Vertigo

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Balance

What are the balance organs?

- Inner ear (3 semicicular canals and otolith organ)
- Cerebellum
- Vision (VOR)
- Proprioceptive

The afferent nerve fibers of otoliths and SCC of each labyrinth maintain a balance tonic firing into vestibular nuclei.

Physiology

Function of vestibular system:

- Transform of the forces associate with head acceleration and gravity into a biological signals that the brain can use to develop subjective awareness of head position in space (orientation) and produce motor reflexes that will maintain posture and ocular stability
- تحويل القوى المصاحبة لحركة الرأس والجاذبية الى اشارات بيولوجية والتى يمكن للدماغ أن يستخدمها ليعى وضعية الرأس في الفراغ وبالتالي ينتج عن ذلك انعكاسات حركية والتي بدورها سوف تثبت وضعية الجسم وحركة العين

It is not surprisingly that vestibular lesion cause imbalance, posture and gait imbalance and visual distortion (oscillopsia).



VERTIGO

The word "vertigo" comes from the Latin "vertere", to turn + the suffix "-igo", a condition = a condition of turning about).

It is an allusion of being moving or the world is moving too.



What are the questions to ask in history ?

- Onset
 - Frequency
- Duration
- Associated auditory symptoms
- Aggrevating and relieving factors
- Ear disease or ear surgery
- Trauma
- Migraine
- Ototoxic drug intake

Peripheral vestibular loss

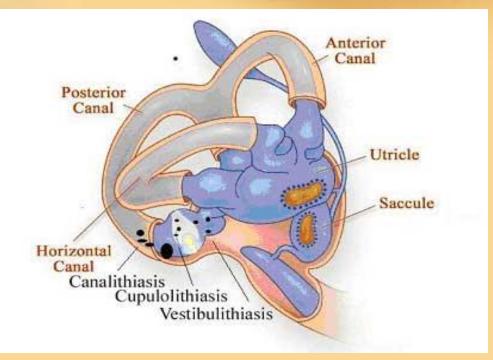
Infection (Vestibualr neuritis)

- Viral infection of vestibular organ
- Affect all ages but rare in childern
- Affected patient presents acutely with spontaneous nystagmous ,vertigo and nausea &vomiting
- Patient requires only symptomatic treatment
- It takes 3 weeks to recover from vestibular neuritis

Vestibualr neuritis



BPPV(benign paroxysmal positional vertigo)



BPPV

Repeated attacks of vertigo usually of short duration less than a minute .

- Provoked by certain positions (rolling in beds, looking up ,and head rotations)
- Not associated with any hearing impairment



Diagnosis

History

Dix-Halpike maneuver

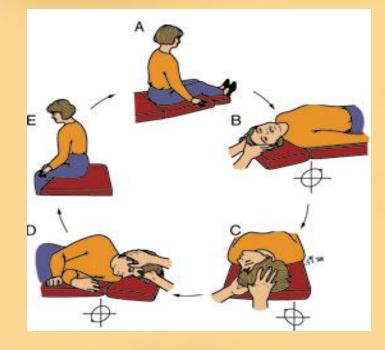






Treatment

Apply repositioning maneuver





Endolymphatic hydrop (Meneire's disease)

Pathophysiology :

Unknown etiology

↑ ↓ production of fluid within inner compartment

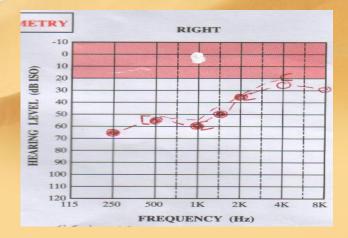
vertigo (minutes to hours)
Low frequency fluctuating SNHL
Tinnitus and fullness in the ear.
In 10 - 20% of cases the disease later involves the opposite ear

Meneire's disease

Diagnosis

-History

-PTA -Caloric and ENG -(ECoG)





Meneire's disease

Management

-low-salt diet

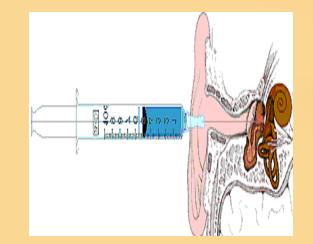
-Medical therapy

- Meniett device's

-Chemical perfusion

-Surgery



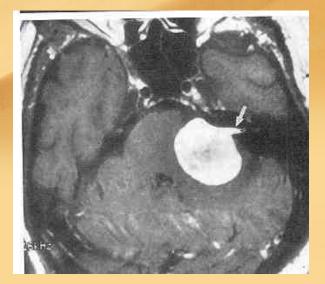


Sentral vestibular loss

Infarction

Tumor (CPA)

Multiple sclerosis



Multiple sclerosis



diagnosis

History is the most important key to diagnosis .

Investiagtions

ΡΤΑ

CLORIC TEST

ENG

CT SCAN

MRI

Take away message

The Key to Life is Balance

Thank you