shape of the sacrum
- Side walls of the pelvis
- Distance between the two sacral promonteries

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GYNECOLOGIC HISTORY

- 1-General informationName, age & parity
- 2-Present complaint
- 3-Hx of present complaint Ask relevant questions ⇒examples:
 - *Abnormal menstrual loss
 - → regular or irregular
 - →Amount of blood loss →no. of pads, presence of clots, flooding, absence from school or work due to associated pain, weakness or flooding

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GYNECOLOGIC HISTORY

- * Vaginal discharge
 - **⇒**odour, color, consistency, amount & presence of blood
 - →relation to the period
 - **⇒**associated itching or irritation

★Pelvic pain

- **→** duration, nature & site
- ⇒relation to the menstrual cycle
- **→**aggrevating or relieving factors
- ⇒radiation & associated symptoms eg. Vomitting, fever, dysurea
- → dysparunea

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GYNECOLOGIC HISTORY

4-MENSTRUAL HX

- Menarche
- -Cycle, duration of the period
- LMP, IMB, PCB
- -Volume of blood loss
- -Menstrual molimina **→**Discomfort, irritability, depression, pelvic pain
- -Menopause/ HRT
- Past Gynecologic Hx previouse gynecologic problems eg PID, endometriosis cx. smears
- Surgery
- Contraceptive Hx

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GYNECOLOGIC HISTORY

5-PAST OB HX

Outcome & details of previous pregnancies ⇒if many summarize

- 6-Past medical & surgical Hx
- 7-Medications
- 8-Allergies
- 9-Social Hx ⇒impact of the current problem on social life Summary

GYNECOLOGIC PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

- General exam , CVS, Respiratory
- Abdominal exam
- 1-Inspection ⇒ distension ⇒ masses
 - **⇒**surgical scars
- 2-Palpation ⇒guarding, tenderness, masses
- 3-Percussion /ascultation ⇒to distiguish solid masses from bowel, ascites
- Pelvic exam
- 1-Inspection of the external genitalia
- 2-Speculum exam
- 3-Digital exam