

~~PREVIOUS~~

Questions

1. Three days old healthy newborn developed non-itchy papulo-vesicular rash on blotchy erythematous macules involving the trunk and face. Scraping from the vesicles showed clusters of eosinophils. The most likely diagnosis is: _____
2. Milia is cluster of minute _____ inclusion cysts which resolves _____ in few _____.
3. Epstein pearls is cluster of minute epidermal inclusion cysts on the _____.
4. Portwine stain (naevous flamus) is a form of _____ haemangioma.
5. Portwine stain (neavous flamus) involving the dermatome supplied by ophthalmic branch of the trigeminal nerve may be associated with _____ haemangiomas.
6. Portwine stains are _____ skin lesions.
7. Most _____ haemangiomas involute in few _____.
8. Two months old infant presented with wide spread superficial scaly oily, non itchy erythematous macules involving the trunk and the creases of the neck, axillae, groins and diaper area. The next part of the body to b examined is the _____ to look for _____. The most likely diagnosis is _____.
9. Mongolian spots are believed to be caused by failure of migration of _____ from _____ to _____.

10. Eight months old infant presented with erythematous wet macules involving the diaper area but sparing the skin creases is most likely due to _____ dermatitis.
11. Ten months old infant presented with erythematous scaly macules in the diaper area, involving the skin creases accompanied by few scattered satellite lesions are best treated with _____.
12. Fifteen months old infant presented with erythematous cracked, weeping and crusting itchy lesions on the cheeks and shin is most likely suffering from _____.
13. Collodion baby lesions and Harlequin baby lesions are presentations of severe forms of _____.
14. Scalded skin syndrome is caused by an _____ released by a _____ phage _____.
15. Epidermolysis bullosa is a form of _____.
16. Pediculosis is _____ among school children of all social classes.
17. Scabies is caused by a mite called _____.
18. Molluscum Contagiosum is caused by a DNA _____ virus.
19. Tenia Capitis is best treated with _____ for few _____.
20. Patients with bathing trunk nevi (giant nevi) are at increased risk of developing _____.

21. Most Salmon Patches (naevus simplex) involve in few _____.
22. The herald patch is the first lesion in cases of _____.
23. Guttate psoriasis is associated with infections of the _____ with _____ organisms.
24. Examination of the skin in patients with the scalded skin syndrome may reveal _____ sign.
25. Examination of the skin in patients with psoriasis may exhibits _____ sign.
26. Four years old child presented with small spreading honey colored crusted lesions around the mouth and on the cheeks and chin. The most likely organism involved in these lesions are _____.
27. Seven months old infant had severe atopic dermatitis lesions were in close contact with his 5-year-old brother who had Varicella. He is at a risk of developing _____, which is caused by _____ virus and could be treated with _____.
28. One side effect of prolonged use of _____ for the treatment of Atopic dermatitis is _____.
29. The cystic lesion which is found on the floor of the tongue or on the buccal mucosa in neonates is called _____.
30. Herpetic gingivo stomatitis is mostly caused by _____.

1. Acyclovir	
2. Auspitz	
3. Atopic dermatitis	
1. Collodion baby	
2. Capillary	
3. Chickenpox	
4. Cushing Syndrome	
5. Common	
6. Candidal diaper dermatitis	
7. Cloxacillin	
8. Cradle cap	
1. Disappear	
2. Dermal	
3. Dermatomyositis	
4. Days	
5. Dermis	
1. Erythromycin	
2. Epidermolysis bullosa	
3. Exfoliative toxin	
4. Eczema herpeticum	
5. Erythema toxicum neonatorum	
6. Epidermis	
7. Epidermal	
1. Frequent	
2. Fungal	
1. Griseofulvin	
2. Group II	
1. Herpes simplex type I	
2. Hereditary skin disorders	
3. Hours	
1. Ichthyosis	
2. Irritant contact	
3. Intracranial	
4. Increase	
5. Impetigo contagiosum	
1. Kawasaki disease	
1. Leptomeningeal	

1. Mongolian spots	
2. Molluscum contagiosum	
3. Mite	
4. Malignant melanoma	
5. Melanocytes	
6. Months	
1. Nevus simplex	
2. Nikolsky	
3. Nystatin cream	
1. Progress	
2. Permanent	
3. Palate	
4. Pityriasis-Rosea	
5. Pox	
6. Portwine stains	
7. Psoriasis	
8. Pediculosis	
9. Parasite	
1. Regress	
2. Ranula	
3. Rare	
4. Respiratory	
1. Salmon patch	
2. Group A Streptococcus	
3. Staphylococcus aureus	
4. Spontaneously	
5. Sarcoptes scabiei	
6. Streptococcal	
7. Seborrheic dermatitis	
8. Strawberry	
9. Scabies	
10. Scalp	
1. Topical steroids	
2. Throat	
3. Taenia Corporis	
1. Varicella-Zoster	
1. Weeks	
1. Years	